HAVE YOU SEEN THE LATEST
B.S.A. Model W
Price Rs. 126/- complete.
Wellington Cycle & Motor Co.,
Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

The Bombay Chronicle

HAVE YOU SEEN THE LATEST
B.S.A. Model W
Price Rs. 126/- complete.
Wellington Cycle & Motor Co.
Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZSHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

VOL XV NO. 95— BOMBAY SATURDAY APRIL 23 1927 ONE ANNA

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.

BY SPECIAL REQUEST FOR ONE WEEK MORE
BUT NOW AT THE
WEST-END CINEMA, NEW CHURNEY ROAD.
TO-NIGHT—and THIS WEEK—The Gorgeous Coloured Picture

"MICHAEL STROGOFF"

The Sensational Drama which has stirred all Bombay with excitement!
All the 10 Parts complete in one Show.
PLEASE MARK THE TIMINGS VERY CAREFULLY
TO-NIGHT:—3-15; 5-15; 7; 8-45 and 10-30 P. M. (S. T.)
WEST-END CINEMA, NEW CHURNEY ROAD.

WELLINGTON CINEMA DHOBI TALAO.
THE MOST EXCITING ROMANCE EVER FILMED!
A Paramount Picture in 7 Parts of the days
WHEN LOVE AND DARING RULED!

'TO HAVE AND TO HOLD'

Here's the world's most gorgeous Romance living gloriously on the Screen—A Masterpiece of thrills and beauty, featuring lovely
BETTY COMPSON
As the Royal Maid who jilts the King's favourite for a commoner!
A COMEDY IN THE PROGRAMME.
TO-NIGHT:—3-30; 5-15; 7; 8-45 and 10-30 P.M. (S.T.)

SHIPPING

P. & O. BRITISH INDIA
(Incorporated in England.)
MAIL & PASSENGERS SERVICE.

P. and O. SAILINGS to PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

All passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

Date.	Steamers	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1927			
23 Apr	RAJPUTANA.		16,568
30 ,,	MOOLTANx ..		20,847
7 May	RAWALPINDI		16,619
14 ,,	RAZMAK ..	MALWA* ..	10,340
21 ,,	RANPURA ..		16,585
28 ,,	MALOJAx ..		20,837
4 June	KAISAR-I-HIND ..		11,430
11 ,,	RAZMAK ..	MOREA* ..	10,918
18 ,,	CHINA ..		7,952
25 ,,	RAZMAK ..	NALDERAx ..	15,993
2 July	RAJPUTANA		16,568
9 ,,	RAZMAK ..	MANTUA* ..	10,902
16 ,,	MALWA ..		10,940
23 ,,	RAZMAK ..	MONGOLIAx ..	16,504
30 ,,	RANPURA ..		16,585
6th Aug.	RAZMAK ..	MACEDONIA ..	11,120
13 ,,	KAISAR-I-HIND ..		11 430
20 ,,	RAZMAK ..	MOOLTAN ..	20,847
27 ,,	CHINA ..		7 952

X Through steamers from Australia have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

* Through steamers from China have Limited accommodation for passengers from India.

SPECIAL OFF SEASON RETURN TICKETS.

First Saloon Return Tickets at Special Reduced Rates will be issued for any Mail Steamer during the period commencing from Bombay with the sailing of the S.S. "KAISAR-I-HIND" on the 4th June 1927 and terminating with the steamer due in Bombay on the 23rd September. The accommodation allotted will be the best available in the First Saloon at the time of application. The fares will be as follows:—

To London and back by sea £105
To London and back via Marseilles including P. and O. Special Train Across France in both directions £120
To Marseilles and back £100

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.
Bombay to Port Said and Plymouth.

Date about.	Steamers.	Tons.
1927		
12th May	DOMALA ..	8,441
7th July	DUMANA ..	8,427
21st ,,	MERKARA ..	8,285

On most of the P. & O. Mail steamers and on the B.I. Home Line Steamers Cots for Infants are available at a charge of £3 for the voyage. Application for these Cots should be made well in advance.

SHIPPING

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

FORTNIGHTLY SERVICES BETWEEN
1. Rangoon, Bombay, Karachi, via Malabar.
2. Rangoon, Madras, Colombo.
3. Calcutta and Karachi via Cast Ports,
4. Rangoon, Calcutta, according in demand.
For freights and other particulars apply to:—
Messrs. NAROTTAM MORARJEE & CO., Agents.
Ballard Estate, BOMBAY

P. & O. SAILINGS TO COLOMBO STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN & AUSTRALIA

1927		
28th April	NALDERA ..	For Australia.
7th June	NELLORE ..	China & Japan
	CATHAY ..	At Colombo for Australia.
10th June	MACEDONIA ..	China & Japan
5th July	NYANZA ..	China & Japan
	COMORIN ..	At Colombo for Australia.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.
TO AFRICA, KARACHI, PERSIAN GULF TUTICORIN, COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA & RANGOON.

1927		
22nd April	CHAKLA ..	Busreh via Karachi.
5th ,,	VITA ..	Karachi via Kathiawar Coast Ports.
2?th ,,	KARAGOLA ..	East & S. Africa.
2 th ,,	BANDRA ..	Busreh via Karachi & Persian Gulf Ports.

There will be sailings for Karachi on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays every week. Local passengers for Karachi can only proceed by the Friday sailings when accommodation is not required for passengers ex the P. and O. Mail steamer or through passengers to Busreh.

Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage may be arranged with
MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.

EYE TROUBLES
of any kind—Iritis, Stye, Watery Eye, Corneal Ulcer, redness, etc. Even Cataract Glaucoma Granular lid cured without knife by our Cocoanut Brand 'Lotus Honey'—genuine and pure it in market. Cure guaranteed. Dram Rs. 2-8 2 Drams Rs. 4. Ask free particulars to:—
NEW FORMULA Co., Kandi, Bengal.
Tel: "Ulcer," Kandi.
Agent: A. T. GIDVANI 2 Gungon St. KARACHI.

Income-Tax & Super-Tax
Statutory Statement of Account prepared. Audit of Books of Firms UNDERTAKEN
B. L. THOSAR PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT
436-497, Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY.
Tel. No. 22997.

BANKING

SHILOTRI BANK, LTD.
Shilotri Bank Buildings, Tamarind Lane .. .. .. PORT, BOMBAY
Branches:—GIRGAUM, JAVERY BAZAR & POONA CITY.
Assets exceed Rs. 50,00,000/-
SAVINGS BANK 5 per cent p. a.
ON MONTHLY MINIMUM BALANCES
INVESTMENTS mainly in or against Gold & Government of India Securities
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA SECURITIES Bought and Sold promptly
ADVANCES GRANTED against Gold & Government of India Securities
TI N TOLA GOLD CHIPS of superior touch and correct weight ready for sale
DR. PRABHAKAR B. SHILOTRI, M. A., PH. D.
Managing Director.

INSURANCE

NATIONAL
INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
HEAD OFFICE:— 7 Church Lane, CALCUTTA.

BONUS TO POLICY HOLDERS.
In the Valuation as at 31st December 1925 a comparison of Assets with Liabilities shows a
Surplus of Rs. 8,40,044
enabling Bonuses to be paid at the following rates in respect of the past four years:—
Rs. 15 per year per Rs. 1000 Sum Assured for Whole Life Assurance Policies.
Rs 10 per year per Rs. 1000 Sum Assured for Endowment Assurance Policies
Provision has been made for *Interim Bonuses.*
PRESENT POSITION OF THE COMPANY.
LIFE FUNDS at the end of 1925—Rs. 82,70,393. Premium Income for 1925 ..Rs. 16,46 090.
Rate of Interest earned on mean Fund of 1925 .. ..Rs. 6-10-6 % net
Rate enticipated in the Valuation calculation .. .. ..Rs. 4- 0-0 % net
Difference being Interest profit .. .. ..Rs. 2-10-6
Low Premiums. Prompt Claim Settlements. Undoubted Security.
APPLY TO:—BRANCH SECRETARY, Alice Building, Hornby Road, Fort BOMBAY.

INSURANCE

—ORIENTAL—
Government Security Life Assurance Company, Limited.
Established 1874. Funds Rs. 7,00,00,000
An ORIENTAL Limited Payment Life Policy with Profits is the SAFEST and MOST PROFITABLE FAMILY PROVISION securable.
The results of a 20 Years Limited Payment Participating Policy for Rs. 10,000 payable at death, effected at Age 23 next birthday on the assumption that Bonuses will be maintained at the last declared rate of Rs. 22½ per thousand per annum. Annual Premium Rs. 310.

If Death occur in	Sum payable including Bonus at assumed rate	Total Premiums paid.	Excess of Sum payable over Premiums paid.
6th year	Rs. 11,350	Rs. 1,860	Rs. 9,490
12th ,,	,, 12,700	,, 3,720	,, 8,980
18th ,,	,, 14,050	,, 5,580	,, 8,470
24th ,,	,, 15,400	,, 7,440	,, 7,960
30th ,,	,, 16,750	,, 9,300	,, 7,450
36th ,,	,, 18,100	,, 9,300	,, 8,800
42nd ,,	,, 19,450	,, 9,300	,, 10,150

For Prospectus, etc., apply to H. E. Jones, F. F. A., A. I. A., Manager, ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY or to any of the Offices Undernoted:—

AHMEDABAD	COLOMBO	LAHORE	NAGPUR
AJMER	DACCA	LUCKNOW	POONA
ALLAHABAD	DELHI	MADRAS	RANGOON
BANGALORE	KARACHI	MANDALAY	RAWALPINDI
CALCUTTA	KUALA LUMPUR	MANGALORE	TRIVANDRUM

INSURE WITH:—
THE PIONEERS OF LIFE ASSURANCE WORK IN BENGAL.
THE HINDU MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE, Ltd.
Trustee—Govt. Official Trustee.
No Share-holders—(Established 1891)—No Capitalists
CLAIMS PAID OVER Rs. 5,00,000. COMPARED WITH OTHERS, ITS Great Age, Security, Management and Absolutely The LOWEST RATES INSURANCE OVER Rs. 4,00,000.
No promise of Reversionary Bonus. But Cash Bonus in the shape of difference on premium with the bonus giving offices with every payment of premium.
For particulars Apply to:—
P. C. RAY, M. A., B. L. Secretary, 285/10, Bowbazar St., CALCUTTA.

RAO BAHADUR ANANT SHIWAJI DESAI, TOPIWALLA
MOTIBAZAR, BOMBAY 2.
TELEGRAMS: ALUMINIUM, BOMBAY. REGISTERED A.S.D. TRADE MARK TELEPHONE: 25831.

The Leading Firm for LION BRAND ALUMINIUM and SUPERIOR GERMAN SILVER WARES of all sizes and descriptions, aluminium circles and German Silver wire and sheets.

The Oldest Dealers in CAPS OF ALL KINDS and embroidered satin and velvet and other fancy clothes for Children.

Sole Agents for THE WORLD-FAMOUS RAJA-RAVI-VARMA PICTURES and Dealers in pictures frames and other accessories.

The Cheapest Place for Satin, Brocade, Cotton and Silk Velvet and Velvetine, Mohair plush, Seal Skin plush, broad Cloth, Melton, etc.

BUSINESS WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. TERMS CASH OR V.P.P.
CATALOGUE ON APPLICATION.

AMRUTANJAN
is the last word in the cure for aches and pains. 25 years of increasing sales prove this fact.
AMRUTANJAN
is the only Indian pain balm used in millions of homes. It certainly
CURES ALL
aches, pains, swelling, sprain, stiff joints, cold, cough, cuts, bruises chilblains, rheumatism, backache and a host of other pain troubles Just 10 Annas.
Sold Everywhere.
It kills cures all
ACHES AND PAINS

138133

CLASSIFIED ADVT.

Readers, Private Short Advertisements are inserted in these columns at the following rates :—

HALF ANNA

PER WORD.

CASH MUST ACCOMPANY ORDER.

The full name and address of the advertiser is required, not necessarily for publication.

Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words : Apply Box No.—Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle," to be paid for.

Answers to advertisements should be addressed as follows :—Box Number— Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" Office, Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements are destroyed after one month.

SITUATIONS VACANT

WANTED—CANDIDATES for SUBORDINATE ENGINEER and OVERSEER CLASSES, Session July 1927. For free prospectus Apply to MANAGER, HEWETT ENGINEERING SCHOOL, Lucknow.
A R159

WANTED—AGENTS, throughout India. Rs 50/- Pay and Commission. Apply with anna stamp. TRADING COMPANY, 2911, SARANGPUR, AHMEDABAD.
A R172

WANTED a trained and qualified Tailor and Cutter, for Sanwaldas Sadanlal Khattri School, Moradabad, U. P. Apply to the following stating qualification and pay: B. PRITHVI NATH PLEADER, Joint Secretary of the School.
A 28451

WANTED—INFLUENTIAL AGENTS for the Sale of "Bombay Chronicle" Daily and Sunday Editions. Only those who are prepared to give Security Deposit need apply for Terms and further particulars to the MANAGER, "Bombay Chronicle," 139, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

OUSES AND FLATS TO LET

TO LET—1st Floor and 3rd Floor of "Mahomed Building," for Office and residence, opposite Excelsior Theatre, Fort, Haji Mahomed Abba & Co., Jackria Musjid.
C R167

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE.

UNIQUE TYPEWRITER BARGAIN DISCOUNT of 33 1/3 per cent on our usual prices of new and used portables and high grade rebuilts and slightly used typewriters of all makes and all prices. Call or write for list to-day. STANDARD TYPEWRITER COMPANY, The Typewriter Economy Emporium, 319 Hornby Road, Opp. Petit Institute, Fort, Bombay.

PHOTOGRAPHY.

PHOTOGRAPHS.

Photographs of general interest are invited from readers from all parts of India for publication in "The Chronicle." Preference will be given to topical photographs on subjects of political, general, engineering, scientific or other interest. Accepted photographs will be paid for on publication, at usual rates.

The Editor undertakes no responsibility for the return of unaccepted photographs, but every endeavour will be made to return ejected photograhs, accompanied by stamped addressed envelopes. All photographs must be sent to the

EDITOR,
"Bombay Chronicle,"
Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

BOOKS AND STAMPS.

CRIMINAL COURT LAWYERS—Indespensible Cox's Medico Legal Court Companion. Rupees seven, annas eight. HIMATLAL, POPATWADI, Bombay.
L R190

EDUCATIONAL.

ACCOUNTANCY DIPLOMA courses by post, Tuition free. Exam. in December. Apply prospectus. C. C. EDUCATION, P. O. Junnar, POONA.
M. 97.

FINANCIAL.

WANTED—A PARTNER of a Noble blood with Rs. 25 Thousand. Apply sharp Box. No. 1953 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
R R178

PROFESSION.

LEUCODERMA—No matter who has failed, I shall cure you in four weeks. Full particulars free under cover. "SRI" Works, Beadon Square, Calcutta.
P 28194B

DIVINE HELP.—When human element completely fails and you are in need of some superior power to help you, you must consult:—Prof. N. PURUSHOTTAM, Fortune Teller and Evil Counteracter, Empire Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay. Trial form free on application.
P

WHITE LEPROSY (Leucoderma) WHITE PATCHES completely cured in a month by our harmless true remedies Electuary for internal use and oil for external if not price refunder, price both together Rs. 7/. TIBBI MEDICAL WORKS No. 3, Darbhanga.
P175

FREE TREATMENT FOR LEPROSY.
(Under Special Diet).

FREE SAMPLE PACKETS of the Infallible remedy for Leucoderma or White Leprosy to prove its efficacy and to show that the disease is not incurable as supposed. It never fails. The sample packet will be enough to produce wonders in only one inch spot. Write for it at once por V. P. P. for annas 6 to meet the cost of its transmission. Details of infallible remedies for Constipation, Dyspepsia, etc., etc. PANDIT KRIPARAM (Specialist in Leprosy), 8, Nandibagan Lane, Sulkhia (Howrah).

N.B.—"Leprosy and its Treatment," a guide to cure Leprosy. Price Rs. 2, postage As. 5 extra.

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS

BEST DARJEELING TEA, publicity sample packet of 1 lb. as Rs. 1/4. Paradise Tea Co., near Excelsior Cinema.
R177

GUARANTEED GLORIOUS HEALTH—None need be sickly. Radical method. Startling results. Box No. 1956 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
T R189

TYPEWRITERS.—Distributing Commission Agency for a first class manufacturer's products is offered to pushing and capable person with thorough experience of the market. Applicants must be able to undertake repair service. Apply Box No. 1956, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
T 28478

THE GWALIOR
SUN BRAND
PORTLAND CEMENT

Surpasses all the requirements of the British Standard Specification and is certified by Government Test House, Alipore to be cement of a high order and recommended for all classes of work. All enquiries and orders will have our best attention.

YUSUF BUILDING
Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay

Tel. No, 21986

PUBLIC NOTICES.

GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCEMENTS, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates :—

Per Column Inch per Insertion.

1st Insertion .... Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion .... Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion .... Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertion .... Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittance in advance and state clearly, whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified short advertisement columns.

BENARES HINDU UNIVERSITY, ENGINEERING COLLEGE.

THE PROSPECTUS and the Forms necessary for application for Admission to the combined courses of Mechanical and Electrical Engineering will be forwarded on receipt of Rs. 2/- (by M.O.)

These Forms, duly filled in, must reach the Principal's Office before June 15th, 1927.

The next session commences on July, 11th, 1927.

PRINCIPAL.
28463.

NOTICE.

COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING, WORKSHOP, POONA.

NEW DIPLOMA COURSE in CIVIL, MECHANICAL and ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING CLASSES commence from June, 1927.

Candidates for admission to Diploma Classes must have passed one of the following examinations and as a rule be under 20 years of age.

1. The School Final Examination.
2. The Matriculation Examination.
3. The school leaving certificate entitling students to admission to Government Service or to the University showing that they have passed in Algebra and Geometry and also those who have obtained a school leaving certificate but have not passed in these subjects provided that they pass an entrance test held by the College authorities.
4. The European High School Examination.
5. The full Senior Commercial Examination of the London Chamber of Commerce.
6. The Cambridge Senior Local Examination.

If sufficient candidates are not forthcoming with these qualifications candidates of lesser qualifications may be admitted at the discretion of the Principal.

Applications with one rupee registration fee should reach the Superintendent on or before the 31st of May, 1927.

(Sd.) W. L. C. TRENCH,
Principal.

College of Engineering,
Poona, 15th April, 1927.
28469

FOREST SALES.

DHARAMPUR SURAT.

THE undersigned will receive tenders on 6th June, 1927, for about 27 Coupes in the Dharampur State Forests, containing good teak, Tanas, Shisam, Khair and other species.

Tenders will also be received on the same date for all Bamboos and Timari and Asindra leaves in the State Forests.

Intending purchasers are invited to be present on the above date and will be provided with conveyance from Bulsar Station (B. B. & C. I. Ry.) and also with accommodation at Dharampur.

All further details may be obtained on application to the undersigned or the State Forest Officer.

(Sd)/- A. J. MODY,
Dewan, Dharampur State.
28374

PUBLIC NOTICES.

BOMBAY, BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY CO.

NOTICE

RETURN TICKETS FOR HILL STATIONS.

ON and from the 1st May, 1927, 1st and 2nd class return tickets at 1 1/2 fares for certain Hill stations on the Kalka Simla Railway, Kashmir, Murree, Dalhousie, Naimital and Mount Abu will be issued provided the distance on the B. B. & C. I. Railway is over 250 miles.

Full particulars can be had on application to Station Masters or to the undersigned.

H. P. BALL,
Ag. General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 1st April, 1927.
28382

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that HIS HOLINESS SARDAR SYDNA TAHER SYFUDDIN SAHEB, of Bombay, Borah Mahomedan Inhaitant has contracted to sell to our clients the property hereinafter described. Any person or persons having or making any claim or demand against or to the said property by way of mortgage, charge, transfer, lease, exchange, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lien or otherwise is or are hereby requested to make the same known in writing to us at our office at No. 23, Medowz Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same, if any shall be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of vacant land or ground of quit and ground rent tenure situate lying and being at Mangesh Senoy Street, within the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 460 square yards or thereabouts registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 520 New No. 5630, Old Survey No. 943-944, New Survey No. 8855 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under A Ward No. 2581 and 2582 Street Nos. 9, 11, 21 and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by partly the property of Haridas Tulsidas and partly by the property of Nannbai, widow of Haridas Dharamsey, on or towards the West by Mangesh Senoy Street on or towards the North by the property of Bhagwandas Gordhandas and on or towards the South by the Mangesh Senoy Street which said premises are in the possession of the said Vendor.

Dated this 22nd day of April, 1927.

DIKSHIT MANEKLAL AND CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
28479

AUCTION SALES

GANDHI & CO

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY SITUATE AT GIRGAON BACK ROAD.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will under instructions from Messrs. Amin & Desai Attorneys for Mr. Nathubhai Narandas the Mortgagee and on account and at the risk of Kesrinath Dinanath Shroff the Mortgagor in pursuance of the power of sale contained in the Indenture of Mortgage dated 10th January 1924, made between the Mortgagor of the one part and the Mortgagee of the other part sell by public Auction the undermentioned Immoveable Property on SUNDAY, the 24th April, 1927, at 5 p.m. (S. T.) on the premises.

All that piece or parcel of Pension and Tax Land (since redeemed) situate at Girgaum Back Road outside the Fort of Bombay together with the messuage tenements stables sheds chawls or dwelling houses standing thereon containing by admeasurement 352-6/9 square Yards or thereabouts and situate within the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and Registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 296 New No. 2010 Old survey No. 2 and New Survey No. 5/7491 and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 2879 Bhuleshwar Division and assessed by Assessor and Collector of the Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward Nos. 6516 and 6517 and Street Nos. 71 and 1 and bounded as follows:—on the East by a Sweeper's passage on the West by Girgaum Back Road, on the North by the property formerly of Gopinath Dinanath Shroff and now of Sumatibai wife of Kakubhai Ranchhoddas and on the South by the Property of Kamliwala's Mahajanwadi called Gugri Wari.

For further particulars and Conditions of Sale, please apply to Messrs. Amin & Desai, Attorneys for the Mortgagee at their Office at Medows Street, Fort, or to the Undersigned.

GANDHI & Co.,
Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALES.

BENNETT & CO.

120, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

This Day SATURDAY, the 23rd inst. at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs. BENNETT AND CO. will, sell by Public Auction at their auction rooms a quantity of grey and coloured piecegoods, etc.

On account of the underwriters.
1 case Battery.
1 Bath Tub enamelled.
1 case Trunk Locks.

AT 2-30 P.M. (S. T.)

1 second-hand rubber-tyred victoria.
1 second-hand rubber-tyred vis-a-vis.
1 second-hand rubber-tyred Brougham.
1 second-hand rubber-tyred office Shigram
1 Bay Arab horse in harness.
1 Waler horse in harness.

By order of the concerned:—
1 English built glass fronted miniature Brougham by Morgan and one bay Australian horse with harness.
1 Ford Landaulette in running order.
1 "Minerva" 6 seater 4 cylinder 38 H.P. landaulette body.
1 "Dixi" 4 cylinder 6 seater 12 H.P. touring car.

AUCTION SALE OF OFFICE FURNITURE, CUPBOARDS, CHAIRS, CLOCK, ONE YOST TYPEWRITER, GLASS SHOW CASES, BOOK STANDS, ETC., ETC.

Under instructions from N. H. Moos, Esqr., the Receiver appointed in suit No. 1739 of 1926.

(Chimanlal vs. Joseph) Messrs. BENNETT and CO. will this day SATURDAY, the 23rd instant sell by public auction at 3 p.m. (S. T.) at their rooms:—

A lot of furniture such as writing tables, chairs, wooden screens, clock, milner's cupboard, revolving chairs, one Yost typewriter, revolving book-stands, glassware, etc., etc.

The property of another gentleman:—
Chairs, meatsafes, cupboards, sofas, writing tables, iron cots, etc.

FURNITURE SALE at Chowpatty, Hughes Road, opposite Messrs. A. Hyland, Limited TO-MORROW, SUNDAY, the 24th inst. at 10-30 a.m. (S. T.).

Messrs. BENNETT AND CO. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the above address, day and time, (where the goods have been brought for sale) very valuable and handsome seasoned wood furniture of the latest design and workmanship, rich engraved glassware and porcelainware, Reed and Barton's rich platedware, dining table and chairs to match, mirror back sideboards, Chesterfield, Jacobean drawing room suites, mirror back Jardineers by Benjamin roll top, large and small writing tables, file cabinet, glass door book cases, electric hall and table lamps, gramophone with records, single and double bed-steads, mirror almyrahs, dressing and wash hand tables, fire-proof safe on stand dressing chival glass, cloth and gown presses, Indian carved and old, blackwood open carved furniture, Jacobean furniture Kashmir furniture, hatstand, reclining sofas, easy chairs, teapoys, bird cage, meat-safe, etc., etc. The property of G. Adam, Esqr., I.C.S., C.I.E. proceeded home and others.

Catalogues are published and the property on view.

AUCTION SALE of very valuable and handsome specially made to order entire suite of dining, drawing and bed room Jacobean furniture by 'John Roberts', also solid blackwood carved furniture, American roll top table, one cottage piano with pianola combined, rich velvet pile carpets cabinet phonograph, American ice box, one 'Velie' and one 'Hudson' motor cars etc., etc.

TO-MORROW, SUNDAY, the 24th inst. at 2.30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by public auction at Nepean Road, Malabar Hill very valuable and handsome specially made to order entire suite of dining, drawing and bed room Jacobean furniture, also solid blackwood carved furniture, rich glass and crockeryware, best platedware, sliding dining table, arm and without arm chairs to match, handsome Jacobean side board with cupboard and drawers, dinner waggons, handsome rich tapestry lined suite of Jacobean sofas and easy chairs to match, large rich velvet pile carpet and rugs, one sweet toned full iron frame cottage piano with pianolo by John Broadwood and Sons, one His Master's Voice Cabinet phonograph with records, rich table ornaments, China and Satsuma vases and figures, one American large roll top office table, revolving chair, single and double bedsteads, Jacobean mirror door almyrahs, cloth and gown press, dressing chest of drawers, glass door book cases, hatstand, glass door silver cabinets, easy chairs, hatstand, American ice box with refrigerator, etc., etc., the property of S. I. Gillum Esqr., of the Bombay Co., Ltd., proceeded to Europe and others.

Catalogues are published and the property on view.

The property of another gentleman.—
One 21 H. P. 6 Cylinder 5 seater 'Velie' car well equipped and in good running order.

One up-to-date almost new 'Hudson' 7 seater car in perfect order electrically equipped.

One 10/15 H.P. Limousine body 4 cylisder "Fiat" car in running order.

AUCTION SALE of very valuable and handsome made to order furniture by 'John Roberts', 'Dewjee Canjee' and others, one cottage piano by 'Broadwood and Sons' London. Grapho-phone by S. Rose and Co., rich Persian carpets, English safe by 'Chubb and Sons' ice box etc., etc.

This day SATURDAY, the 23rd inst. at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by public auction at 'Curzon House,' opposite the Saluting Battery, Apollo Bunder, very valuable and handsome made to order furniture by 'John Roberts', 'Dewjee Canjee' and others, rich glass and crockeryware, best platedware, sliding dining table, leather lined arm chairs, large handsome sideboard with mirror, drawers and cupboard, dinner wagons, khaki lined suite of drawing room Chesterfield sofas and easy chairs to match, glass door silver and drawing room cabinets, rich Persian carpets, table ornaments one sweet toned full iron frame cottage piano by Broadwood and Sons, London, one gramophone by S. Rose and Co., one American cabinet organ, single and double bedsteads, handsome mirror and panel door almyrahs one English iron safe on stand by 'Chubb and Sons' London, cloth and gown press, wardrobes, oval mirror, dressing chest of drawers with side glasses, teapoys, easy chairs, writing tables, hatstand, one round safe, steel ice box, store cupboards, meat-safe etc., etc., the property of Duncan W. Wilson Esqr., C.I.E., of Messrs. Killick Nixon and Co. and others.

Catalogues are published and the property on view.

BENNETT & CO.

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.

122, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

Telephone No. 2052.

AUCTION SALE OF THE VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY AT BALLARD PIER.

Under instructions from Messrs. Ardeshir Hormusji Dinshaw and Co., Attorneys for the mortgagees Messrs. Raoji Sojpal and others and on account and at the risk of the estate of the deceased Mortgagor Hasanji Sulemanji and pursuant to the power of sale reserved to the said Mortgagees under the Indenture of Mortgage dated the 13th day of April 1923 and made between the said Mortgagor of the one part and the said Mortgagees of the other part, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by public Auction on TUESDAY, the 26th day of April, 1927 at 4 p.m. (S. T.) on the premises the property described below.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land situate on and forming Plot No. 21 of the Ballard Estate of the Trustees of the Port of Bombay in the Island of Bombay and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 625 Square Yards or thereabouts and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the North East by land belonging to the said Trustees and beyond that by Plot No. 30 on or towards the South-West by Graham Road, on or towards the South-East by land belonging to the said Trustees and beyond that by Plot No. 20 and on or towards the North-West by land belonging to the said Trustees and beyond that by Plot No. 22 which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 9779 and Cadastral Survey No. 21/1187 (Fort Divison).

For further particulars and conditions of sale, please apply to Messrs. Ardeshir Hormusji and Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagees, at their office at 113, Esplanade Road, Fort or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF THE VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY AT ARGYLE ROAD.

Under instructions from Messrs. Ardeshir Hormusji Dinshaw and Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagees Messrs. Tokersey Jivraj and others and on account and at the risk of the heirs and legal representatives of the Mortgagor Bai Ramabai widow of Khimji Devji and in pursuance of the power of sale reserved to the said Mortgagees under the Indenture of Mortgage dated the 18th day of August 1923 and made between the said Mortgagor of the one part and the said Mortgagees of the other part, Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO., will sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 27th day of April, 1927, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) on the premises the property described below:

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground situate on the Elphinstone Road Estate belonging to the Trustees of the Fort of Bombay at Argyle Road without the Fort of Bombay containing by admeasurement 401 8/9 square yards or thereabouts registered in the books of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 3186 and Cadastral Survey No. 99 Mandvi Division, together with the dwelling-house buildings and structures standing thereon assessed by the Bombay Municipality under B Ward No. 4791, Street Nos. 98 to 106, and bounded on or towards the East by Argyle Road, on or towards the West by land belonging to the Trustees now in the occupation of Bai Gangabai widow of Cooverji Doongersey, and Lakhmibai widow of Mohanji Doongersey, on or towards the North by other land belonging to the Trustees now in the occupation of the Trustees of the late Gopalji Visram and on or towards the South by Masjid Bridge Street North.

For further particulars and conditions of sale please apply to Messrs. Ardeshir Hormusji Dinshaw and Co., Solicitors at their Office at No. 113, Esplanade Road, Fort, or to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.

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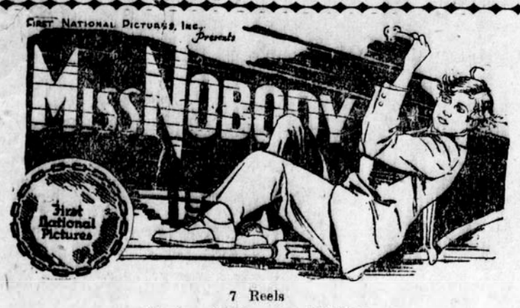
AMUSEMENTS



7 Reels
Starring ANNA Q. NILSSON.

PATHE SUPER GAZETTE includes
THE 1927 GRAND NATIONAL FROM START TO FINISH
The Lincoln Handicap — — — — The Dublin Dog Show.
TIME :—6-15, 8-15 & 10 P.M. MATINEE To-Day & To-Morrow At 4 P.M.
PATHE CINEMA, ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

PRECIOUS
(Now entirely under new management)
A THUMPING—BUMPING—GUMPING
WILLIAM FOX Thrilling Exciting Drama
ARABIA
5 Parts—featuring America's Greatest Rodeo Star **TOM MIX**
The Story of an American youth's impersonation as an Arabian Prince and his nerve-tingling experiences with the desert Arabs.
The Programme includes a two-reel Comedy and the Madan Weekly Review.
TO-NIGHT :—3-30, 5-15, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 P. M.
PRECIOUS CINEMA LAMINGTON ROAD.

No Comparison i. e. The Only One
The record made by this Marvellous Film during these last three weeks.
LEAVES NO COMPARISON—SO— - - - - IT IS UNEQUALLED.
DON'T FAIL—THIS WEEK—THE FOURTH WEEK
NETAJI PALKAR
MAHARASHTRA FILM CO.'S MARVELLOUS PICTURE
AT
CINEMA MAJESTIC
GIRGAUM.

AUCTION SALES

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTION SALE of scrap iron, old iron pipes, empty oil casks, drums, tins, steel barrels, packing cases, old linen, boiler, wire and Manila rope, iron tank, Britannia biscuits, etc.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 27th April 1927, at 3 p.m. at the P. and O. Dockyard, Mazagaon, the abovementioned goods.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required on the lots being knocked down.

MENESSE & CO.

IMPERIAL CINEMA
(LAMINGTON ROAD.)
CONTINUES : : FOR ONE WEEK MORE
DON'T MISS
To see TO-NIGHT or THIS WEEK
IMPERIAL FILM CO.'S SOCIAL PHOTO-PLAY
'TRUST YOUR WIFE'
FEATURING
Miss JILOO & other known Stars
DAILY Four (4) Shows : At 5, 7, 9 & 11 P.M.
EXTRA SHOW on Sat., Sun. & Bank Holidays At 3 P. M.

AMUSEMENTS

Six Points of Note for You
(1) NEXT SATURDAY
(2) Saurashtra Film Co. Ltd's
(3) **CULTURED CRIMINAL**
(4) COMMENCES
(5) AT **CINEMA MAJESTIC**
(6) Your presence is necessary.

Lest you Forget
CUT THIS AND POCKET IT

GLOBE CINEMA,
SANDHURST ROAD.
5-15, 7, 8-15 and 10-30 DAILY
Sat., Sun. & Bk. Holidays At 3-30 P.M.
1st Week! - - Eps. 1, 2, 3 & 4!!
Vitagraph's greatest serial ever produced in 15 Episodes
THE
FIGHTING TRAIL
Featuring :—
WILLIAM DUNCAN.
More Exciting! More Thrilling
Also
HAROLD LLOYD COMIC.
"FOLLOW THE CROWD."

Last Opportunity! Last Plays!
AT THE
NEW ELPHINSTONE THEATRE,
GRANT ROAD
रणदुंदुभि
BY VEER WAMANRAO
SATURDAY the 23rd at 8-30 P.M.
SUNDAY the 24th at 3 P. M.
BY
BALWANT SANGIT MANDALI
Admission on Complimentary Season Passe withdrawn after the 23rd inst.
Manager—B. L. PETHE.

AMUSEMENTS

Lovers of Indian Music
UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY
In aid of SARASWATI SANGIT VIDYALAYA
TWO SPECIAL CONCERTS
of
INDIAN MUSIC
By
SANGIT RATNA ABDUL KARIMKHAN
and HIS PUPILS
PROF. KAPLESWARI BROS.
VANITA VISHRAM HALL
SANDHURST ROAD
SATURDAY, 30th April 1927, at 5 p.m. (S.T.)
SUNDAY, 1st May, 1927, at 9 a.m. (S.T.)
On SUNDAY, Mr. M. R. JAYAKAR, BAR-AT LAW, will preside and an address will be given to Prof. ABDULKARIM KHAN.
Book your seats early to avoid disappointment
Prices Rs. 10, 8, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1 (exclusive of tax).
Seats may be booked at Shri Saraswati Sangit Vidyalaya, Thakurdwar, Bombay No. 2.

WEEK'S STAY ONLY !
RANGBODHECHHU NATYA SAMAJ.
ON SATURDAY, 23rd April 1927 at 9 P.M
NEW HINDI-URDU DRAMA
FINE SCENERIES ! RICH COSTUMES !!
MIRAKE PRABHU
and on
SUNDAY, 24th April 1927 at 3-30 P.M.
SANSHAYA KALLOL
(Marathi.)
AT THE
RIPON THEATRE,
GRANT ROAD.
Booking open at the Theatre.
Rang Devata Raghuvir Saokar will act as Heroine.

"TARIKH-I-MASIH"
OR
History of Jesus Christ
IN URDU BY
KH. HASAN NIZAMI.
Every Indian must read it once had at Rs. 2/-
from
The Halqai Mashaikh,
DELHI.

Karnik's AGUE Mixture — THE tried specific for Ague, Intermitent and all sorts of Malaria Fevers. Price annas Fourteen. KARNIK Depot BOMBAY
KARNIK'S AGUE MIXTURE

RUPEES FIVE
A YEAR'S INVESTMENT FOR
THE INDIAN REVIEW
WILL BRING YOU
12 SUCCESSIVE NUMBERS
Containing an array of original and striking contributions on affairs and men by competent writers and specialists. Its chief attraction is in the variety and copiousness of its contents. It will provide busy men and women with a handy summary of the best thought and activity of the best men and women of the day from the world's best papers, magazines and books. Amongst its other regular features are reviews of books, portraits, and illustrations.
REMEMBER
THIS INVESTMENT OF RS. FIVE
Brings you among other valuable books on Politics, Biography, Economics, Industries, Agriculture, Religion and Philosophy the following:
20 UNIFORM CLOTH-BOUND VOLUMES
AT SPECIAL CONCESSION PRICES.
SPEECHES AND WRITINGS OF
RAJA RAM MOHUN ROY.
MRS. SAROJINI NAIDU.
RT. HON. SRINIVASA SASTRI.
SIR J. C. BOSE.
DR. SIR P. C. RAY.
DR. ANNIE BESANT.
RT. HON. LORD SINHA.
SWAMI VIVEKANANDA.
DADABHAI NAOROJI.
SIR WILLIAM WEDDERBURN.
MADAN MOHAN MALAVIYA.
MAHATMA GANDHI.
SURENDRANATH BANERJEE.
SIR DINSHAW WACHA.
UNIFORM WITH THE ABOVE.
Eminent Mussalmans. Biographical Sketches of Muslim Statesmen, Poets, Reformers, Jurists, Educationists and Politicians.
Hinduism. By Babu Govinda Das.
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The Governance of India. A hand-book of Indian polities, by Babu Govinda Das.
The Mission of Our Master. Essays and Discourses, by the Eastern and Western Disciples of Ramakrishna and Vivekananda.
Price of each Vol. Rs. 3 (Three).
To Subs. of the "Indian Review," Rs. 2-8 as.
Gokhale's Speeches and Writings. 3rd Edition, Rs. 4. To Subs. of "I. R." Rs. 3-8.
The total price of these 20 handsome uniform vols. is Rs. 61 and yet any one who remits Rs. 5, one year's annual subscription to the "Indian Review" can get them for Rs. 51, thus saving Rs. 10. Send an M.O. for Rs. 5 or cheque for Rs. 5-4 and get yourself enrolled as an annual subscriber. You will get at once the Special January Number and the other Numbers for the year.
G. A. Natesan & Co., Publishers, Madras.

A-1 TAILORING
AT
MODERATE RATES
A Personal visit to our establishment will satisfy you of facts.
The latest style in suiting for Winter and Summer wear. High Class workmanship. Perfect finish. Expert trained Cutter. Complete Outfitting and Travelling Goods at the most Reliable Prices.
ALSO
FOREIGN MONEY EXCHANGED
Curios, High Grade NILGIRI TEA
AND
PURE EUCALYPTUS OIL
E. I. DALVI & Co.
Proprietors of The New Bombay Tailoring Co
67, ESPLANADE ROAD,
Opp : Bombay Club, BOMBAY.

BANKING.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited.
(REGISTERED IN LONDON).
(ESTABLISHED 1880.)
Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 100,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... ,, 100,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... ,, 92,500,000
HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.
BRANCHES:

Alexandria	Karachi	Seattle
Batavia	Kobe	San Francisco
Bombay	London	Samarang
Buenos Aires	Los Angeles	Shanghai
Calcutta	Lyons	Singapore
Canton	Manila	Shimonosaki
Changchun	Nagasaki	Sourabaya
Dairen	Newchwang	Sydney
Fengtien	New York	Tientsin
Hamburg	Nagoya	Tokyo
Hankow	Osaka	Tsinan
Harbin	Peking	Tsingtan
Hongkong	Rangoon	Vladivostock
Honolulu	Rio de Janeiro	
Kai Yuan	Saigon	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs.1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided that the amount of half yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.
WASHIO, Manager.
Hornby Road, Bombay
Post Box No. 207.

Union Bank of India Limited.
APOLLO STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.
Subscribed Capital ..... Rs. 39,90,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Rs. 39,90,000
Reserve Fund ..... Rs. 5,00,000
CURRENT ACCOUNTS :—
INTEREST allowed at 3 per cent per annum from January to June and at 2½ per cent. per annum from July to December. Cheques with Gujerati signatures accepted without verification by an officer of the Bank.
FIXED and SHORT DEPOSITS received on favourable terms. Rates to be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK :—
INTEREST allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance. Withdrawals allowed twice a week.
LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted against approved securities.
Every description of Banking Business transacted.
MANAGING AGENTS,
The Central Bank of India, Ltd.

Bank of India, Ld.
ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906
(Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VII of 1882).
HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
BRANCHES: Calcutta and Ahmedabad.
LONDON AGENTS:
THE WESTMINSTER BANK, LTD.
CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ... Rs. 2,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... Rs. 1,00,00,000
RESERVE FUND ..... Rs. 79,00,000
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
From 25th December to 25th June, interest is allowed at 2½ per cent. on daily balance, Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000/- From 25th June to 25th December, interest is allowed at 2 per cent. on minimum monthly balances. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000/- interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received and for one year or for shorter period at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened on favourable terms. Rules on application.
A. G. GRAY, Manager.

TO-NIGHT **KRISHNA FILM COMPANY**—PRESENTS DURING THIS WEEK
AN INTERESTING COMEDY DRAMA
UNPRACTICAL ! UNPRACTICAL !!

Written By : "MUSTA FAKIR"—Directed By :—HARSHADROY MEHTA. Picturized By :—Mr. C. LUHAR B. Sc. Story—Full of interesting Scenes of Love and Laugh—and also Shows Education without Practical knowledge is of no value—See it TO-NIGHT.

A worth seeing Scene of Bombay Spring Meeting 4th Day Race on 12th March, 1927—
DO COME

KRISHNA CINEMA
DUBASH THEATRE - - - New Charni Road.

SATURDAY & SUNDAY
At 3-30 P. M.
DAILY 5-15,—7,—
8-45 & 10-30 P.M.

BANKING.

Imperial Bank of India

BOMBAY LOCAL HEAD OFFICE, APOLLO STREET.
BRANCHES.
Byculla—Opposite Parsi Statue.
Mandvi—Abdul Rehman Street.
Sandhurst Road—Junction of Sandhurst and Charni Roads.
SAVINGS BANK.

DEPOSITS—Sums not exceeding Rs. 5,000 in the aggregate may be deposited in any one year from 1st January to 31st December. Accounts may be opened in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them, or to the survivor or survivors.

WITHDRAWALS may be made at any time, but not oftener than once in a week. Deposits and withdrawals may be made by post by depositors not residing in the town where the account is kept. Accounts may be transferred to any other Office of the Bank free of charge.

SPECIAL DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

When the balance of an account reaches Rs. 10,000, the depositor may transfer the whole or any portion in multiples of Rs. 2,000 to a Special Savings Bank Deposit Account, subject to three months' notice of withdrawal.

INTEREST is allowed at the rate of three per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balances not exceeding Rs. 10,000 of ordinary Savings Bank accounts and at the rate of three and a half per cent. per annum on the daily balances of the Special Savings Bank Deposit Accounts.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

Eastern Bank, Ltd

(Incorporated in England).
Head Office: Crosby Square, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.3.
BRANCHES:
Amara, Baghdad, Bahrein, Basra, Bombay, Calcutta, Colombo, Madras, Mosul, Karachi, Kirkuk.

Authorised Capital	£2,000,000
Paid up Capital	£1,000,000
Reserve Fund	£ 400,000
Reserve Liability of shareholders	£1,000,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS
PRESIDENT:
J. S. Haskell, Esqr.
VICE-PRESIDENTS:
Sir J. Leigh Wood, K.B.E., C.B., C.M.G.,
Sir Percy Wilson Newson, Bart.,
G. Bromley Martin, Esqr.
J. H. Beatty, Esqr.
Emile Franqui, Esqr.
Capt. R. E. Sassoon, M.C.
BOMBAY COMMITTEE:
A. J. RAYMOND, Esqr.
NAROTTAM MORARJEE, Esqr.
N. B. SAKLATWALLA, Esqr., C.I.E.

BOMBAY BRANCH:—Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate Street.

Rates for one or two years Fixed Deposit can be ascertained on application. Current Accounts opened, and short period deposits are accepted at Rates which can be ascertained on application.

In Savings Deposit Account interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum is allowed. Copies of Rules can be had on application.

Bills are purchased, Loans and Cash Credits allowed on Securities, Banking and Exchange business of any description carried on. British and Foreign Securities purchased and sold. Securities kept in Safe Custody and Interest and Dividends drawn for customers.

L. F. TUCKER,
Manager.

Punjab National Bank, Limited.

HEAD OFFICE: LAHORE.
ESTABLISHED 1895.

Capital Authorised	1,00,00,000
Capital Issued	50,00,000
Capital Subscribed	50,00,000
Reserve Funds upto 31-12-26	23,82,000
Paid Up Capital upto 31-12-26	30,95,326

Rs.

Abohar	Hyderabad (Sind)	Montegomery
Allahabad	Jullundur	Montgomery)
Amritsar	Jaranwalla	Okara (Dist.
Amballa City	Jammu	Peshawar Cant.
Amballa Cant.	Jhelum City	Peshawar City
Bombay	Jhang	Patiala
Cawnpore	(Maghiana)	Quetta
Calcutta	Karachi	Rawalpindi
Delhi	Kasur	Sangla Hill
D. I. Khan	Lahore City	Sargodha
Ferozepore	Lyallapur	Sialkot City
Gujranwalla	Ludhiana	Simla
Gojra	Meerut City	Srinagar
Hafizabad	Multan City	
Hoshiarpur		

LONDON AGENTS:—
THE MIDLAND BANK LTD.
AMERICAN AGENTS:—
AMERICAN EXCHANGE IRVING TRUST COMPANY

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at 3 per cent. from January to June and 2½ per cent. from July to December, at Bombay on a minimum daily balance of Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of Interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS:—Sums as low as Rs. 10 received and interest allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS:—The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected and discounted.

For other particulars and rules of business apply to:—

SHIV DATTA,
Manager.

Sassoon House,
Churchgate Street, Bombay.

HOW TO WRITE A LOVE-LETTER.

BY MRS. STANLEY WRENCH

THE POPULAR NOVELIST.

Of course, every woman knows. That is why love letters is from women prove such entertaining reading when, as sometimes happens, they are read aloud—which, of course, was never intended. But although we may smile, even laugh, at what appear to be extravagantly worded epistles, at the same time there lies a wistful ache in the heart of the listener. A woman always manages to pin down sentiment so neatly as to make it appear original, but a man's love-letters are rarely the human and vital documents that such episoles should be.

Why? A woman writes from her heart, which is as it should be when penning a love-letter; a man writes from his head.

LOVE'S ALPHABET.

Watch any young male thing in love, from the feathered creation upwards, and what do you see but a preening anxiety to prove how wonderful he is, how superior he is to all the rest? (As if the other sex does not know it!) Even when writing his love-letters a man is half afraid of that real, human, palpitating self of his, and so he often becomes ludicrous through his intense desire to appear correct and clever.

There are only two people who matter when one is in love—the lover and the beloved. Therefore there is no need to write of anything else. A selfish policy, you may say, but people in love are always self-engrossed, and you cannot alter it. Yet some of the so-called love-letters that have come down to us from other generations, and which, perhaps, are looked upon as models of artistry, are dignified although amorous epistles really forming chronicles of the times in which they were written.

No woman consider either dictionary of encyclopaedia when she writes to the man she loves; it is the amorist, not the lover, who does this, and bookish phrases are as out of place in a love-letter as artificial roses in a meadow of daisies with larks singing overhead in the blue.

A woman never tires of "I love you," and the perfect love-letter must begin and end with this. All the endearments in Love's Alphabet may come between. That, I think, is a feeling shared by all women. The little love words mean more to her than scholarly phrases or finely constructed sendenses.

TELL HER—THEN TELL BERGAIN.

Any man who tells a woman why she is the sweetest thing in the world to him can hold her for all time as with a charm.

It was a very grim-faced old woman on htr sickbed who looked up at me once and said, quite proudly, "You mightn't think it now, but when I was a girl I had eyes like blue pansies. I've never forgot our John telling me so in the very first love-letter he ever wrote."

That was over fifty years ago, but it was worth remembering; and who can say how many times in dark days and fine she had crooned that thought to herself? But the words were well worth the writing when they could bring a happy flush to the wrinkled checks of an old woman fifty years after.

And so, young man, tell her you love her, and tell her why—because she is the sweetest and loveliest thing in the world. Then tell her again that you love her. That is what counts.—"Tit Bits".

GUERNSEY COW RECORD

2000 GALLONS IN A YEAR.

The famous dairy breed of cattle, the Guernsey, has at last succeeded in producing a 2,000-gallons cow.

Tregye Maze, owned by Lt.-Col. E. H. W. Bolitho, of Trengwainton, Penzance, and bred by Lady Margaret Boscawen, has given 20,525½ lb. of milk in the year (2,052 gallons).

This is a pedigree Guernsey record not only for this country but also for the Channel Islands, and the animal is also the first cow of any breed in Cornwall to reach the 2,000-gallons mark.

The most striking fact about Tregye maze's heavy milk yield was the richness of her produce, as confirmed in periodical tests by the Cornwall Milk Recording Society. The total yield of butter fat in the milk was 1,089.8lb.

This is equivalent to 1,362lb. of butter, an amount which exceeded the cow's own weight by 321lb.

Tregye Maze is 7½ years old. She was champion at the Royal Cornwall Show in 1925.

SHINGLING DANGER

WILL NEW COIFFURE LEAD TO BALDNESS

Will girls of thts generation go bald when they are approaching forty as a result of shingling and tight hats?

Dr. Leonard William told the London New Health Society that they will, and a Harley-street specialist agreed generally with his view. But West End hairdressers and beauty specialtsts strongly disagree with them both. Here are some of their comments:

Everybody in the trade knows that continual trimming only strengthens the hair.

It is certainly not our experience that women are going bald, except where the hats are worn continuously.

Modern hats are hygienically designed: they are light and admit air.

Our grandfathers and grandmothers used to wear nightcaps for eight hours or so out of the twenty-four, and no eminent doctor cried out that that caused baldness.

Rubbish! (This was a woman doctor speaking.) My only fear is that it will make them grow beards and moustaches.

EX-SHAH'S SCENT SHOP

SECRETS OF PERFUME MANUFACTURE

The perfumery business just opened in Paris, in which the ex-Shah of Persia is stated to have a financial interest, is housed in a shop built of marble, with cunningly-arranged lighting, which provides the necessary exotic, Oriental setting.

French scent manufacture, which from the twelfth century had been centred in Grasse, in the south, received a severe blow when the British Government increased the import tax on perfume, but the trade has now recovered, and is booming.

British scent manufacturers still import from France, but, in order to overcome tariff difficulties, they only import desiccated essence, and manufacture the finished product in England.

The city of Grasse, with its terraced flower-beds, is one of the most romantic towns in France, and for many years the ex-Czarina of Russia had roses specially grown there for her in order to provide her own brand of scent.

Harvesting of the flowers continues almost throughout the year. It is violet time now in Grasse, the season for violets begins in February and ends in April.

The jasmine season is the longest, because it begins in July and does not end before the middle of October. Hyacinths and jonquils are picked in March and April, and orange blossoms and roses provide perfume in May and June.

Carnations and mignonette—a favourite scent in England—are also picked in enormous quantities in June. The flowers are used in the Grasse distilleries, where it is said the annual prodution is 2,000 tons of roses, 1,500 tons of jasmine, 2,500 tons of orange blossoms, and great quantities of mimosa, violets, carnations, and mignonette.

The flowers must be picked at dawn, and are placed immediately between layers of purified fat in order to extract the perfume. This is obtained from the fats to which the flowers have transferred their scent.

British Custom officials have to keep a sharp watch for scent smrgglers coming from France, and officials at Victoria Station, London, tell of innocent looking trunks full of clothes but with false bottoms, in which scent is concealed. Scent is also smuggled into England in vacuum flasks and medicine bottles. These are but two of the methods known to the Customs.

Watch is now being kept for a young Englishman who last year frequently drove a high-powered motor-car from Paris to Le Touquet. He spent a couple of days there and then drove to Boulogne or Calais, took the motor-car in his ship across the Channel, and drove to London. It is now known that the motor-car was provided with what, ostensibly, were extra petrol tanks, but the "petrol" contained therein was immense quantities of Eau de Cologne.

THE THRIFT HABIT

WAGE-EARNERS AS CAPITALISTS.

In addressing the United Kingdom Provident Institution the other day Mr. Walter Runciman gave a most interesting account of the growth in the habit of saving among the wage-earners of Great Britain. It is a subject to which he has devoted attention for several years in succession, and the conclusions which he reaches are most encouraging.

He calculates that there are at least 15,000,000 small investors in Great Britain, most of them wage-earners or members of wage-earning households. Their investments are mostly made in the Post Office Savings Banks, in Saving Certificates, in Government stock, in life insurance societies, building societies and other provident institutions.

To obtain precise figures is of course impossible, but Mr. Runciman quotes official figures to the effect that the total amount of capital now owned by small investors is something over £1,776,000,000. Twenty years ago corresponding figure was £639,000,000. When frll allowance has been made for the alteration in the value of money, these figures mean that the small investors now own several hundred millions more capital than they did twenty years ago.

CAPITAL VERSUS LABOUR.

This remarkable development is all the more satisfactory in view of the economic difficulties through which the nation has passed declares Harold Cox in the "Daily Mail." The loss of capital during the war and the high rate of taxation that has been maintained ever since the war ended have together reduced the savings of the richer classes, and our industries are feeling the effect in the increased cost of financing business.

So far as the habit of saving spreads among wage-earners it will help towards making good the national loss of capital from which we are now suffering. But much more is involved than this. The greatest of all industrial problems is the conflict between Capital and Labour. Up to a point this conflict is excusable. In dividing the proceeds of industry it is natural that those who contribute the labour should wish to enlarge their share at the expense of those who supply the capital, and "vice versa."

SIMPLE GERM KILLERS.

Soap and water, the bane of the bad boy, are becoming more and more the doctor's delight.

A London doctor states that these twin fairies of civilisation are perfect disinfectants when they work in co-operation. There are certain minor exceptions, but the statement holds good for the problems of disinfection on which a doctor has to advise ordinary households.

Soap and water do their work by the simple method of removing all dirt—the material in which germs thrive.

DRIED GERMS THAT LIVED TEN YEARS.

At least one variety of germ can live, dried up and entirely inactive, for a period of at least ten years, according to recent experiments by a Polish bacteriologist, Dr. V. Omeliansky, now working in France. Says Dr. E. E. Free's "Week's Science" (New York):

"The germ tested is one which exists in agricultural soils and which has the useful property of converting some of the nitrogen gas of the air into the compounds called nitrates, which nitrates are then absorbed by plant roots and act as fertilizers. Cultures of these nitrogen-fixing germs, growing in small blocks of wet gelatin, were put away ten years ago and allowed to become perfectly dry. Meanwhile another sample of the same germs was kept alive by transplanting some of the germs from time to time into a new supply of gelatin charged with the necessary food materials. Recently Dr. Omeliansky took down some of the ten-year-old dried cultures, soaked the hardened gelatin in germ free water and discovered that some of the ancient germs were still able to grow. At first these long-inactive germs had a peculiar look and were of sluggish growth, but after a few transplantations into new nutrient material they became indistinguishable from their former cousins which had been kept alive and growing during the ten-year period.

COWS GIVE MORE MILK TO MUSIC.

The astonishing observation that music makes cows and goats give increased quantities of milk is reported by two German physiologists, Drs. Nebert and Koch, says Dr. E. E. Free's "Week's Science" (New York). We read:

It is not necessary to keep the cows or other animals in a continual environment of the concert-room. All that the experimenters did was to arrange that music be played in the stable during the milking. The invariable result was that the animals being milked yielded more milk with music than without it. There is no record of the effect of different kinds of music, of whether jazz or classical opera possesses the highest milk-eliciting properties. The observation was not entirely unexpected, for it has long been believed by scientific students of the way in which milk is produced by th emilk-giving anima's that nervous stimuli have pronounced effects on this process. Although cows are not commonly imagined to posses, highly strung nervous systems, it is known that things tending to excite them may interfer seriously with the yield of milk. On the other hand, it is probably that surroundings which calm the nerves and prevent fear or excitement are favourable to milk production. Although Dr. Nebert and Dr. Koch promise no practical application of their discoveries to the dairy industry, it is probable that some enterprising farmer will try soon the effects of milking-time radio programs or of phonograph concerts on his milk-yielding stock.

NINE-YEAR-OLD NOVELIST

40,000 WORDS REWRITTEN AFTER FIRE.

Mr. Walter de la Mare, the poet of childhood, has written a foreword to a novel of forty thousand words written by Barbara Follett at the age of nine.

Barbara had the heart-break of losing the manuscript in a fire, but three years later she rewrote it from memory. The book was published in mail week by Mr. A. A. Knopf, in London, under the title of "The House Without Windows and Eepersep's Life There."

"The history of this little book is a singular one," writes Mr. de la Mare. "Even nowadays it must be an unusual thing for a child of nine to write so long a story, simply for joy in it. The rewriting of it at twelve was a far more unusual feat—a lesson to all craftsmen.

"The book itself reveals not only an imaginative child's delight in living things, in being alive, and in making things up, but also the peculiar aspect worn by adults in young eyes. The first is not easy to recall in later years, the second all but impossible."

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BULLION MARKET.

SILVER.

Bomby, April 22.

Yesterday London prices closed unchanged. The local market opened to-day at Rs. 59/15 and Vaishakh at 60/1. To-day's incoming mail brought 4,400 Bars and further arrivals about a thousand bars is expected by an American steamer. These arrivals in addition to present stock of about 1,500 bars is considered sufficient to tender against Chaitra Contracts. This belief brought in a change in the sentiment and prices registered a decline of about four annas. Towards the close prices again ruled quiet and finally closed as under:—

Spot Silver	59 12 0
Chaitra	59 10 0
Vaishakh	59 12 0
Double options premium.	
Vaishakh	1 8 0

GOLD.

Bombay, Aarij 22.

The market is steady and prices are quoted as under:—

Bar Ready	21 10 3
Chaitra	21 10 3
Vaishakh	21 10 6
National Bank	21 13 0
Chartered Bank	21 12 6
Central Bank	21 12 0
Sovereigns ready	13 9 6

EXCHANGE.

Bombay, April 22.

B C RATE—
Bank's selling T T 1/5 13/16
Bank's selling D D 1/5 27/32
LONDON—
Bank's selling T T 1/5 27/32
Bank's selling D D 1/5 7/8
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A 1/6 1/8
Bank's buying T T 1/5 29/32
Bank's buying D D 1/5 15/16
PARIS—
Bank's selling D D Fres. 892
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A 962
Bank's buying D D Fres. 947
JAPAN—
Bank's selling T T Rs. 132 1/2
Bank's buying 60 D/st D P Rs. 127 1/2
HONGKONG—
Bank's selling Rs. 139 1/4
SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 174 3/4
SINGAPORE—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 157
NEW YORK—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 276 3/4
CROSS RATE—
London—New Fork Dol 4.84 11/16
London—Paris Frcs. 124
London—Switzerland Frcs. 25.25
London—Brussels Frcs 34.94
London—Roma Liras. 94
London—Berlin Marks 20.48 3/4
Tone of Exchange.—Quiet market.

DISCOUNT RATES.

Bombay, April 22.

3 months London discounts 3 27/32 p. c.
6 months London discounts 3 27/32 p. c.
Call Money 6 1/2 per cent.
1 month 5 1/2 per cent
3 months 4 3/4 per cent.
6 months 4 per cent.
Bank of England rate 4 1/2 per cent.
Imperael Bank of India rate 7 per cent.

LINSEED OIL.

London, April 21.

Linseed Oil naked London, cwt.—
May/Aug delivery paid 31/3.
Sept/Dec delivery paid, 32/3

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

London, April 21.

Interest Day to Day Loans 3 3/8 per cent.
Interest 7 Days' Market Loans 3 1/2 per cent.
Bank Bills, 3 months 3 27/32 per cent.
Bank Bills 6 months 3 27/32 per cent.
Fine Trade Bills, 3 months 4 3/4 per cent.
Fine Trade Bills, 6 months 5 1/4 per cent.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, April 21.

T. T. Berlin on London 20.48 7/8.
T. T. Amsterdam on London 12.13 3/4.
T. T. Brussels on London 34.94.
T. T. Madrid on London 27.56.
T. T. Milan on London unquoted.
T. T. Berne on London 25.25.
T. T. Paris on London 124.02
T. T. London on Prague 164.05.

WHEAT—LONDON MARKET.

London, April 21.

Barletta Russo, per 63 lb.
Apl/May shipment Sellers. 49/6
Rozario Santa Fe, per 63 lb.
Apl./May shipment Sellers. 50/6
Wheat, Australian,
Apl./May shipment. Sellers. 53/
Wheat, Choice White Karachi.—
April/May shipment Sellers. 52/6.
Wheat, Choice White, Karachi 51
May-June shipment Value.

LONDON SILVER.

London, April 21.

SILVER—China Bought, India Sold.
Spot 26-3/16
Forward 26-1/16

LONDON GOLD.

London, April 21.

Bar Gold Fine, per oz. £4-4-11

DEMAND BILLS.

New York, April 21

Demand Bills 485.25

PRODUCE MARKET.

LINSEED AND WHEAT.

Bombay, Aarij 22.

The Linseed and Wheat markets are quiet with a small business. The closing prices are reported as under:—

Linseed May	10 11 9
Linseed Sept.	11 2 3
Wheat May	7 9 0
Wheat Sept.	7 1 3

NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, April 21.

May	14.95.+47
July	15.21.+51
October..	15.49.+52
December	15 68.+52
January	15.76.+54
Middling Spot	15.30.+50

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York April, 21.

May	14.95.+46
July	15.22.+51
Middling Spot	14.88.+48

NEW YORK.

New York, April 21.

NEW YORK 10-55 A.M.:
(As known in Liverpool at closing time.)

ay	14.59
uly	14.81
October..	15.10
NEW YORK NOON CALL:—	
May	14.56
July	14.80
October	15.08
NEW ORLEANS 9-55 A.M:—	
May	14.61
July	14.85

RECEIPTS AND EXPORTS OF U.S.A.

New York, April 21.

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	14,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	3,000
Day's Exports to the Continent	9,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, April, 21.

April	7.63+.11
May	7.71+.11
June	7.77+.11
July	7.87+.11
August	7.91+.11
September	7.96+.11
October	8.00+.12
November	8.03+.13
December	8.07+.13
January	8.10+.13
February	8.12+.13
March	8.17+.13
April	8.19+.13
Middling Spot	7.89+.10

SALES.

Liverpool, April. 21.

	Bales.
Sales at Liverpool	5,000 "
Sales on Speculation ..	100 "
Sales of East Indian Cotton	30

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, April 21.

Scinde Good	6.05+.10
Scinde Fully Good ..	6.25+.10
Scinde Fine	6.45+.10
Bengal Good	6.15+.10
Bengal Fully Good ..	6.35+.10
Bengal Fine	6.55+.10
Oomra Good	6.55+.10
Oomra Fully Good ..	6.80+.10
Oomra Fine	7.05+.10
Broach Good	6.55+.10
Broach Fully Good ..	6.85+.10
Broach Fine	7.15+.10

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, April. 21.

April	..13.25+.15
May	..13.40+.18
June	..13.46+.18
July	..13.57+.19
August	..13.60+.19
September	..13.69+.19
October	..13.71+.19
November	..13.84+.17
December	..13.88+.16
January	..13.89+.18
February	..13.90+.18
March	..13.99+.18
April	..13.99+.18
Sakellaridis, F.G.F., SPOT	..13.15+.10

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURNS.

London Apri 21.

Total Bullion £153,800,000.
Public Deposits £15,200,000.
Other Deposits £110,300,000.
Government Securities £38,000,000.
Other Securities £68,800,000.
Notes and Coin £36,600,000.
Currency Notes Outstanding £280,300,000
Ratio of Reserve to Liabilities 29.11 per cent.

N LINSEED.

London, April 21.

Linseed. Calcutta, ton.—
Apl/May shipment sellers £17:15.
May/June shipment sellers £17:15.
Linseed La Palta, c. i. f.—
Afloat. Hull paid £15:2:6.
Linseed, Bombay.—
Apl/May shipment offered £18:12:6.
Linseed La Plata c. i. f, ton.—
Linseed La Plata c. i. f, ton.—
May/June shipment Hull paid £15:7:6.
July/Aug shipment offered £18:12:6.

BOMBAY COTTON MARKET.

AMERICAN N.Y.:—Heavy Rains. Extension of Flood. Heavy Speculative Buying and Short Covering—Some Profit taking at the Advance. Closed 47 to 53 Points higher.—Spot rose to 50 Points to 15.30c.

LOCAL:—Opened Firm on short New York Improved on short covering. Reacted on Japanese selling and liquidation. Closed quiet but steady.

PRIVATE CABLES AND REPORTS.

Messrs. Patel Bros. have received the following cables to-day.

New York May Delivery highest 15.05 (2-55 p.m.) lowest 14.48 (at the opening).

General buying owing continued bad weather.

Liverpool 10-50 a.m.—Continued rains Mississippi Valley. More expected. Our travelling man in the Eastern belt cables:—Georgia crop preparations well advanced, very little change acreage.

Liverpool 6 p.m.—Continued long liquidation of near positions and profit taking. Heavy rains in the Central Belt, reported further flood.—

Messrs. Thomas Smith and Co. have received the following cable from their friends in Dallas, Texas:—

"Rain is causing anxiety; dry weather is needed."

Messrs. Umrigar and Vesugar's New York friends Messrs. A. Norden and Co., cable under date 21st inst. as under:—

"Think that the seriousness of the flood situation is somewhat exaggerated, but until outlook is more clearly defined we refer purchase on setbacks."

Messrs. Langley and Co. have received the following cable from their Liverpool Agents:—

Reported overflows in the Mississippi States.—Liquidation May checking and vance in Liverpool.

Messrs. Devkaram Nanjee's New York friends Messrs. Harriss, Irby and Vose wire to them to day as under:—

"Cotton:—At present differences strongly favour buking. December swelling January. While ultimately bullish distinctly reactionary for a turn."

AMERICAN.

Bombay, April 22.

Yesterday the New York market opened unchanged and the noon call prices registered an improvement of 10 points. In the later trading prices registered unexpectedly a smart rise of 57 points on reports of rain and extensions of flood in the Mississippi. There was heavy speculative buying in conjunction with short covering. At the advance there was some profit taking which caused a setback of 9 points. The close was steady at an advance of 47 to 53 points Spot Cotton prices also ruled strong at a rise of 50 points to 15.30c.

The Liverpool Cotton market opened steady 9 points higher. There was long liquidation which resulted in a small reaction. Later on prices firmed up on better New York cables and closed steady at an advance of 11 to 13 points. Sales of ready cotton were reported 5,000 Bales and prices improved 10 points at 7.89d. per lb. The Liverpool market is due to open to-day 20 points higher.

We refer our readers to the raw cotton situation published under Weekly Market Report.

LOCAL MARKET.

Bombay, April 22.

Following an unexpected rise of 47 points in New York future, the local forward market opened for Broach April May delivery at Rs. 292 and July August at Rs. 298 and improved to 293 and 299/8 respectively on shorts covering. At the advance Japanese firbs sold in conjunction with longs securing profits causing a reaction of about rupees two. The market ruled quiet but steady and closed at Marwari Bazar Session at 4 p.m. as under:—

Broach A/M.	292	293	291/12	291/12
Broach J/A.	298	299/8	297/8	297/12
Oomra May	281/8	282	280/8	280/8
Oomra July	283/8	286	284	284
Bengal May	272	272/8	272	272

SEWRI MARKET.

Liverpool opened 17 points better to day. Later cables showed it onnly 13 points. There was not much business passing and the market ruled steady on transferring short interest from near months to distant delivery. The close was quiet but steady.

Broach A/M.	291/8	292/4	291/4	292/4
Broach J/A.	298	298/8	298	298/8
Oomra May	281	281/8	281	281/8
Oomra July	284	284/8	284	284/8
Bengal May	270/8	270/12	270	270/8

DAILY ROOM RATE.

Bombay, April 22.

Bengal 271.
Broach A/M. 292.
Broach J/A. 298
Oomra May 282
Oomra July 285

	Fine	Fine	Good	Godd
Bengal	285	278	271	263
S. Paniab	281	274	267	257
Rajputana	285	278	271	263
Broach	307	302	297	
P. American	321	314	307	299
Surat	357	352	347	
Navsari	372	367	362	
Oomra No. 3	287	282	277	
C. P. No. 1	302	297	292	
C. P. No. 2	295	290	285	
Khandesh	283	278	273	
Miraj	338			
Miraj Fine, F. Good,				
Compta	338	334	330	

READY COTTON SALES.

Bombay, April 22.

100 M. Jethabhai Broach 301
200 S. Joharmal Sailu 283
100 Toyomankwa Palej 302
200 Toyomankwa Shegaon 283 1/2
100 P. Presidency Mills Broach 301
100 Finix Mills Nanded 310
200 M. Nonshi Piparia 292
100 A. Damodar Shahada & Co. 286
100 Odhavjee Shivji, & Co. Aurangabad 325
100 Forbes & Co. Mathia 278
100 Forbes & Co. Mathia 278
100 Viram Ladha Broach 303
200 Ozoburim Berar 278

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.

Bomby, April 22.

Receipts of various raw produce into Bombay upto noon the 21st inst.

	cwts.
Wheat	11,750
Linseed	22,905
Rape—Rai and Mustardseeds	942
Gingeliyseed	723
Peppyseed	442
Groundnuts	397
Castorsed	13,249
Rice	9,194
Myrabo'lams	4,612
Cottonseed	1,646
Gram	2,490
Joowar	123
Bajree	2,573
Coal	626 tons.

JAVA SUGAR—LONDON MARKET.

London, April 21.

Java Sugar, Fine White, Dutch Standard No. 25, C. & F. Calcutta,
June, per Cwt, 16/7-1/2 offered
July/Sept, per Cwt. 16/6 offeced
Oct./Dec per Cwt. 16/7-1/2 offered
Java Sugar, Fine White, Dutch Standard No. 25, C & F. Bombay,
July/Sept. per Cwt. 16/7-3/4 offered
Java Sugar Fine White, Dutch Standard No. 25, C & F, Karachi,
July/Sept. per cwt. 16/8-1/2 offered

DAILY COTTON STATISTICS.

(MESSRS. BRUCE & CO.)

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

Bombay, April 22.

In full-pressed Bales.	Yesterday	Since 1st. September This Year	Last Year
Khandesh ..	185	3,06,426	2,87,292
Central India ..	789	2,68,575	3,44,641
Barsi and Nagar	188	1,84,685	1,97,321
Hyderabad-Gaorani		64,824	70,522
Berar	2508	5,39,809	4 51,578
Central Provinces	664	2,20,969	2,32,753
Total Oomras..	4,334	15,85 288	15,84,071
Dholera	1,263	1,24,799	2,02,799
N.W. Provinces ..		54,267	1,27,232
Rajputana ..	348	44,281	92,895
Sind-Punjab ..	866	1,11,301	2,63991
Broach	6,074	1,35,288	3,04,697
Coompta & Dharwar	1,662	62,532	53,959
Westerns-Northerns	1,275	29,049	35,780
Cocoanada ..		403	1,487
Timevelly and Cambodia		8176	12,415
Persian		3,693	2,813
American.. ..		1,45,913	1,755
Egyptian and African	1,060	42,297	46,608
Comilla, Burma & Other sorts.	51		2,604
Total	16,882	23,47,338	27,35,106

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

1st. Sept. to 14th Aprfl.

In full pressed Bales.	Yesterday	This year	Last year.
Europe	2,205	2,37,027	4,07,286
Japan & China	2.400	11,55,772	13,37,517
Coast Ports ..	352	1,4172	2,9,284
Up-country by Rail		75,201	58,732
Afloat in harbour for Europe			
China and Japan		6,301	17,749
Total	4,957	14,88,476	18,41,568

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

BOMBAY, April 22

			Ready Mill Terms New
Bengal	Superfine	M. G.	285/88
"	Fine	"	275/78
"	F.G.	"	270/75
Sindh-Punjab	Fine	"	275/77
"	F.G.	"	270/73
Warda-Hingt.	Fine	M. G.	300/2
Nagpur		"	300/2
Yeotmal		"	293/95
Arvi		"	293/95
Amraoti		"	285/88
Khamgaon-Akola	"	"	285/88
Mulkapur	"	"	28 /85
Khandesh	"	"	282/85
Muthia	Fine	"	280/83
Nanded/Purna	Best Quality	"	290/95
Purna	Average	"	280/85
Parbhani/Sailu	"	"	280
Indore/Ujjain	"	"	290
Burwah Sanavad			285/90
Broach Fine M.G.		„ 305/8	305 May
Broach F G M G			
Westerns Good		300	May/June+17
Miraj/Sangli F.G.		..	320/25
Compta F.G.M.G.		325/30	Apl+35May+32
Dhollera			Ap/May+9/
Kadi/Viramgam			Ap/May+14

STOCK EXCHANGE.

CLOSED EASIER.

Cotton mill shares were maintained at the opening but within a short time dropped. Market is out likelay to be maintained at present we quote. Fazal 922/8 Pearl 571/4 B. Dyeing 917/8 Finlay 148/12. Tata Ordn. and Steel ruled easier we quote: Tata Ordy. 64/12 Dffd. 213/12.

In miscellaneous Alcock B. Burmah Trading Tata Hydro I. Cement ruled easier.

LOCAL BANKS	Paid up	Rs.	Divd.	Rs.	Last Quotation. as.
Bank of India ..	50	22		78	
Baroda	50	4		84	
Central Cooperative	50	2		68	8
Centfal 25 ..	25	11		29	8
Hastern ..	£59	p.c.		80	XD
Imperial ..	500	40		1485	
Imperial Contributory ..	125	10		368	12
Union		50		4	2
CEMENTS AND MANGANESE.					
Bund	10	..		23	4
Central India Mining	10	42Y		26	8
Indian Cement O.	350	..		167	8
Katul Cement O.	100	..		171	4
Kaini Cement D.	40	..		650	
Punjab Cement O.	10	..		7	4
Shivrajpur ..	10	8Y		44	8
RAILWAY COMPANIES					
Ahmedabad				.c.	
Prantej ..	500	11	pc.	865	
Amritsar Pattis	100	10	p.	148	
Central Province	100	7	p.c..	104	
Dhond Baramati	10	6	p.c	99	
Guzerat.. ..	10	5	p.c.	92	
Hoshiarpur Doab	100	5	p.c.	101	
Larkana ..	100	5.	p.c	85	
Mandro Bhon ..	90	5	p.c.	83	
Pachora Janmer	100	5	p.c.	90	
Sara Shirajgunj	100	5	p.c.	99	
Sialkot Narowji	100	5	p.c.	110	
cind Light ..	100	12	p.c.	150	
Tapti Valley ..	500	8	p.c.	675	
Upper Sind. Light	100	4	p.c.	80	
STEAMER COMPANIES.					
Bombay Steam Navigation O.	250	..		200	
Bombay Steam Navigation P.	250	..		245	
India Steam ..	15/0/	..		15	
ELECTRIC UNDERTAKINGS.					
Ahmedabad Electricity	100	5	p.c.	79	
Andhra Valley O.	1000	..		830	
Andhra Valley P.	1000	..		965	
Bombay Tramways O.	50	218		146	4
Bombay Tramways P.	150	1/8		67	
Karachi Electricity	100	6		102	
Surat Electricity	100	..		75	
Tata Hydro-Elect. O.	1,000	40		1061	4
Tata Hydro-Elec. P.	1,000	7	p.c.	992	8
Tata Power O...	1000	..		580	
Tata Power P.	1,000	..		845	
PRESS COMPANIES.					
BParsiress				435	
Abroaj	500	..		160	
Fort	475	..		250	
Harvey & Saba.					
Patny	500	20/35		1030	
Indian Cotton ..	128	17/8		205	
Manmad Manufacturing ..	150	..		220	
New Berar ..	500	80		780	
New East India	1,000			925	
New Mofussil P.	400	40		565	
New Prince of Waies ..	500	61		510	
Volkert ..	500	40		530	
MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.					
Alcock Ashdown	100	..		303	12
Balapur Co., Ltd.	76	..		22	
B. Burma T. Corporation Ltd., ..	125	20		676	4
B. Burma T. Corporation New ..	0	8		203	12 Pre
Burma Corporation	10	0/6		9/8	XD
Bombay Ugand	80	Nil		33	
British Burma Patoleum	Sh. 8	0/6		6	6
Indo-Burma Patroleum ..	100	..		182	8
Jost Engineering	180	20		140	
Mckenzie ..	100	30		337	8
New Union Flour Mills	100	..		30	
Port Canning ..	1,000	50Y		650	
Tata Iron Pref. 1st.	250	6	p.c.	130	
Tata Iron Pref. 2nd.	150	..		90	4
Tata Iron Defd.		..		213	12
Tata Iron & Steel Co. O. ..	75	..		64	12
Thacker ..	50	..		115	
Telephone ..	50	Nil		40	
INSURANCE COMPANIES.					
Empire of India	60	228		1000	
Industrial & Prudential	6	2	p.c.	4	12
Jupita		..		5	
New India ..	25			22	2
Oriental Life. ..	100	30	p.c.	1650	
Vulcan	10	0/8/0		5	2
MILLS.					
Ahmedabad Advance ..	100	10		435	
Alliance ..	100	..		30	
Apollo	50	..		8	
Assur Viries ..	400	..		3	
Berar Manfg.	200	30		210	
Bombay Cotton O.	500	15		345	
Bombay Cotton P.	10	5	p.c.	6	4
Bombay Dyeing etc.	25	25		917	8
Bombay Industrial	108	..		6	4
Bombay Woollen	100	..		70	
Brandbury ..	250	nil		290	
Broach Fine Counts	50	..		75	
Century ..	100	10y		417	4XD
Central India O.	100	16		531	4

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Bombay, Aarij 22.

3-1/2 per cent Rupee Paper Rs. 78/14.

4 per cent Conversion Loan due 1931-36 Rs. 94/14.

4 per cent Loan due 1960-70 Rs. 89/9.

5 per cent War Loan due 1929-47 Rs. 101/12.

5 per cent Loan due 1935 Rs. 102/10.

5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1933 Rs. 103/7.

5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1945-55 Rs. 108/6.

5-1/2 per cent War Bonds (Tax Free) due 1928 Rs. 106/6.

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1927 Rs. 100/15.

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1930 Rs. 105/8.

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1931 Rs. 106/10.

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1932 Rs. 107/13.

6-1/2 per cent Bombay Devp. Loan (Tax Free) due 1935 Rs. 112/14.

4 per cent Port Trust due 1974 Rs. 88/4.

4 per cent Municipal due 1974 Rs. 87/0.

4 per cent Improvement Trust due 1974 Rs. 87/0.

6 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1954 Rs. 112/10.

6 per cent Municipal due 1929-49 Rs. 103/8.

TONE OF MARKET:—Delivery 16th May 3 1/2 pere cent Paper Rs. 79/1; 1937/55 Rs. 108/9.

Steady.

Central India P.	500	5 p.c.	470	
Ceylon	100	..	40	
Colaba Land & Mill	100	65	140	
Crecent ..	100	4	196	4
Currimbhoy ..	250	..	260	
David	500	..	250	
Kurla	100	..	170	
Dawn	250	55	710	
E. D. Sassoon United O.	7/8	..	1	1 6
Ebrahimbhoy Pabanay	150	nil	262	8
Edward Sassoon	200	nil	135	
Elphinstone O.	700	..	24	8
Emperor Edward			215	
Fazullbhoy ..	100	25	922	8
Fivival	1,000	nil	150	XD
Framjee Petit ..	100	..	600	
Gokas	100	5	131	4
Hindoostan ..	1,009	125	1775	
Indian Bleaching etc.	100		207	8
Indian Manufacturing	1,000	751	1150	
Indore Malwa Unitedd	100	10	363	12
Jainshed O. ..	250	..	70	
Kanau Makanji	nil	..	110	
Kilachand ..	25	..	3	12
Kohinoor ..	500		1177	8
Laxmi Cotton ..	1000	150	6250	
Madhovrao Scindia	100	..	24	
Madhowji Dharmsi	100	..	135	
Madras hited ..	250	15	500	
Manechkee Petit	1,000	30	1850	
Mathradas ..	100	..	75	
Meyer Sassoon	100	..	99	
Morarjee Gocu.-das	1,000		2200	
Model Mills Nagpur ..	250		130	
Mysore	53	4	130	
New City of Bombay	100	10	170	
New Great ..	300	nil	326	4
OsmansbaWi (100)	75	75	66	
Pear	250	8	572	8
Phoenix ..	100	10	423	
Premier.. ..	100		11	
Sassoon Cotton	100		20	
Sassoon Silk ..	500		650	
Sholapur ..	1,000	200	8500	
Simplex ..		100	171	4
Sir Shapurji Brocha		100	32	8
Standard ..		500	1675	
Swadeshi ..		500	530	
Swan			161	4
Tata Mill O. ..		5	97/8	
Vishnu Cotton O.		90	2750	
Vishnu Pr. ..	500	35	50	
Western India Spng.			915	

SHARE-MARKET FLUCTUATIONS.

Ahmedabad ..	435
Bombay Cotton	345
Bombay Dying	923-12 923-12 917-8 917-8
Century	..421-4 421-4 417-8 417-8
Central India	..532-8 532-8 530 530
Colaba Land ..	140
Crescent ..	196/4
Edward Sassoon	135
Fazulbhoy	.. 930 930 922-8 922-8
Finalays ..	150
Globe	35
Gokak	131/4
Indian Bleaching	207/8
Indore Malva ..	363/12
Kohinoor ..	1177/8
Mandhowjee ..	135
Marhurahas ..	76/4
Meyer Sassoon	90
Mysore ..	130
New Great	..330 330 326-4 326-4
Pearl ..	..578-12 578-12 571-4 571-4
Pabany ..	262/8
Phonix	425
Simplex ..	175 175 171-4 171-4
Swadesh ..	535 5535 530 530
Swan Mills ..	160
T... Mills ..	97/8
... Paper 5 1-2 per cent.	79/2
... per 5 per cent.	108/10

TRADE AND FINANCE

WEEKLY MARKET REPORTS.

Bombay, April 22.

The market maintained a steady tone throughout the week with call funds in good demand at 6 1|2 per cent. The trade demand continues. The fixed deposit rate for two months is quoted at 5 1|2 per cent., for three months 5 per cent, and for 6 months 4 1|2 per cent. The rate for twelve months is unchanged at about 4 to 4 1|2 per cent.

The statement of the Imperial Bank of India as of 15th April 1927, shows a fall of Rs. 455.69 lacs in the cash balance now amounting to Rs. 12,00,10,000 as compared with 20 86 crores at this time last year. The percentage of cash to liabilities is 14.36, a decrease of 4.41 per cent. under last week. Loans and Inland bills discounted are down by Rs. 45.82 lacs and Rs. 43.36 lacs, while cash credits are up by Rs. 77.58 lacs. Government deposits are down by Rs. 377.94 lacs to Rs. 13.76 crores apparently in consequence of the recent contraction of currency of Rs. 3.33 crores. Other deposits are also down by Rs. 88.60 lacs to Rs. 66.58 crores. The bank rate remains unchanged at 7 per cent. It may be noted that Government deposits are in excess of the Bank's cash balance.

The Bank of England has reduced its discount rate from 5 per cent. to 4 1|2 per cent. effective from 21st April 1927.

The gilt-edged market ruled very steady with buying chiefly of a speculative nature. 3 1|2 per cent. Paper and 1945-55 Loan improved from Rs. 78-11 to Rs. 79-1 and from Rs. 108-4 to Rs. 108-7. 5 per cent. Loans, 1935 and 1933, were unchanged at Rs. 102-10 and Rs. 103|7. 5-1|2 per cent 1928 Bonds kept steady at Rs. 106|6. 6 per cent Bonds 1927 and 1930, changed hands at Rs. 100|15 and 105|8, 1931 at Rs. 106|10 and 1932 at Rs. 107|13. 6-1|2 per cent Bombay Development Loan ruled steady at Rs. 112 14. 4 per cent 1960-70 loans s quoted at Rs. 89|12.

The currency returns as of 1'th April 1927, show a decline of Rs. 339.60 lakhs in note circulation now amounting to Rs. 178.20 crores. Silver coins are down by Rs. 6.27 lakhs to Rs. 95.35 crores, while gold bullion and silver under coinage remain unchanged at Rs. 29.76 crores and Rs. 8.53 crores respectively. Sterling securities are down by Rs. 333.33 lakhs to Rs. 2.09 crores due to the remittance of £2-1|2 million effected last week. The percentage of metallic reserve to circulation is 74.99.

The Bombay branch of the Bank of Taiwan, on Tuesday morning, declared a suspension of payments for a period of three weeks. Contrary to what may have been expected this suspension had but a slightly disturbing effect on the local market.

Reports from Japan indicate that the financial situation shwos no signs of improvement as yet. It is reported that emergency measures may shortly be adopted by the Japanese Government to meet the present crisis. All banks and exchanges throughout Japan will remain closed for to-day and to-morrow.

The deflection of trade from Bombay is a very serious problem and requires prompt action. Our public bodies and those that have the interest of trade and of tax payer at heart would do well to concentrate their whole-hearted energies in the direction of preventing this deflection of trade from this presidency to non-British Indian ports. It is undoubtedly a great loss to the Exchequer as well as to merchants, and may, if things are allowed to drift, affect the cotton mill industry, should imports of cotton piece-goods receive the favourable treatment that sugar imports are alleged to be receiving. Reimposition of land frontier duties, as existed some years back is the only possible and effective solution of this all important problem.

EXCHANGE.

The Easter holidays curtailed activities somewhat in all markets. However, during the three days of business a fair volume of transactions passed. Some export bills were placed and remittances covering bullion as well as other imports were on a limited scale.

The following are the forward rates:—April 1s. 5-27|32d., May 1s. 5-13|16d., June to August 1s. 5-25|32d. and September 1s. 5.13|16d.

The dollar sterling quotation remained steady at Dol. 4.85-3|4, but declined at the close to Dol. 4.85 1|2. French francs slightly improved to 123.98. The Belga was steady at 34.94, while the Italian lira appreciated from 97.80 to 94.

Upon the publication of the communique by the Controller of Currency to purchase sterling in India by tender the market assumed a hesitant tone. This may be attributed in part to the rate at which Government will accept these tenders. This action on the part of Government is in all probability supported by the fact that the ratio bill is now established and therefore the present time is more opportune for inviting tenders than would have been the case heretofore.

With particular reference to the present hesitast attitude of the market it may be explained that Government, who are the largest buyers are not likely to accept tenders at a rate which would depress exchange, which, without doubt, would revive speculation in gold. The Government policy of asking for weekly tenders in India will enable them to keep in close contact with the market. From this aspect it would appear that the present hesitant feeling prevalent in certain circles is unwarranted.

GOLD

The price of ready gold improved by 1 annas, while the general tone of the ma[illegible] is steady. The causes of this upward trend were purchases of ready gold by Calcutta operators and on the other hand to local bull speculators taking delivery at the current settlement. The average daily offtake has been about 20,000 tolas, while stocks after deducting the amount railed to Calcutta are estimated at about 5-1|2 lakhs tolas. The price of gold in London declined from 84s. 11-1|2d. to 84s. 10-14d., but closed at 84s. 11d. The price of sovereigns improved during the week to Rs. 13|9|9 for ready and Rs. 13|9|6 for forward. In our market the highest and lowest rates during the week were Rs. 21|9|9 and Rs. 21|8|3 for ready, Rs. 21|10 and Rs. 21|8 6 for 18th April settlement and Rs. 21|10 and Rs. 21|9|3 for 17th May settlement. The incoming mail is expected to bring £65,000 gold. Inclusive of these arrivals and exclusive of the present week's shipment the total visible supply from London to India is about £159,000. The total imports during the week amounted to Rs. 17,43,523 in bar and coin. There is no shipment of gold from London this week.

The Southern Rhodesian gold output for February 1927, amounted to 46,461 ounces as compared pith 48,731 ounces for January 1927 and 47,026 ounces for Februray 1926.

Reports from Calcutta state that it is now obvious that the Indian Government have bought a considerable amount of gold without exciting the market. The total amount of gold in the Reserve on the 31st March is £1,730,134 as against £424,083 on February 28th, while no gold was held on January 31st. The present holding in two reserves (Paper Currency Reserve and the Gold Standard Reserve comes to Rs. 32.06 crores (Rs. 29.76 and Rs. 2.30 crores) in all. In view of the recommendation of the Currency Commission that "no favourable opportunity of fortifying the gold holding in the reserve should be allowed to escape", the prospect is that India will continue to buy gold as and when possible.

In a recent issue of the "Statist" an estimate of the world production of gold has been given for the year 1926 at about 19.35 million fine ounces and valued at £82 86 million, a decrease of about £14-1|2 million below the 1913 figure, which is the high record. The share of the British Empire during the last year was about 70 per cent of the world production, the chief contributing country being the Transvaal with production of 51.1 per cent. For the first time the Transvaal took the premier place as regards the grand aggregate of production since the start of mining. Since 1884 onwards the Transvaal has yielded gold of the value of £885 million or about 22 cent. of the aggregate world production since 1600, while the United States with £884 million takes the second place. The third individual country in importance is Canada with a production of 8.9 per cent of the world total during the year. The total stock of monetary gold held by the Central banks and the National treasuries since 1600 is estimated approximately at £21,000 million, which is nearly half of the grand aggregate of the world production—£4029 million. It will therefore appear that the total gold stock of the world have been distributed evenly between the monetary demand on the one hand and industries and arts on the other.

SILVER.

Silver prices moved within comparatively narrow limits and were governed by advices from Shanghai and London. America and China banks worked on a limited scale, the tendency being toward selling. The price of ready silver opened at Rs. 59|14, improved to Rs. 60|8 on Tuesday, eased again to Rs. 59|13 recovering at the close to Rs. 60. The daily ontake remains unchanged at about 160 bars, while stocks are estimated at about 3700 bars. However, heavy arrivals are expected to-day. The undertone is regarded sluggish. In Shanghai the rate for T.T. on London improved from 2s. 2-9|16d. to 2s. 7-3|16d. on Tuesday but declined and closes at 2s. 6-7|8d. In London the highest and lowest rates during the week were 26-1|4d and 26d. for ready and 26-1|8d. and 25-15|16d. for forward. In our market the higest and lowest rates during the week were Rs. 60|8 and Rs. 59|13 for ready, 22nd April and 21st May settlements. The incoming mail is expected to bring £400,000 silver. Inclusive of these arrivals and exclusive of the present week's shipment the total visible supply from London to India is about £550,000. The total imports during the week amounted to 1732 bars and Rs. 23,438 in coin. This week's shipment from London is expected to be £31,000.

YARN MARKET.

BOMBAY, April 22.

The yarn market has continued to remain dull and uneventful during the past week on account of number of holidays and particularly due to the report about the serious financial difficulties in Japan and consequent selling pressure by Japanese Import Houses in almost all kinds of yarns. Buyers have nautrally been very nervous about the course of the market in the near future and had it not been for the continued rise reported from the New York in raw materials prices in our market would have declined considerably in all kinds of yarns. Inquiries have increased to some extent in Indian yarns especially and although Mills have been quoting some what higher rates Bazar dealers have been meeting up-country demands to some extent and the stocks have been slowly liquidating. In Japanese yarns prices have declined to some extent whereas in English yarns the heavy arrivals have caused the market to decline by about ½ an anna per lb. On the whole the position has remained rather uncertain but on account of continued strong advices regarding cotton the market at the close has remained steady with further signs of improvement.

ENGLISH YARNS.

Manchester reports are rather firm but no fresh business has been done on account of low prices ruling here and in the absence of any satisfactory off-take prices have declined on the spot as a result of heavy fresh arrivals during the few days.

JAPANESE YARNS.

Turnover has been better and the market was on the eve of showing definite improvement when suddenly the news about the suspension of business by several Japanese Banks caused a set-back and the continued selling pressure by the Japanese Import Houses brought about some decline in quotations all round and the turnover has been very limited. As soon as the position has been satisfactory business in Japanese yarns is expected to be on a large scale and as the present prices are low enough dealers have been carefully watching the market with a view to operate freely when the general atmosphere is more assuring.

ARTIFICIAL SILK YARNS.

Stocks have been getting into liquidation and as inquiries have increased from several quarters the position seems to be very hopeful and as foreign advices have been very firm prices are likely to show considerable improvement in course of time as soon as the cheap arrivals are exhausted. Dealers have been watching exhausted. Detlers have been watching the course of the market very carefully and are inclined to operate on a large scale.

INDIAN YARNS.

Mills have been quoting higher rates on account of very firm cotton position and although inquiries have increased due to rise in cotton dealers have been watching the course of the market very carefully and have been trying to find out cheap rates wherever possible. No business of importance has been done by the Mills but there is some turnover in the market and it seems some of the stocks will be liquidated from stock, when dealers will be required to approach the Mills for their further requirements. Advices from all up-country markets are little more encouraging and if cotton continues to keep steady at or about this level business on satisfactory scale will be possible.

The outlook seems to be more hopeful than during the last few days and as soon as the clouds of the Japanese crisis are removed we believe gradual improvement will be in evidence.

PIECE-GOODS.

BOMBAY, April 22.

Manchester reports received by to-day's mail state that buyers of piece goods are regarding this rather puddling stability with something akin to suspicion, and their actions show that they are expecting a relapse in the near future. Offers received are low which indicate that foreign buyers are not prepared to pay ruling prices. Indian dealers are said to operate on a restricted scale. Only small business was done at unsatisfactory prices for shirtings, Dhooties, prints and fancies—some business was done with Hongkong and Northern districts for shirting and fancies because auctions were resumed.

The local market continues steady with a small demand for English cloth and dealers are reported to have small stocks. Clearances are continuing on a moderate scale—Chances are in favour of a continuance of moderate demand especially in view of advance in the prices of American Cotton.

Local Mills are reported doing only small business. It is believed owing to financial troubles in Japan, more orders will find their way to local mills. The situation is not so bad as is painted in several circles and we believe moderate business can be looked for in this direction.

Owing to temporary suspension of payments by some banks in Japan, dealers are not inclined to book any further orders as long as the situation is cleared up. In the mean time dealers are meeting the demand from the local stocks.

The general belief is gaining ground that if prices become easy, increased business can be looked for as stocks in some styles are getting scarce and with the revival of demand, more orders are likely to be placed with the producers.

The quotations for the leading chops Greys and Whites are as under:—

GREY SHIRTINGS,			
Ralli's Fari No. 2000	39×37 1/2/38	8	14 0
„ 10,0000	..45× „	10	6 0
„ No. 33,000	..45× „	9	0 0
„ No. 2800	37×	8	0 0
„ No. 4545	36×38.. .. .	7	8 0
„ No. 15000	44×38 ..	9	6 0
„ No. 16000..	..	10	0 0
„ No. 17000..	..	10	8 0
Graham's No. 2730..39	..	8	10 0
„ No. 2750..45	..		
Dewhursts B.B.B.	..38×38 1/2..	15	4 0
„ B.B.	..38×38.. 1/2..	13	0 0
„ Rupe No. 5	..38×38 1/2		
Ritchie's No. 510	..39×37 1/2 38	8	6 0
yon's Shunker	..39× „		
Fleming's 1904-1906	45,48,51×38 .	12	0 0
GREY DRILLS.			
Pepperell's Dragon	..29×40 ..	14	11 0
Ralli's "Scissors"	..29×40 ..	13	12 0
GREY JACONETS			
Ralli No. 18	..45×22	..5	10 0
„ No. 1[illegible]	..40×22	..5	2 0
„ No. 138 ..	..40×22	..4	10 0
„ No. 636 ..	..44×22	..5	0 0
WHITE SHIRTINGS			
Lipmann's No. 1500	32×42	18	8 0
H[illegible] B. T. C. 40,000	..36×40	22	0 0
WHITE MULLS			
Ralli's No. 16	..41×19	..5	4 0
„ No. 89	..46×19	..6	0 0
„ No. 600	..51×19	..8	0 0
„ No. 6000	..56×19	..8	12 0
„ No. 88	..58×20	..6	6 0
„ No. 1270	..27×18	..	
„ No. 166	..39×20	..6	2 0
„ No. 818	..39×20	..6	2 0
„ No. 1440	..36×20	..4	2 0
„ No. 1703	..52×20	12	12 0
„ No. 224	..44×20	..5	6 0
Ritchie's No. 1260	..27×18	..2	10 0
„ No. 119	..37×18	..2	12 0
„ No. 229	..42×18	..3	5 0
„ No. 339	..47×18	..3	11 0
„ 1K-4K38",43"48"53×18Aug.			
„ No. 95..	..58×20	..5	10 0
„ No. 66,999	..40×18	..0	0 0
„ No. 86,999	..40×18	..0	0 0
„ No. 775	..40×18	..0	0 0
„ No. 875	..45×18	..0	0 0
„ No. 975	..50×18	..0	0 0
„ No. 615	..50×18	..0	0 0
Graham's Balloon	..58×20	..6	4 0
WHITE NAINSOOKS.			
Ralli's No. 7070,9090	27×18	..3	4 0
„ No. 6181 .. „		..3	2 0
„ No. 1850 .. „		..	
„ No. 1900 .. „		..	
„ No. 2600 .. „		..	0
„ No. 2[illegible]21 .. „		..3	8 0
„ No. 39620T.B.	38×22	..4	8
Graham's Nos. 88,8888	28×18	..3	10 0
No. 95950-97979			
„ Saraswati	..36×18	..	
„ TipooW/WWW	34×18	..4	12 0
„ No. 50000 ..	„	..4	12 0
„ No. 33340/33350/33360		..5	0 0
Lyon's No. 4545-5656			
„ 6767 ..	..26×18	..3	4 0
Greaves' No. 8000T.B.	38×22	..4	12 0
Ritchie s Nos. 3500 4510			
„ 5520 ..	..26×18	..3	4 0
I.W. and Co's Nos. 5800 5820			
"Motor Car"		..3	0 0

The above quotations are on Bazaar terms with discount of three and a half per cent on Grey and four per cent on White Goods.

JAPANESE GREY CLOTHS. Unchanged

No. 666 Shirtings	383×8Net		
„ 2500 Shirtings	36×40	..12	8 0
„ 5151 „	44×38 „	..10	0 0
„ 4141 „	44×38 „	.. 9	4 0
„ 5544 „	44×38 „	.. 9	8 0
„ 44000 „	48×38 „	.. 9	6 0
„ 3800 „	44×38 „	.. 14	14 0
„ 39000 „	44×38 „	...12	12 0
„ 9898 „	38×38 „	... 11	8 0
„ 4500 „	44×38 „	... 13	0 0
„ 6600 „	44×38 „	... 9	2 0
„ 9999 „	44×38 „	... 13	0 0
„ 7777 „	36×40 „	... 13	8 0
„ 7500 „	36×40 „	... 11	13 0
„ 3 A Globe	36×40 „	...14	13 0
„ „ 6000	„	... 14	13 0
"C" Sheetings	..30×36Ex.Bond	7	6 0
9"Dragons	..30+36 Ex. Bond	7	6 0
Elephant"Drills	..29×40 „	.. 12	6 0
Duck" Drills	..26×40 „	10	4 0

WEEKLY COAL REPORT

(Messrs. Pitamber and Co.)

Bombay, April 22.

S. S. Wasaborg arrived with Burn side Coal on the 17th inst. after the Easter Holidays. She began discharging Coal. The bullish tone experienced in the past weeks is now rather weakening in lack of immediate inquiries and the week passes without any fresh business.

Steamers arrived with coal cargo and discharging:

17/4/27 s.s. Wasaborg Burn Side Choonilal Haerilal and Co.

20/4/27 s. s. Pallas Witbank Choonilal Harilal and Co.

Steamers expected with coal cargo.

s. s. Belgiade Northern Navigation S. D. Shethia and Co.

27/4/27 s.s. Shuja Deshargarh Andrew Yule and Co.

27/4/27 s.s. Massillja Victoria Steam Choonilal Harilal and Co.

13/5/27 s. s. Schelstad Deshargarh Andrew Yule and Co.

QUOTATIONS.

Quality.	C. I. F. Ex-Scales Darukhana. Rs.
Wesh	28/
Northern Navigation 31/6 sh.	24/8
St. Georges and Burn Side 31/6 sh.	24/8
Deshargarh Rs. 19/12	21/8
Victoria Steam Rs. 19/8	

KARACHI WEEKLY SHARE MARKET REPORT

Bombay, April 19

(From Messrs. Gulab and Co., Stock and Share Brokers Bunder Road Karachi). Owing to Holidays intervening there is not much business to report in Railway shares and the price are steady.

In Electrics there has been a good turnover and any shares offered are readily absorbed. Hyderabad Electric look like still going higher.

Name of the Company	Paid up value	Present value.
Sind Ligt	100/0/0	153/0/0
Sind Lighte rage	150/0/0	84/0/0
Larkana Jacobabad	100/0/0	84/5/0
Upper Sinds	100/0/0	79/6/0
ELECTRICS.		
Karachi Electrics	100/0/0	160/0/0
Hyderabad Electrics	100/0/0	102/0/0
DEBENTURES.		
6 per cent Karachi Port Trust	100/0/0	112/8/0
FLOUR MILLS.		
Indian Flour Mills	60/0/0	110/0/0
Karachi Flour Mills	80/0/0	115/0/0
Century Flour Mills	100/0/0	100/0/0

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, April 21.

Chartered Bank of I.A. & C.	..£19 1/1
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Register) ..	..£113-1/2
P. & O. Banking Corporation	..£9-5/4
National Bank	..£48
Eastern Bank	..£6-3/8
Funding Loan 4% ..	..£86-7/8
Conversion Loan ..	..£76-1/8
Indian Loan 5 1/2% ..	..£102-1/2
Rupee Paper 3 1/2% ..	..£57-1/2
Indian Stock 3% Sterling Loan	..£59-1/4
Indian Stock 3 1/2% Sterling Loan	..£68-3/4
Consols	..£54-3/4
War Loan 5%	..£102-1/4
Victory Bonds 4% ..	..£91-3/8

FREIGHT QUOTATIONS.

(MESSRS. PITAMBER & CO.)

Bombay, 22nd April.

Steamers for	Seeds of 12 month of Shipment	Seeds of 14 & 13 Cwts.	Seeds of 15 Cwts.	Seeds of 16 cwts. & measurt
Hull	April			
	May	13/6	14/6	15/6 16/6
	June/July	13/-	14/-	15/- 16/-
London				
	April	16/-	17/-	18/- 19/-
	May	13/6	14/6	15/6 16/6
	June/July	13/-	14/-	15/- 16/-
Liverpool	April	14/6	15/6	16/6 17/6
	May.	13/6	14/6	15/6 16/6
	Ju/July	13/-	14/-	15/- 16/-
Antwerp				
	April	Not Quoting		
	May	13/6	14/6	15/6 16/6
Rotterdam Hamburg Bremen	Ju/July May- June	13/-	14/-	15/- 16/-
Havre				
	April	Not quoting		
	May	15/-	16/-	17/- 18/-
	June/July	14/6	15/6	16/6 17/6
Dunkirk	April	Not	quoting	
	May	13/6	14/6	15/6 16/6
	June/July	13/-	14/-	15/- 16/-
Barceiona				
	April	21/6	22/6	23/6 24/6
Genoa				
	April	14/6	14/6	15/- 16/6
	May/June	13/-	14/-	15/- 16/-
Naples				
Leghorn				
Trieste Venice	April May/June	14/-	14/-	Not quoting 15/6 16/6
New York	April			38/-

Remarks:—During the week under report following business was done: Anchor Line booked 1000 tons for April at 13 Sh. and 16 Sh. and further 500/600 tons at rates varying from 13/3 and 16/3 to 13/9 and 16/9.

City of Benares about 1000 tons were booked at 11 Sh. and 14 Sh. and small lots at a little lighter rates.

For May Liners have done business at 13 and 16 Sh. and are now holding for 13/6 and 16/6.

Market is quiet but steady.

WEEKLY SUGAR REPORT.

Bombay, April 22.

Since our last Ready as well as Forward Prices remained practically unaltered round last week-end pre-cde levels. There have been very narrow fluctuations of about 2 to 3 annas per cwt. on Spot Prices annd of about 2 to 3d. per cwt in Forward Prices. The market has ruled steady but quiet during the whole week. The highest the lowest rates this week were Rs. 16/7 and Rs. 15/4 for Java and Rs. 16/10 and Rs. 16/8 for B R B Beet Ready Sugar; sh 16/11 and sh 16/10 for March, sh 17/ and sh 16/10 for April, sh 16/11 and sh 16/8 for June, sh 16/8 and sh 15/5 for July/Aug/Sept. and sh 16/10 and sh 16/8 for Octo/Nov/Dec. Shipment for Java Sugar and sh 17/1 and sh 16/10 for March Shipment for B R B Beet Sugar.

Total Stocks are estimated at 250,000 Bags of Java and 1,50,000 Bags of Beet Sugar.

The following are the quotations ruling Bazar to day

Fine White Java Sugar:—

	per cwt.
Ready	Rs. 16/7
Transhipt.	Rs. 11/8
Shipt. March	sh 16/10 FBH
Shipt. April	sh 16/10 „
Shipt. June	sh 16/9 „
Shipt. July/Aug/Spet.	sh 16/5 „
Shipt. Octo/Nov/Dec.	sh. 16/8 „
Jamnagar C. I. F. March.	
April	sh 17/4 „
B R B Beet Sugar.	
Ready	sh 16/11
Shipt. March	sh 16/11 „

LONDON PRODUCE.

London, April 21.

Cottonseed, Bombay,	
Apl./May Shipment offered	£8 15-0
Castorseed, Bombay,	
Apl./May Shipment offered,	£18-5-0
Rapeseed, Toria, Ton,	
Apl./May Shipment quoted,	£20-5-0
Rapeseed, Toria ton £20|5 May-June shipment quoted	

LONDON RUBBER.

London, April 21.

Smoked Sheet, Standard Ribbed, Lb, Spot	1/8 Buyers
Smoked Sheet, Standard Ribbed, lb, Spot.. ..	.1/8-1/8 Sellers
Pale Crepe, lb Spot	..1/7-7/8 Buyers
Pale Crepe, lb, Spot	..1/8-1/8 Sellers

COFFEE.

New York Apr 21.

Coffee. Fair Rio, (No. 7 quality), Spot	15-15/16

LONDON METALS.

London, April 21.

Copper. English Best Selected,	£59-3/4
Copper, Braziers, ..	..£71
Yellow Metal, ..	..£65-1/2
Spelter, Hard Indian Brands,	..£26-1/4
Corrugated Sheets, 24 Gauge,	..£15-1/8
Tin, English Ingots, ..	..£296
Tin Plates, I. C., 20" 14", ..	S D
112 Sheets per case of 108 lb, net...	19/6

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RAW COTTON SITUATION.

American. Heavy Rains & Floods in Mississippi-Turge Speculative Buying and Short Cowring Futures Advanced 75 to 84 Points.

Local.—Considerable Selling Influenced by Japan Financial Troubles. Ready Small Demand.

AMERICANS.

During the week under review prices registered on advance of 78 and 84 points in May and January Contracts on the New York Cotton Exchange.

Continued rains in the Mississippi valey, causing serous floods in the central belt arrested the attention of the speculators which resulted in heavy buying in conjunction with short covering.

Latest Cables received indicate that the reports of damage are exaggerated. But speaking seriously we think it possible that as a market factor the damage may be discounted for the present. That it will stop to rain some time we have no doubt, and while we are convinced that the crop will be a lute one, there has been no serious damage on the whole so far. At the same time we realize that with the stopage of rains in the Mississippi there may be a reversal of sentiment.

Reports received so far confirm us in the opinion that the spinners throughout the world have bought about all the cotton they will spin up during the present season and some months ahead for the next season. Their purchases from now on will be addition to reserves and they need not buy precipitately. The market is therefore dependent upon the weather and its dependence upon the speculative mind. Then it should not be forgetten that the crop is doing pretty well in other states from which we get little news. From the importance accorded the crop outlook in central Belt and Mississippi Valley one would not think that Cotton was grown anywhere else. But this is not the case and by way of getting a clearer idea of the possibilities it will be safer to await further developments.

However we will like to place before the eaders a historical fact that purchases of Januarp N. T. contracts during the month of May when prices are low, invariably show profits. During the last quarter century such purchases have shown profits rangingg from 50 to 1,500 points. The reason seems to be that in the month of May a crop, whether it be of an early or late start, presents most luxirrious appearance of abundance of supplies, creating a most hopeful situation resulting in low levels of prices. Those into wigh to take an advantage of such low levels, we advise them to wait.

LOCAL COTTON

During the week prices in the local market show a slow rise of Rs. 12 per coly.

Ready cotton continues with a slack demand either from the Mills or the exporters. The financial crisis in Japan owing to temporarily suspension of payment by some Banks had been the priciple factor in inducing heavy liquidations by Japanese firms. There is absence of important well support and with a continuance of slow demand for spot Cotton we are afraid, the local market will not be in a position to respond to better American advices. The whole crop of Broach and Dholera districts remains to be sold consumers. The are no prospects of any brisk demand for ready Cotton in the near futur. Thus we are inclined to take small risks on the short side for quick turns only.

KEROSINE RATES

(The Burma Oil Company Limited, Bombay.)

Bombay, April 22.

	Rs. as. p.
"Waterlily" 150 deg. F. Test per case of 2 tins	9 10 0
"Firefly" 150 deg. F. Test per case of 2 tins	9 4 0
"Swastika" 125 deg. F. Test per 2 tins	7 12 6
"Chukker" 125 deg. F. Test per 2 tins	7 10 6
"Chukker" 125 deg. F. in bulk per 8 Imp. Gls.	6 6 6
"Victoria" 125 deg. F. per 2 tins	6 4 6
"Victoria" 125 deg. F. in bulk per 8 Imp. Gls.	5 0 6

The Asiatic Petroleum Co., (India) Ltd.)

Shell Cases per case	10 0 6
Anchor Brand New tins per pair	7 12 6
Rising Sun Brand New Tins per pair	7 10 6
Rising Sun Brand Bulk per 8 Imp. gals.	6 6 6
Swan Brand New tins per pair	6 4 6
Swan Brand Bulk per 8 Imp. Gallons	5 0 6

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

ENGAGEMENTS.

TO-DAY.

The s.s. "Rajputana" with the English mails leaves at 1 p.m.

F. E. Examination, S. E. (Civil) and S. E. (Mechanical), B. E. (Civil) and B. E. (Mechanical) Examination Results, University Hall, 2 p.m.

Miss K. Davis' lecture on Children's Problem, Servants of India Society's Home, 6 p.m., Mr. P. L. Thacker to preside.

SUNDAY, April 24.

Mr. Spratt's lecture on "Revolutions and India," Students' Brotherhood Hall, Sandhurst Bridge, 6-30 p.m.

Fifth session of Parel Conference, D. T. Moolji Hall, Poibavdi, Parel, 3-30 p.m.

MONDAY, April 25.

Mr. F. C. Davar's lecture on Shah Namah, K. R. Cama Institute, 172 Hornby Road, 6 p.m., Mirza A. M. Khan to preside.

KSHATRIYA UNION CLUB.

The annual social gathering of the Club will be held at Parel "Shubhakaryalaya" to-day (Saturday) and to-morrow (Sunday).

GRANT COLLEGE MEDICAL SOCIETY.

A meeting will be held at the Anatomy Theatre, Grant Medical College, to-day (Saturday), at 5 p.m. (S.T.)

B. P. C. C. COUNCIL MEETING.

An urgent meeting of the Council of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee will be held to-day (Saturday) at 8 a.m. at the Congress House.

RADIO PROGRAMME.

A concert programme will be broadcast by the Bombay Presidency Radio Club to-day (Saturday) from 9-30 to 11 p.m. Call Sign 2 FV. Wavelength 387 metres.

DADAR EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTE.

The prize distribution of the above Institute will be held to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. under the persidentship of Mr. Janameyjaya Chhabildas.

BOMBAY POSTAL UNION.

The annual general meeting of the Union will be held to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m. (S.T.) in the Prarthana Samaj Mandir, Charni Road, Girgaum, Mr. M. R. Jayakar, Bar-at-Law, will preside.

MUNICIPAL SPORTS CLUB.

The first anniversary of the Municipal Sports Club will be celebrated on Saturday, the 23rd inst., when the President (viz. the Commissioner) will be "At Home" to the members.

CHAROTAR EDUCATION SOCIETY.

Under the auspices of the Charotar Education Society, Anand, an Exhibition of Fine Arts, the social gathering of the past and present students of the institution and the celebration of the eleventh anniversary of the C. E. Society are to be held to-day (Saturday) and 24th inst. Leading educationists and famous artists of Gujarat will be present on the occasion.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The N. Y. K. Steamer "Tottori Maru" left Kobe for Bombay via ports of Call on the 17th inst., and is due to arrive here on or about the 15th May.

The homeward P. and O. Mail Steamer "Ranchi" with the mails from Bombay of 9th instant arrived at Marseilles at 7 a.m. on the 22nd instant. Passengers travelling by the P. and O. Special Train were due to arrive in London on Saturday afternoon. The Mails left by the Mail Special would be delivered in London on Sunday morning.

ALL-BANDRA TENNIS TOURNAMENT.

The following are the results of the matches played:—

LADIES' SINGLES:—Mrs. A W C Villiers beat Miss Fry 6—2, 8—6. Mrs. E Gould beat Miss D Hunes 2—6, 6—2, 6—1. Mrs. N Haslam beat Miss Kothawalla 7—5, 6—0. Mrs. Gould beat Miss Bottlewalla 6—1, 6—0.

MIXED DOUBLES: Semi-finals:—P N Pereira and Mrs. Haslam beat M C Captain and Miss Bottlewalla 6—1, 6—2. A C Pereira and Mrs. Gould beat G M Rose and Miss E McGill 6—1, 4—6, 6—3.

POSTAL NOTICES.

Mails for the Straits (including Siam, Borneo F.M.S. Johore Malacca, Netherlands Indies, Phillipine Islands, Penang, Selangore and Singapore) and China per S.S. "Tarica" via Negapatam will be closed at General Post Office at 6-30 p.m. on Wednesday, the 27th instant.

Superscribed Mails for Singapore and Japan per S.S. "Akita Maru" will be closed at the General Post Office at 12 noon on Sunday, the 24th inst.

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"CHANGE THE CONGRESS PROGRAMME."

WORKERS' PARTY REPRESENTATION

It is understood the Secretary of the Workers and Peasants Party of Bombay —which has been recently started at the inspiration of Mr. Shapurji Saklatvala, M.P.—has submitted a lengthy representation to the General Secretary of the All-India Congress Committee requesting him to place his proposals for a change in the Congress programme adopted at the Congress sessions at Gauhati, before the ensuing meeting of the committee to be held in Bombay on May 5. Great stress has been laid in the representation, on the necessity of organising the industrial labour and peasantry throughout India.

CHILDREN PROTECTION SOCIETY.

REVIEW OF WORK DONE.

The annual general meeting of the Society for the protection of Children in Western India was held in the Municipal Corporation Hall on Friday evening, Sir Temulji B. Narima presiding.

The report of 1926 stated that there were 144 children including 33 girls in Byramjee Jeejeebhoy Home. 153 children were admitted in the Home. Of these 80 were sent by the police 60 by the magistrates 5 by private persons and 7 came of their own accord.

FINANCIAL POSITION.

The total receipts for the year exclusive of the proceeds from sale of investments have amounted to Rs. 21,703|8|1, against which an expenditure of Rs. 23,188|9|8 was incurred (Rs. 21,805|5 from General Fund and Rs. 1,383|4|8 from Building Fund), thus resulting in a deficit of Rs. 1,485|1|7. This deficit is distributed between the General Fund Rs. 101|12|11 and Building Fund Rs. 1,383|4|8. The closing balance on 31st December 1926 has amounted to Rs. 5,475|14|3 of which Rs. 5,442|11|5 is with the Lloyd's Bank, Ld. and Rs. 33|2|10 in the hands of the Superintendent. There was a large falling off in the collection of donations and interest receipts have also fallen due to sale of Investment. During the year, however, Government were pleased to increase their grant from Rs. 5,000 to Rs. 10,000 and had it not been for the magnificent donation the fund of the Society would have suffered serious loss.

The report was adopted and office-bearers and executive committee for the ensuing year were elected. Sir Temulji B. Nariman was elected president and the Hon. Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoola, Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim and Mr. Byramjee Jeejeebhoy were elected vice-presidents.

FRATERNAL GREETINGS.

BATTERSEA'S RECEPTION TO SAKLATVALA

According to information received in India, Mr. Shapurji Saklatvala will be given a great reception at Battersea to-morrow. The following cable was sent to the Battersea Labour Party Council on Thursday:—

Councillor Chesterman,
Labour Party Townhall,
Battersea, London.

Accept our fraternal greetings and hearty co-operation in Battersea and Saklatvala's great fight for freedom of every nation wish 25th reception all success. From:—Joshi, Jinwala, Jhabhavala, Brelvi, Bharucha, Yaganik, Political and Labour groups, and Desai.

ABETMENT OF THEFT

HEAVY PUNISHMENT TO SWEETMEAT SELLER.

Shanker Krishna, a schoolboy aged 13, studying in a school in Zaoba's Wadi Thakurdwar, and Govindram Moolchand a sweetmeat seller having his shop opposite Zaoba's Wadi were placed before Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawala the Acting Third Presidency Magistrate at the Esplanade Police Court on Friday on charges of theft and abetment respectively.

Sub-Inspector Sawant who conducted the prosecution stated that Shanker used to purchase sweets from the second accused from time to time promising payment at a later date. When the amount accumulated the second accused pressed for payment of the amount which Shanker confessed he was unable to give. The second accused thereupon, instigated the boy to commit theft in his house. The boy acted upon the instigation and stealing there gold ornaments from a cupboard in the house pledged them with a Marwari with the help of the second accused.

The first accused pleaded guilty while the second accused pleaded not guilty.

The Magistrate convicted both the accused and bound over the first accused for a sum of Rs. 25/ for nine months. The second accused was sentenced to suffer three months' rigorous imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 100/.

ALLEGED DEFAMATION.

WARRANT ISSUED AGAINST SARASWATI DEVI.

HEARING ADJOURNED TO TUESDAY.

When the case in which one Taiyabkhan Moosaji Koicha had charged Mahomedali Yusufali Modi, Saraswati Devi, Chowdhari and two others with defamation came up for hearing before Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawala, Acting Third Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Police Court, on Friday morning, the complainant withdrew his case against the third and the fourth accused as they had tendered an apology and informed the Court that he waned to proceed against only the first and the second accused.

Mr. P. N. Godinho appeared for the complainant, while Mr. B. T. Desai defended the first and the second accused. Saraswati Devi was absent.

The Magistrate informed Mr. Godinho that the second accused had sent a medical certificate stating that she was unable to attend the Court.

Mr. Godinho alleged that it was not true and that he had letters and telegrams certifying that she (the second accused) was hale and hearty and had also contested the Municipal elections at Karachi. Mr. Godinho produced a recent photograph of the accused and requested the Court to decide whether the accused was in a position to attend the Court in person.

The Magistrate ordered the issue of a bailable warrant against the second accused and adjourned further hearing to Tuesday (May 26).

JOINT ELECTORATES WELCOMED.

The following resolutions were unanimously passed by the Managing Committee of the Hindu Sabha, Parel Branch, at its last meeting:—

(1) The meeting of the M. C. of the Hindu Sabha Parel Branch welcomes the suggestions of some of the Mahomedan leaders assembled at Delhi to have joint electorates as a step towards the settlement of the communal differences, and recommends them to the Hindu Maha-Sabha to consider and find out the best solution in a way honourable to both the communities.

(2). The Hindu Sabha, Parel Branch, strongly condemns the action of certain Mahomedans of Larkana for committing atrocities in spite of the decision of the Court, and extends its sympathy to the Hindu victims.

MAHARASHTRA NATIONAL EDUCATIONAL CONFERENCE.

The Fourth Session of the Maharashtra National Education Conference will be held in the Prajnya Pathashala, Wai (Dist. Satara), on the 28th and 29th inst. under the presidentship of Mr. Tatyasaheb Karandikar.

ALIENS IN IN FINLAND.

The Consul for Finland writes:—

"This Consulate has received an Ordinance issued by the President of the Republic of Finland respecting the entry of aliens into and stay in Finland and will be glad to show the same to any of your Members that may be interested."

BILL COLLECTOR JAILED

Shanker Gopal Rane, a bill collector in the Victoria Hotel at Frere Road was charged before Mr. G. R. Khairaz the Second Presidency Magistrate at the Mazagon Police Court on Friday for criminal breach of trust and was convicted and sentenced to two months' rigorous imprisonment.

Sub-Inspector Patil who conducted the prosecution alleged that the accused who collected bills on behalf of the Hotel had collected about Rs. 200/ from different clients and had absconded. He was subsequently traced at Ratnagiri and was brought down to Bombay.

The accused pleaded guilty.

The Magistrate convicted him and sentenced him as above.

DERAILMENT AT COLABA STATION.

TRAFFIC DISORGANISED FOR 3 HOURS

Early on Friday morning a derailment of an engine and a carriage which caused disorganisation of train service for about three hours occurred at Colaba Station of the B. B. and C. I. Railway.

The engine of a down-train, while shunting, suddenly came out of the track dragging with it one carriage also. Fortunately no one in the engine was hurt, and the Station-master at once took the necessary precautions and arranged all local trains to terminate and start from Churchgate. At about 9-30 a.m., however, normal running was resumed.

The cause of the derailment is not known.

A WELCOME MOVE

SPECIAL POLICE STAFF APPOINTED,

TO WORK CHILDREN'S PROTECTION ACT.

We understand that the Government of Bombay have appointed a special police staff to work the Children's Protection and Prostitution acts.

Deputy-Inspector Sheik will be in charge of this Department assisted by two Sub-Inspectors. A separate office of this new Department has been opened at Nagpada Police Station. The Deputy Inspector, Crimes, will supervise the working of this new Department.

SCHOOLS COMMITTEE MEETING.

CONSIDERATION OF SECRETARY'S RESIGNATION POSTPONED.

An adjourned meeting of the Schools Committee of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held on Friday evening, Rao Bahadur A. K. Pai presiding.

There were a number of items of interests on the agenda and a stormy meeting was expected. The Committee however disposed of a few formal items and adjourned till Tuesday next.

A letter of resignation from the Secretary asking leave to revert to Government service was placed on the agenda but its consideration was postponed till Tuesday next.

INCREASE IN TRAM FARES.

B P C C'S RESOLUTION OF PROTEST

The proposal for increase in fares by the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Company Limited has evoked opposition from all quarters and it is happy news to learn that the members of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee have not failed to come out with a strong protst against the iniquitous proposal, in time. It is reliably understood that Mr. K. N. Joglekar, one of the Secretaries of the Committee has given notice to move a resolution at the ensuing meeting of the Council of the Committee, protesting strongly against the proposed increase in tramway fares and urging the Committee to carry on strenuous propaganda in the public to educate public opinion on the subject.

ARYA SAMAJ ANNIVERSARY

TRIBUTES TO ITS FOUNDER

The Arya Samaj of Bombay celebrated its fifty-third anniversary on Friday afternoon at the Marwadi Vidyalaya, Mr. Shivdas Champsey, Secretary of the Bombay Presidency Hindu Sabha presiding. A fairly large number of ladies and gentlemen attended. Mr. D. M. Wadia, Secretary of the Wadia Charities also attended.

The proceedings commenced with the ceremony of a widow-marriage performed according to Vedic rites, Pandit Balkrishna Sharma acting as the acharya. Mrs. Vijaya Gauri daughter of Jethalal Haribhai Pandya aged 15 years belonging to Audichya Sahasra community was married to Mr. Ramprasad Mangalal Shukla (35), manager of the Krishna Film Company belonging to her own community.

After the marriage ceremony was was over Mr. Shivdas Champsey narrated the history of the foundation and growtr of the Aryt Samaj movement in India and paid a glowing tribute to the splendid and exemplary services of Maharshi Dayanand, the founder of the Samaj. Mr. Shivdas then dwelt at length on the deplorable divisions and subdivisions in the Hindu society and urged the Hindus to unite and stand as one man against attacks from other communities.

Swami Satyadanand and others addressed the gathering on the importance and necessity of the activities carried on by the Arya Samaj.

The gathering then dispersed with recitation of Bhajans and hymns from the Vedas

NEW OIL EXTRACTION PROCESS IS FLOATED.

COMPANY IS STARTED IN LONDON TO BUILD PLANT.

The extraction of oil from coal by the low temperature carbonization process will be started commercially by the L. and N. Coal Distillation Company, which has just been formed in London, for the purpose of installing plants capable of producing 100 tons daily per retort. The backers of the undertaking claim that the treatment of coal in an internally-heated, revolving retort produces oil which in every respect equals the high-grade oil from earth wells.

Not the least interesting of the latest of the developments is the extraction of synthetic resin from this coal oil, which is not obtainable from the ordinary well oil. Approximately 60 pounds of resin are produced per ton of coal. Thus the present monthly resin importation to England of more than £150,000 in value will possibly be changed into export.

Plans are well advanced also toward the treatment of vast brown coal deposits in the state of Victoria, Australia by the same process.

PEDDAR ROAD MOTOR SMASH.

FURTHER PROSECUTION EVIDENCE

The examinttion of P.C. No. 3168, who was on duty at the junction of Peddar and Carmichael Roads on the night of the Peddar Road smash was continued on Friday evening when the hearing of the trial on a charge of rush driving against Mr. Russa charge of rash driving against Mr. Russa dency Magistrate of Bombay.

Cross-examined by Mr. S. G. Velinkar, counsel for the accused, witness explained the position of the lights and mentioned where he was standing on the night in question. He saw the two cars approaching when they were only 15 paces away. They were going very fast. He read the front numbers as well as the rear numbers on on the plates of the cars.

Asked again whether he saw the front numbers of both cars witness said that he particularly noted the number of car Y1238. The car had gone 20 paces by the time he took out his note book. He remembered the numbers till he noted them down in the books.

WITNESS CORRECTS HIMSELF.

Continuing witness said he was not examined at the Coroner's Court although he was present there. Mr. Naden, Inspector of Police at Agripada, was the first person to whom he narrated the story of the two cars racing. He had told Mr. Kelly, the Commissioner of Police, the same day about the racing of the cars. It was in the early hours of March 2 that he spoke with Mr. Naden. Sub-Inspector Parolekar had recorded his statement in the present of Mr. Naden. The statement of the former witness was also taken by him in witness' presence. He did not hand over his note book to Mr. Naden on March 2. He had told him at the Hospital that he had noted down the numbers of the cars in suestion in his note book.

At this satge witness corrected himself saying that his statement was not recorded at the Police Station on March 2. He had made only a verbal statement to Mr. Naden. On March 4, his statement was reduced to writing by Mr. Parolekar. The same evening Sub-Inspector Patel typed his statement. For the third time again the Inspector took down a further statement from him in writing.

Witness further stated that the second time he saw the car No. Y1238, it was at the foot of Peddar Road. At that time it had no lights. The cars that were racing were on the proper side of the road. There were four persons in car No. Y563 while in the other (No. Y1238) there was only one.

FURTHER HEARING ADJOURNED.

Counsel referred witness to his diary and asked him what made him write in his diary that the cars were on the wrong side of the road.

Witness replied that when he went to the spot of the accident the damaged car was on the wrong side of the road. He later realised his mistake. He could not have observed the numbers if they were going on the wrong side of the road.

Further hearing was then adjourned to April 26.

BALDWIN DOING WELL

LONDON, April 21.

Rugby.—It is semi-officially stated that the Premier who has lately felt the strain of his work has benefited greatly from his rest at Chequers where he went last Wednesday week end and is now restored to health. For the present, however, he will reduce the number of his public engagements as much as possible. He returns from Chequers next Monday in readiness for the reassembling of Parliament on the following day. Later in the year he hopes to fulfil the programme of engagements which has been made for him including addressing of a mass meeting in England and Scotland.—B. O. W.

LEVER BROTHERS

LONDON, April 21.

It was announced at the annual meeting of Messrs. Lever Brothers, to-day, that for the second year in succession no dividend would be paid on ordinary shares or co-partnership certificates.—Reuter's Special.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Mr. Satish Chandra Bose, eldest brother of Mr. Subash Chandra Bose, reched Rangoon on Friday Morning from Calcutta, and immediately after landing, proceeded to Insein, where he met his brother in the jail.

The Karnatak Muslim Educational Conference will meet on the 29th instant in the Sardar High School Hall, Belgaum. Mr. M. K. Shaikh, Collector of Thana District, has been elected President.

Mr. Hemchand R. Mehta, Executive Engineer of the Bhavnagar State Railway, has been appointed Manager and Chief Engineer of the Cutch State Railway. He will take charge on May 1.

LATEST COTTON QUOTATIONS.

(Through Cotton Telegraphic Information Service, 375, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay).

MAY.
NEW YORK.

	April 22.
Previous Closing Rate	14.95
To-day's Opening Rate	14.86
Difference	—.09
To-day's Closing Rate	14.73
Difference	—.22

Broach April|May Expectation 288

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

	April 22.
Previous Closing Rate	7.71
To-day's Opening Rate	7.88
Difference	plus .17
To-day's Closing Rate	7.74
Difference	plus.03

LONDON SILVER MARKET

LATEST QUOTATIONS

	April 22.
Silver Ready	26-4-0
Difference	0-1-0 higher
Silver Forward	26-2-0
Difference	0-1-0 higher

Tone of Market: Steady.

WOMEN SMOKERS.

WHY OUTPUT OF CIGARETTES HAS TREBLED IN 20 YEARS.

Women are held to be chiefly responsible for the amazing increase in cigarette smoking which has been a feature of the tobacco industry during the past few years.

The output of cigarettes in Britain in 1907 was 267,200 cwt. In 1924 it had increased to 823,000 cwt. and an estimate for last year puts the output at 900,000 cwt.

"Women smokers and widespread advertising are mainly responsible for the increase," commented the head of a big London firm of cigarette-makers.

"The smoking habit among women received a great stimulus during the war, and by 1921 it was more or less general.

"The habit has grown steadily ever since. The woman who started with a cigarette after her coffee gradually increased her allowance, and now the 20-to-50-cigarettes-a-day woman is not uncommon."

The modern cigarette-making machine, it was stated, can turn out 1,000 a minute or between 300,000 and 400,000 a day.

It is understood that the forthcoming meeting of the Princes Standing Committee will probably be attended by Maharajas of Bikaner, Patiala, Alwaya Kashmir and Nawanagar Nawab of Bhopal and Maharao of Cutch. Definite information, however is available so far in the case of the Maharaja of Patiala only.

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Fine, Fragrant, Delicious, Nutritive
Prepared from Richest Green Amalas with Rasa-Sindur, Abhrak, Bhasma, Saffron, Musk and other choicest Tonic and Carminative drugs added.
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is
The Ideal Tonic Food
you need
HAVE IT FROM TO-DAY.
AVOID SUBSTITUTES.
Ask for Kesari Jivan Leaflet and Price Lists.
Price 1 lb. Rs. 5, ½ lb. Rs. 2/12, ¼ lb. Re. 1/8.
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Sayani Road, : : BOMBAY 14
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New Classes for the SPECIAL DIPLOMA EXAMS. IN ACCOUNTING, BANKING, COMPANY MANAGEMENT AND COMMERCE recently instituted by the Indian Merchants' Chamber will be started shortly. No University qualifications are required for candidates wishing to take any of these courses. Candidates passing this Exam. will be entitled to use **D. Com. M.C.** after their names. All young men anxious to improve their future prospects are requested to call immediately and see or write to the Principal,

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The Bombay Chronicle.

SATURDAY APRIL 23, 1927.

A SINISTER MOVE.

As if to administer a snub to the good people of the United Provinces, who have been frantically sending telegrams to the Viceroy and higher authorities demanding that a non-Civilian should be appointed Governor of the United Provinces, comes the official announcement from Simla of the selection of Sir Alexander Muddiman and Sir Charles Innes for the "gadis" of the U.P. and Burma respectively. We pointed out yesterday that, so long as the present system of administration continues and the I.C.S., instead of being the servant remains the master of the Indian people, it makes precious little difference whether a Civilian from India or a Parliamentarian from England becomes Governor of a province. Of one thing there can be no doubt, namely, that it is a most pernicious principle and a travesty of responsible government to place a member of the permanent Civil Service in the position of the head of a province. Sir Alexander Muddiman is an estimable gentleman, but his record as Home Member, responsible for the Bengal Ordinance and internments and the defeat of all non-official attempts to secure a revision of the Constitution,—to mention only two outstanding inglorious achievements—gives no hope that he will prove a better governor than Sir Charles Innes, whose sterling services to English manufacturers at the cost of India, as revealed in his administration of the railways and the preference given to British steel, are a guarantee that he will firmly and efficiently carry out the White man's burden in Burma by making the latter safe for British domination and exploitation. The I. C. S. has reason to rejoice. For, five years more, its representatives will be Governors of most of the Indian provinces while it will continue through the Executive Councillors and lesser officials to dictate the policy of the administration throughout the country. It is a sinister move this to mar the prospects of the next Constitutional change at its very birth. The only way to checkmate it is for us to unite our national forces and make the pressure of our demand so irresistible as to secure a constitution in which the Governors will be relegated to the proper place they occupy in all self-governing Dominions.

SIKHS AT BAY.

The resignations tendered by the Sikh members of their seats in the Punjab Legislative Council marks a new stage in the prolonged and strenuous struggle carried on by the valiant Sikh community against the unholy custodians of their temples and the cruel autocracy of Government. These resignations are not the results of personal whim or fury. They have been tendered, in accordance with the most solemn resolution recently passed by the Shiromani Gurudwara Prabhandhak Committee, the new body though having the old sacred name, constituted under the new Gurudwara Act. That Committee, again, cannot be accused of any hasty or precipitate decision in this matter, as it has held itself in patience for a pretty long time and it decided on the extreme step of recalling its members from the Council only after the resolution adopted by the latter without a division, recommending the release of all Sigh prisoners, was deliberately flouted by the irresponsible executive of the Punjab. The Government of Sir Malcolm Hailey have thus broken the most solemn pledge that was implicitly conveyed to the Sikh leaders during the long-drawn negotiations over the Gurudwara Bill. For, they have sought to break the spirit of the Sikh prisoners, including their venerable leader, Sardar Kharaksingh, by facing them with impossible and humiliating undertakings after the Bill was safely passed and was actually begun to be worked in a real spirit of co-operation by the general body of Sikhs, That very spirit of co-operation is actually embodied in the constitution of the new Prabhandhak Committee which is carrying on its legitimate duties in a perfectly orderly and peaceful manner. And yet if it has ordered resignations from the Council, at a time when questions about the rights of all communities, small and big, are being thrashed out in view of the appointment of the Statutory Commission on reforms, it has done so under a religious sense of compulsion with a view to preserve intact the honour and self-respect of this brave community.

Of course, Government have always some lame excuse or the other to justify even their most reprehensible deeds. So in this cas also Sir Geoffrey de Montmorency in opposing the resolution on the release of Sikh prisoners trotted out the grave danger of releasing men "who were still unrepentant and who had a predilection for applying the doctrine of direct action and force as the main solution of questions of civil rights." Now, he certainly talked through his hat when he referred to the use of force, as even during the most critical stages of the struggle the Sikhs have only resorted to the peaceful weapon of Satyagraha and have shed no blood except their own. But Satyagraha certainly implies direct action—the last legitimate and peaceful weapon of all unarmed peoples. But Sir Geoffrey and his colleagues cannot feel worried over any prospects of such a struggle in the immediate future as the Sikh community has decided for the while to work out the present Act for a solution of all their religious questions. The only object Government then can have in still detaining in prison hundreds of Sikhs is obviously to get them to foreswear the new-found armoury of Satyagraha, and this, indeed, the valiant martyrs in the sacred cause of the Panth, will never do even in the face of death. But such a shameless persecution of a band of heroes will not and cannot be tolerated by Sikhs or their fellow-countrymen of other creeds and if Government do not hasten to release the veteran prisoners we have no doubt but that the resignations of Sikh members will be the starting point for a renewed agitation and struggle that may well recall the heroism displayed on the historic sites of Jaitu and Guru-ka-Bag.

CUTCH AFFAIRS.

We have in these columns repeatedly drawn attention to the many disabilities and grievances of the people of Cutch, a State which probably holds the first place as regards the antediluvian character of its administration and the constant state of fear and insecurity about their liberty and honour in which the subjects have to live. It is a truism that the people get the government they deserve and it cannot be denied that the continuance in Cutch of misrule and excesses which have been reported in the Press, is, to no small extent due to the apathy of the people of that State and, to a much larger extent, to the absence of public spirit on the part of the Cutchi subjects who have made their fortune, name and home in Bombay. If the people of Cutch, especially those resident in Bombay, had awakened to their duty and mobilised all their forces for carrying on persistent agitation, there is no doubt that some at least of their grievances would by this time have been removed and many of the alleged excesses would have been prevented. Thanks to the devoted and untiring efforts of certain well-known Cutchi residents of Bombay, the awakening has at last taken place and the first Cutchi People's Conference, which held its session in Bombay in October last was a measure at once of the depth of feeling roused among Cutchis by the deplorable state of things prevailing in Cutch and of their determination to mend or end it. The Conference passed a series of resolutions and appointed a deputation to wait on His Highness the Maharao in order to urge on the latter the urgency and the wisdom of bowing to the wishes of the accredited representatives of his subjects. The deputation waited on him—with results which are well-known. To the injury of throwing cold water on the efforts of the Cutchi People's Conference, the Maharao, on the eve of his departure for the hunting-expedition to East Africa, added the insult of not even acknowledging receipt of letters and telegrams sent to him by its Secretaries drawing attention to certain crying grievances and requesting for an interview. The obstructive attitude of the Maharao will, we have no doubt, only spur the organisers and the leading spirits of the Conference to more determined and vigorous performance of the task they have undertaken to accomplish. And the temporary absence of the Maharao affords them an opportunity which they may, with tact and firmness, turn to the good of their State. In the absence of the Maharao Madhubha Saheb, the Heir-Apparent is in charge of the administration.

This is not the first time that Madhubh Saheb is placed in the position of the virtual ruler of Cutch. Thrice before this he was placed in that position and on all occasions he gave practical proof of his genuine concern for the welfare of the people whose heart and confidence he won over. Madhubha Saheb does not merely possess the capacity to rule well and efficiently; he is also endowed with that rare gift among the Indian ruling princes, namely, enthusiastic devotion to the good of the people, a devotion informed by imaginative insight into their needs. He holds the reins of administration for the first time after the people of the State have, through an organised body of their own, ventilated their grievances and given expression to their keen desire for radical reforms in the administrative machinery. He has, therefore, an opportunity which one, with his sympathetic temperament and laudable ambition, cannot miss. It is true of course, that authority has been vested in him only for a short time and that it is conceivable that when the Maharao returns he may seek to undo any good work that may now be attempted. But a conscientious ruler such as the Madhubha Saheb is will not allow such considerations to deter him from doing the just and right thing by the people. Apart from his own inclinations, expediency also demands that the Heir-Apparent should utilise his present opportunity for carrying into effect the resolutions of the Cutchi People's Conference. For, by doing so not only will he add to his own popularity but will also make it difficult, if not impossible, for the Maharao to continue misgoverning his State as he has been doing all these years. Again the Maharao is old and it will not be long before the Heir-Apparent succeeds him. The love and confidence of the people which he will now win will stand him in good stead when he becomes their ruler "de jure" as well as "de facto." He has already begun well. We understand that he has ordered an enquiry into the alleged indifference of the State officials at the time of the latest "Vita" tragedy at Mandvi. We hope he will complete the good work that he has begun so well.

DANGEROUS CONCESSIONS.

The Bombay Tramway Company is, like Oliver Twist, always wanting more. The Municipal Corporation will do well for once and all to put an effective check to its grasping activities and give it plainly to understand that in the interests of the thousands of poor people who use the trams it will not tolerate the Company's designs for an "improved" system of fares under which the passengers will find themselves pouring more money into the coffers of a commercial enterprise which even in these days of business depression is able to declare a dividend of 14 per cent. Appetite grows by what it feeds on. The Tramway Company has been so accustomed to browbeating the Corporation ever since it displaced the Old Horse Trams concern that every concession granted to it, a monopolist undertaking, only whets its appetite all the more for securing more profits. Considering that the new Company was willing to forego its so-called right to charge additional fares for new extensions, the Corporation relinquished in its agreement with it fifty per cent. of the yearly rent which it was entitled to demand. Why should a Company which enjoys a monopoly but which forgets that it is a public utility concern be allowed to be pampered at the expense of the poor travelling public? The only right thing for the Corporation will be to insist upon the municipalisation of the tramways and if it is not prepared to do so immediately, at least to demand from the present Tramway Company a reduction of fares instead of allowing it to rake in further profits by the proposed new device of transfer tickets at a higher charge.

ADVANCE INDIA.

ELECTORATES: QUALIFICATIONS AND DISQUALIFICATIONS OF VOTERS.

(CONTRIBUTED.)

IV.

Democracy, even in the form of representative institutions, can scarcely be said to be born yet in India, while barely one in every fifty citizens has the right to vote at the elections for the Central and Provincial Legislatures. The last reform of the electorates was no doubt an advance over the previous; but anything is greater than a zero,—unless it be a minus quantity. And unless the problem of the electorates in India is properly studied, there is serious danger of the next step ending in a minus quantity. The voter, it has been urged in many places, must serve his apprenticeship; but how long is the apprenticeship to last? And what is meant by apprenticeship? After all, elections do not come every day; and, though it is just as well they do not come every day, what apprenticeship can really be served in such a triennial experience? How much of the experience would really be left, after the vote has been recorded, to enrich for ever the political intelligence of the voter? It sounds highly musical to echo the poet when he sings of liberty broadening down from precedent to precedent; but the argument based on such a poetic half-truth is rooted, eventually, in a radical misconception of the nature and demands of self-government in modern communities of the size of an Indian province, let alone the Indian Empire. Nothing teaches so well the art of self-government, as the practice of it. It may be that a sudden accession of power in persons not used to it is liable to be abused,—though the abuse is rather by those who seek to benefit by the exercise of that power than by the repository thereof. Candidates sin more often than the electorates, not only against the law and custom of elections, but also against those unwritten but perfectly well understood conventions of political life, which are broken every time it is the interest of some powerful party to break them. To deny the basic right of citizenship to citizens merely because it is open to argument if they would not be swayed in their judgment by considerations not strictly germane to the issue at stake in an election is to perpetrate a travesty of justice under the disguise of political prudence.

NO COMMUNAL OR SPECIAL CONSTITUENCIES.

The next step forward, then, must add substantially to the voting list. If you needs must adopt safeguards against the abuse or misuse of this improvement, apply them more rigorously to the qualifications of the candidate. We shall consider this elsewhere. Suffice it for the present to observe that the electoral reform in the next stage of India's constitutional evolution must not only increase the elective strength; it must also simplify and render uniform, as far as possible, the qualifications of the voters. To this end, the first requisite is to abandon the present unnatural, impolitic, unprofitable principle of communal electorates. India is either ripe for self-government, or she is not. If she is, if there is to be no going backwards from the pledge of 1917, then the basis of communal divisions for political purposes should be abolished. The principle of communal elections is bad for all, for minorities as well as majorities; and it must not be suffered to be twisted into a kind of bargaining power for the benefit of any community. Were there no other harm in the communal principle, the intensity of the present-day communal bickerings would alone suffice to provide the strongest reason against it. For, it serves to emphasise and magnify what we would best forget.

And the reasoning applies not merely to the division on religious lines. Constituencies carved out of a cross section of society; electorates formed from economic stratification, such as Chambers of Commerce, Landholders and Tenants' Associations, Labour and Capital Unions;—even such highly special electorates as Universities,—are open to the grave objection that they engender a spirit of class consciousness, which is fatal to the solidarity of a nation. Class consciousness, and class conflict, may be destined to come; but that is no reason why we should facilitate its advent. Special interests have a claim to be represented only because of the highly technical character of their concerns, and of the legislation connected with it; which, in the absence of such experience being at the disposal of the legislating body, might end in a hopeless tangle. But to avoid this, to give these special interests their due, we have suggested a special chamber of the Central Legislature, where the whole body will be composed of such representatives. Once being secured in a special chamber of their own,—which might be granted concurrent authority in all such legislation as is averred and admitted to be of a technical kind,—they could have no claim for further representation in the "Lower Chamber" of the country's representatives proper. All minorities, large or small; all special classes, interests and institutions might best be represented, as we have planned out, in a special, co-ordinate chamber of their own.

ADULT FRANCHISE.

Special interests and communal constituencies being out of the way, the simplification of the Indian electorates is no hard matter. Uniform, single-member constituencies, each on a plain population basis, at least for the House of representatives in the Central Legislature, would best serve the purpose. Electoral districts of a million souls each, roughly speaking, may easily be carved out to ensure proper representation of the entire Indian nation in their central parliament. These districts need not—probably they cannot—coincide with the administrative units known as districts. If this basis is apprehended to be unfair to those minorities which, conscious of their political backwardness, are still anxious to maintain the vicious principle of communal representation, the device of proportional representation might be adopted in the somewhat unusual form of a reservation of seats in definite proportions, in each named group of districts, for particular minorities, for a transition period, the limits of which are prescribed in advance. For all other purposes, the right to vote at elections of legislative representatives should be based on the widest possible foundation. Bismarck, it is true, once observed that universal franchise is like the government of a household by its nursery; but he was wise enough to add that you can do anything with children, if you only know how to play with them. This is a remark addressed to those who doubt the advisability or feasibility of universal, or at least adult franchise, (and this is really what is meant when people talk of universal suffrage). Qualifications regarding age and of a certain evidence regarding the stake in the country,—not necessarily in the form of property-holding or tax-payment, may be adopted to permit of easy registration and identification at the time of elections. But these, even if admitted, must not be perverted to become engines of exclusiveness for a chosen few, and of oppression for the unfortunate many. Sex, and status, must certainly be abolished from among the list of special qualifications or special disqualifications—however those might be functioning in the actual working of the system. The plain, universal proposition must be affirmed; that every citizen has a right to vote, until he or she is proved to be disqualified; and not that no citizen has a right to vote until he or she proves himself or herself as entitled to vote. Of the disqualifications here contemplated, those arising out of infancy or want of a sense of discretion; insanity, or want of a sound mind; and the commission of certain heinous crimes, will be the most important and effective. Particular disabilities may be imposed for special reasons, such as service under Government, if it is considered in the country's interests to keep the public service outside the vortex of political electioneering. But this last is a serious disqualification to suggest. If the tendency of modern communities is to add to the scope of State enterprise and direct employment by the State, such a disqualification as this might very considerably curtail the fundamental rights of citizenship, unless applied with the greatest possible carefulness.

(To be Continued.)

FUTURE OF SIND.

WHY IT SHOULD BE SEPARATED FROM BOMBAY

II.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—It is argued that our Province being too small, administratively it would be very expensive and consequently taxes would have to be materially increased. I do not agree with this view. Assam which is a province by itself and administered by a Legislative Council has 52,959 square miles in area against 47,066 square miles area of Sind. The difference is only 5 thousand, but one who has seen Assam would agree with me that almost entire area is fertile and cultivated whereas only 1/7th of the area of Sind is under cultivation. This shows that at

(Continued on page 10).

Notes of the Day.

Relief to "Bidee" Manufacturers.

The Bombay Corporation has given relief to the manufacturers of "Bidees" by suspending the prosecution of these licensees and by asking the Public Health Committee to report on such changes in the existing law as would "remove the dual control of the licensees and otherwise make the administration of the law less irksome to them." It is a strange anomaly that the Government Excise Department as well as the City Municipality exercises a dual control over the country tobacco licensees, and we are glad to see that the members of the Corporation have boldly called for the eradication of this archaic procedure. But the licensees are even more worried over the meticulous restrictions placed by the old law on their personal freedom and on the choice of the premises for folding bidees. It is monstrous that the shop-owner should not only stay in his business premises but should herd all his servants—mostly women—in the same crowded place for preparing the bidees. What is wanted first and foremost is that bidee-workers should be permitted to ply their work in the quiet seclusion of their own rooms or cottages and that the licensees should also be freed from all artificial restrictions placed on his habitation and movements. We trust the Health Committee will successfully tackle the whole problem and help in placing a revised law on the Statute book at an early date. The conditions in which the bidee turners, especially women, have to work in bidee shops are, indeed, outrageous and a menace to their health. But that for this the law more than the shop-owners are responsible is no justification for tolerating them and we trust the Public Health Committee, to which the matter has been referred, will deal expeditiously with it and while removing the legitimate grievances of the shop-owners make their scandalous exploitation of women impossible.

Outspoken Criticism.

Mrs. S. R. Hoosein deserves to be congratulated on the outspoken criticism she levelled in her speech at the Bengal Women's Education Conference against the selfish and conservative attitude of her co-religionists "who consider that they will be able to cross the heavenly bridge merely by establishing several universities—while they will carry with them their sisters and daughters putting them in hand bags." This is an original criticism of the Purdah system which Mrs. Hoosein makes with her intimate knowledge of the difficulties it creates in advancing the educational and social development of Muslim girls. Equally original and irritating to the conservatives who defend the Purdah, a class of persons not restricted to the Muslim community alone,—is her picturesque statement that "the Purdah system might be compared to the deadly carbonic acid gas." Many a Muslim girl will agree with her and applaud her courage in publicly saying so, when Mrs. Hoosain observes how "our sisters within the Purdah are slowly dying a plainless death due to Purdah 'gas'." And yet there are people who defend the cruel and pernicious custom of the Purdah!

A Generous Gesture.

It was a truly generous gesture on the part of Professor Indra, the late Swami Shraddhanand's son, which prompted him to appeal to the authorities to commute the death sentence on Abdul Rashid. But so suspicious and embittered is the state of communal feeling at present in this country, that certain persons could not appreciate the nobility of the motive which induced Professor Indra to make this appeal. The statement which he has issued to the Press makes it abundantly clear why "as a Hindu he and others of his thought have right to act according to their lights" and why they think that the misguided man should be spared his life and "allowed a chance to reform in jail." We hope this far-sighted and noble appeal will not fall on deaf ears.

A Welcome Move.

It is a welcome move on the part of the Mysore State to introduce hand-spinning in its primary schools. The Inspector-General of Education in Mysore has been convinced after an interview with Mahatma Gandhi that it is worth while to give official recognition to the Charkha. From South Africa too comes the news that Mr. Andrews found a great interest amongst the dour and conservatively inclined Dutch farmers in the value of hand-spinning. Charkha enthusiasts in this country have therefore no need to be depressed.

Unfair Treatment.

In their endeavour to retrench, the G. I. P. authorities often proceed in a wrong-headed manner which serves only to irritate their hard-worked subordinate staff without effecting the necessary diminution in administrative expenses they desire. The tall poppies are hardly cut off; they grow in luxurious abundance on the contrary. The latest G. I. P. experiment of the type is the unfair treatment proposed to be accorded to the travelling Ticket Inspectors on the line, a class of men who are expected to perform a variety of duties and have managed to fulfil them without grumbling. They are made train conductors and luggage inspectors at a moment's notice and for all this trouble and devotion to duty their reward is that from the first of this month, their old grades in which there were four travelling Ticket Inspectors on Rs. 225 each in grade A, and sixty-five on Rs. 105 are converted into six different grades, the lowest to start from Rs. 90 and the highest to have only three men in it drawing Rs. 230 a month. This is a clever dodge which makes a superficial inquirer into their prospects believe that at the top their chances are better, but the scale is so arranged that very few can reach the top. Not only that, but as there are to be only 12 men in the grade of Rs. 120, while only 7 in those of Rs. 100 and Rs. 200, by the time a man reaches even the Rs. 100 grade he may find he is due to retire. It is certainly harsh treatment to a deserving class of men, and we hope the G. I. P. authorities will think better of it and revise the proposed scale in a really equitable manner.

MORATORIUM IN JAPAN

HELP TO BANK OF TAIWAN.

NEW CABINET TO THE RESCUE.

RUN ON BANKS CONTINUES.

ALL ROUND SUSPENSION FOR TWO DAYS.

LONDON, April 22.

Tokio.—The Privy Council has declared twenty-one days moratorium.—Reuter.

MORATORIUM FOR 20 DAYS.

LONDON, April 22.

Shanghai.—A semi-official message from Tokio says that moratorium will be operative for twenty days.—Reuter.

NEW CABINET'S DECISION.

SIMLA, April 22.

Mr. Asoka, Japanese Consul General, informs the Associated Press that the new Japanese Cabinet has decided to assist the Bank of Taiwan at any cost. They have not yet decided the details but a definite decision has been taken on principle.—A.P.

ALL JAPANESE BANKS CLOSED FOR 2 DAYS.

LONDON, April 22.

Tokio.—Banks all over country have closed down for two days and all exchanges are consequently closed. Government has decided to proclaim moratorium probably tomorrow. Moratorium will not apply to payment of wages and debts of local Governments and public bodies or bank deposits under five hundred yen. The general session of the Diet is expected to be held early in May to discuss the Bill enabling the Bank of Japan to make unlimited emergency advances on Government's responsibility.—Reuter.

BUSINESS TEMPORARILY PARALYSED

LONDON, April 22.

Osaka.—Yesterday run on banks was most persistent throughout day in Osaka, Kobe and Kyoto but situation is very quiet this morning. Banks are closed and business is temporarily paralysed. Local bankers declare that banking structure is fundamentally sound and alarm is unnecessary. They accuse politicians at Tokio of making mountain out of a molehill. As regards the affairs of Taiwan Bank they express opinion that run was due to popular uneasiness following political crisis. Confidence in all banks was thus shaken and consequnetly short mortorium may do good.—Reuter.

OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENT

The Consul for Japan at Bombay communicates the undermentioned cablegram received by him on Friday afternoon:—

"The Japanese Government having held the Cabinet Coundil on Thursday night have made the following announcement:—

"The Government after having carefully studied and investigating the situation in the light of all the records and informations available from the various quarters concerned, since this morning, have decided to take exhaustive measures in order to overcome the present crisis, and to restore the financial stability. Immediate steps are already being taken to attain the main purpose."

RUN REMAINS UNABATED

SITUATION IS PANICKY.

LONDON, April 21.

Osaka.—The run on the banks has not abated in Osaka, Kobe and Kyoto. Queues of anxious housewives are transferring their deposits from banks to the Post Office where the Savings Bank accounts have been hugely increased. Business is at standstill and the situation is panicky.—Reuter.

RELIEF MEASURES IN VIEW

ASSURANCE OF GOVT.

LONDON, April 21.

Tokio.—Government has issued a brief statement to the effect that it will give thorough relief to the financial crisis, and it has already taken steps in this connection. The steps have not, however, been specified.—Reuter.

OUR NEW CIVILIAN GOVERNORS.

H. E. SIR ALEXANDER MUDDIMAN.

SIR C. INNES FOR BURMA "GADI"

SIMLA, April 22.

Sir Alexander Muddiman has been appointed Governor of the United Provinces and Sir Charles Innes has been appointed Governor of Burma.—A.P.

Sir Alexander Muddiman whose appointment to the U. P. Governorship is announced has been the Home Member of the Viceroy's Executive Council and Leader of the Assembly since 1924. He entered the Civil Service in 1897 and served in Behar in various capacities. In his long career he has acted as the Under-Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Legislative Secretary to the Govern- of India. Prior to his appointment as Home Member he was President of the Council of State. His tenure of office is associated with the Bengal Ordinance.

Sir Charles Innes who is promoted to the Gubernatorial Gadi in Burma was the Commerce Member of the Government of India from which he recently retired. He joined I.C.S. in 1898 and served in Madras in various capacities. He was the Collector of Malabar, Under-Secretary to the Government of India and Indian Food Stuffs Commissioner. He was appointed Secretary to the Government of India, Commerce Department in 1920.

U P GOVERNORSHIP.

APPEAL TO MAKE SELECTION FROM PUBLIC MEN.

ALLAHABAD, April 21.

The Committee of the United Provinces Liberal Association have called as follows to the Secretary of State for India and wired to the Viceroy:—

"The Committee of the United Provinces Liberal Association submit that the next Governor of this Province should be selected from among public men as in the case of Madras, Bombay and Bengal and not from the Indian Civil Service. This has been the clearly expressed opinions of Indians, including Muslims and the landed aristocracy for many years. It was pressed in 1915 at a representative conference presided over by the Maharaja of Mahmudabad, in 1919 before the Joint Select Committee of Parliamen and in 1922 before the appointment of the present Governor. The salary of the Governor was raised and made equal with that of the Governors of Madras, Bombay and Bengal, it was understood, with a view to send out a Governor of Parliamentary experience and not to go on appointing permanent officials. The United Provinces is one of the largest and most important provinces in British India and is not inferior to presidencies. Its interests require equal and similar consideration in the selection of Governor. My Committee earnestly requests His Lordship to regard the public opinion of the province in advising on the appointment of the outgoing Governor's successor."—A.P.

MENACE OF FLOOD DISASTER

SITUATION IN LOWER MISSISSIPPI VALLEY

100000 RENDERED HOMELESS

LONDON, April 21.

Memphis (Tennessee).—There is a growing menace of a flood disaster in the Lower Mississippi valley, and the situation is very grave. It is estimated that hitherto four million acres have been flooded and 100,000 persons rendered homeless. Communications have been seriously impaired. Streets in many townships have become foaming whilpools in which boats, men, animals and household goods are being tossed wildly hither and thither.—Reuter's Special

PRESSING FOREIGNERS TO RESUME BUSINESS.

CHEN'S NOTE TO CONSULAR CORPS.

LONDON, April 22.

Shanghai.—A wireless message from Hankow states that the situation there is serious. Chen is pressuming foreigners to resum e business, and has notified Consular Corps that otherwise he cannot guarantee protection of business premises.—Reuter.

NANKING GOVT. SUPERSEDES HANKOW GOVT.

M. BORODIN AND ASSISTANT DISMISSED

LONDON, April 21.

Shanghai.—The new Goverament at Nanking has entirely superseded the Hankow Government and dismissed Mr. Borodin and his Russian assistants and also three Communist Ministers.—Reuter.

PLACATION OF POWERS

CHIANG KAI-SHEKE'S PROGRAMME

LONDON, April 21.

Shanghai.—An important item in Chiang Kai-shek's immediate programme is the placation of the Powers; hence it is anticipated that the Nationalist Government will comply with any demands in order to avoid the risk of trouble with the Powers, and, secondly, to weed out Communists from the Party and heal the breach between Nanking and Hankow which will probably be not so difficult in Hankow itself as in the Bolshevised provinces of Hunan and Hupeh. The job of de-Bolshevising Hunan is being entrusted to Yutsuming who is moving thither with 80,000 troops.

The Nationalist Headquarters profess indifference regarding Chang-Tso-Lin who is alleged to be sorely pressed for cash and whose army has been torn by dissensions.—Reuter.

STRENGTH OF NAVAL FORCES AT HANKOW

LONDON, April 21.

Shanghai.—With the departure of more British, American and Japanese warships for Hankow the naval forces there will be brought to the following respective strength. 16 British, 13 Japanese, 9 American, 3 French, and 2 Italian.—Reuter.

"THINK OF INDIA AS A WHOLE."

SIR J. C. BOSE'S FORCEFUL PLEA.

INVENTIONS OF INDIGENOUS MAKE.

OBJECTS OF HIS EUROPEAN TOUR.

Sir Jagadish Chandra Bose, the greatest Indian scientist of international repute, arrived in Bombay on Thursday morning "en route" to Europe. This is the second tour of Sir Jagadish to Europe and this time he is taking Lady Bose with him. During this tour Sir Jagadish will attend the annual meetings of the Committee of Intellectual Co-operation of the League of Nations.

INTELLECTUAL CO-OPERATION.

It will be remembered in this connection that the League of Nations from its very inception has devoted serious attention to the question of international intellectual co-operation. "If the League concerns itself with improving the exchange of material products," said M. Leon Bourgeois, "it should also study the methods of accelerating the exchange of ideas between nations. Without a spirit of mutual understanding between nations the League cannot live." With a view to organise intellectual activity internationally, M. Bourgeois proposed the appointment of a Committee of not more than 12 members "composed of the persons best qualified to deal with matters of education and science." Thus in the year 1922 was appointed the first distinguished Committee on "Intellectual Co-operation." Prof. D. N. Bannerji of the University of Calcutta was the Indian member on the first Committee. The scope of the work of the Committee may appear to be limited, considering the small credits, viz., 100,000 Swiss francs, placed at its disposal by the Assembly of the League, but the high qualifications of its members give it a world-wide prestige. It is the meetings of this Committee on Intellectual Co-operation at Paris and Geneva that Sir Jagadish Chandra Bose has been called upon to attend. India ought to be proud of the fact that Sir Jagadish has been elected a member of this Committee by the League of Nations.

AIMS OF HIS TRIP.

During his very short stay in Bombay, Sir Jagadish has to fill a host of engagements, however, he could spare some time yesterday afternoon to have a talk regarding the aims of his European tour, with the representative of "The Bombay Chronicle." His object in going to Europe, he said, was to attend the Conference of the Committee of Intellectual Co-operation in reponse to the invitation of the League of Nations. Sir Jagadish was glad to note that the members of the League of Nations were day by day appreciating the great work done by India in the realms of art and science. After attending the Conference, Sir Jagadish will be lecturing before the various Universities on his recent inventions. It is understood that he has received invitations from the Universities of Paris and Vienna.

HIS TWO INVENTIONS.

Sir Jagadish Chandra Bose has by now become a scientist of great international repute. His astounding inventions have taken the scientific world by storm. His last visit to Europe resulted in an ungrudging recognition by the Western scientists of the fact that India is a most important factor in the advancement of world science. The learned men of the West are day by day realizing that India was once the cradle of human civilization and her great reserve of thought and knowledge can now be available to the West. This change of outlook on the part of Westerners must be ascribed, in no small degree, to the scintific inventions of Sir Jagadish Chandra Bose. This time Sir Jagadish has invented two new instruments of extraordinary sensitiveness. These instruments are likely to help the exact study of life reaction in plants and human being. These will also be of immense use in discovering and recording the hitherto unknown properties of medicinal plants. The instruments are very delicate and Sir Jagadish has to take utmost care in carrying them intact to Europe. The working of these instruments will be demonstrated at some scientific centres of Europe.

DEMAND FOR HIS WORKS.

In all the civilized countries of Europe and America, there has been a great demand for the printed editions of the collected works of Sir Jagadish. Many of his works are translated into German and French. A German publishing company is publishing his works for the use of Latin countries. His great work "Plant autographs and their regulations" will shortly be published by Messrs. Longman Green and Co. for England and colonies while Messrs. Macmillan and Co. will bring out a special American edition for the United States. Both the companies are making arraugements for a very large number of copies. America is very anxious to see the results of Sir Bose's new inventions.

BOSE INSTITUTE.

It will be worthwhile to recall here that the Scientific Research Institute of Calcutta, founded by Sir Jagadish Chandra Bose, has been doing first-class original work ever since its inception. At present there are 16 students in the Institute, who have devoted themselves heart and soul to the work of scientific researcb. It was the idea of Sir Jagadish to open eight different branches in science but he hasn't been able to do so for want of more students and funds. The entrance to the Bose Institute can be secured, provided there is room, after the candidate has passed his B.Sc. or M.Sc. examination. The selected candidate has, in the beginning, to spend a couple of years in trying to unlearn most of the theories he might have learnt in the College and University. From the very day a candidate enters the Institute, his living is provided for. Proficiency and devotion to work are the two things Sir Jagadish insists upon, more than anything else.

INDIA'S DESTINY.

During his conversation with our representative, Sir Jagadish made a feeling reference to the great destiny of India. Indians he said, ought to stand on their great civilization which was, indeed, an ideal civilization. A time had come when they had to think of India as a whole. Every province had to be proud of the achievements of all other provinces. "We are Indians first and Indians last" must be the spirit pervading Indian minds. Sir Jagadish laid stress on the fact that India had to do a great work in future. Continuing he said, "I want India to be respected by all. We are fortunate enough to have been born in a time when we can effectively shape the destiny of our Motherland."

COMMERCIAL VALUE.

Requested to throw some light on the practical ultility and commercial value of his great scientific researches, Sir Jagadish Chandra Bose remarked that the commercial value of his works could not be properly assessed at so early a stage as that. It is to be noted with a sense of pride that whatever instruetments Sir Jagadish prepares, are absolutely of indigenous make. In fact, his delicate instruments can only be made in his own Institute. In the preparation of his instruments, he has turned several ordinary blacksmiths into efficient mechanics.

Sir Jagadish Chandra Bose sails for Europe this afternoon by s.s. "Rajputana" He is expected to return by the end of next September after an extensive tour in Europe.

PLEA FOR "CHINA DAY."

PATNA, April 22.

Acharya Girwani who is here these days in connection with collection of funds for the Prem Mahavidyalaya, Brindahan, has sent a resolution to the Secretary of the Congress to be moved at the next Working Committee of the A.I.C.C. to be held on May 5th, condemning despatch of Indian troops to China and calling on the A.I.C.C. to fix a day named China Day to express feelings of sympathy with the Chinese. The resolution also appreciates the proposal of the Hindustani Seva Dal to send to China an ambulance corps and calls upon the Working Committee to examine the proposal in its practical bearings.—Free Press.

VICTORIA'S WELCOME TO DUKE

AERIAL TRAGEDY MARS RECEPTION

LONDON, April 21.

Melbourne.—A tragedy marred Victoria's rapturous welcome to the Duke and Duchess of York. The "Renown" escorted by four warships and forty aeroplanes had steamed up the bay as close as possible in shore for the benefit of the crowds on beaches. Though it was misty and squally and spoilt the spectacular effect the weather cleared sufficiently not to interfere with the imposing landing ceremonies.

Aeroplanes performed "stunts" over the barge in which the Duke and Duchess of York proceeded, and continued to escort it. Streets were lined with troops and tumultuously cheering the crowds, but the cheers changed to cries of horror when as the procession was entering the grounds of Government House two aeroplanes only few hundred feet up collided with a sickening impact crashed into flames and fell on a garage which caught fire. Four airmen were killed. Their Highnesses did not witness the accident though only half-mile away.—Reuter.

SPLIT IN KHILAFAT CAMP

SECRETARY RESIGNS DUE TO DIFFERENCE OF OPINION.

CALCUTTA, April 22

A complicated situation has arisen in the affairs of the Calcutta Khilafat Committee on the resignation of the Secretary who participated in the last Council and Corporation election, as the members are of the opinion that the Khilafat Committee should take interest in religious and social works instead of in politics. The controversy has been taken to Delhi for the Central Khilafat Committee to act as arbitrator and it has suggested the election of new office-bearers.—Free Press.

PRINCESS ELIZABETH'S FIRST BIRTHDAY

GIFTS FROM KING AND QUEEN

LONDON, April 21.

A talking doll from the Queen and a Rocking Horse from the King were among the many presents received by Princess Elizabeth on her first birthday to-day. The King and Queen presented the gifts personally before leaving Windsor Castle for Cardiff, where the King opened the National Museum of Wales at Cathay's Park, the foundation stone of which was laid by the King in 1912. The Museum is now considered as a masterpiece of architecture. It comprises a large interior court with two pavilions for Welsh Natural History, and history and antiquities respectively, and also a garden with a fountain.—Reuter's pecial.

INDIAN TRADE UNION ACT

TO COME IN FORCE ON JUNE.

SIMLA, April 21.

The Indian Trade Union Act will be brought into force on June 1st 1927. It is understood that by that date all the Local Governments will be in a position to frame final regulations under the Act.—A. P.

JUGO-SLAV AIRMEN ARRIVE AT BELGRADE

LONDON, April 21.

Belgrade.—The Jugo-Slav airmen Captain Soundermayer and Lieutenant Badjak, flying from Paris to India arrived to-day at Novisad and departed for Aleppo.—Reuter.

LIBERAL COUNCIL EXECUTIVE

RT. HON WALTER RUNCIMAN ACCEPTS CHAIRMANSHIP

LONDON, April 21.

The Rt. Hon. Walter Runciman has accepted Chairmanship of the Executive Committee of the Liberal Council.—Reuter's Special.

(Rt. Hon. Walter Runciman, M.P., is aged 56. He was President of the Board of Trade from August 1914 to December 1916 and was President of the Board of Agriculture, late President of the Board of Education, 1908, and Financial Secretary to the Treasury, 1907. He was elected M.P. at the General Election in October 1924, and was elected President of the Chamber of Shipping last year.)

COTTON CROP IN INDIA.

20 PER CENT DECREASE IN OUT PUT

CALCUTTA, April 22.

The final estimates of the cotton crop of India for 1926-27 show that the totals stand at 24,976,000 acres and 4,973,000 bales, as compared with 28,491,000 acres and 6,250,000 bales last year. The total area and yield show a decrease of 12 and 20 per cent. respectively, as compared with the previous year.—A.P.

LT. COL. LOW DEAD.

LONDON, April 22.

The death of Lieut.-Colonel R. B. Low is announced.—Reuter.

NICARAGUAN LIBERALS ROUTED

AMERICAN AUTHORITY FLOUTED

LONDON, April 21.

Managua.—The United States Marines are in action against company of Nicaraguans Liberals who were carrying red flags and wearing hatbands and were attempting to capture the village of Posoltega, in defence of the United States authorities' order that there must be no fighting within two thousand feet of the railway. After skirmish in which the marines sustained no casualties, they succeeded in forcing the Liberals to flee leaving three of them dead."—Reuter.

A STORM TRAGEDY IN BOTANY BAY

PARTY OF ELEVEN KILLED

LONDON, April 21.

Sydney.—A storm tragedy has been revealed following the finding in Botany Bay of bodies of four men and one woman. The storm stopped the regular ferry boat service. The owner of a former naval pinnacle thereupon offered to take party of eleven across the bay. The pinnace was nearing destination but at the mouth of Cooks River lost its course owing to bad visibility and mountainous seas and dashed against the rocks. Al perished. Three further bodies were subsequently recovered.—Reuter's Special.

BUDGET IN DAIL

REDUCTION IN INCOME-TAX

ARMY EXPENDITURE AXED BY HALF MILLION

LONDON, April 21.

Dublin.—The reduction of a shilling in the Income-Tax, three shillings on unearned income and 18 pence on earned income, were announced by Mr. Blythe in introducing the Budget in the Dail to-day. He said the cost of the army had been reduced from two millions to one and a half million sterling and there was practically no new taxation. Mr. Blythe foreshadowed a Committee on lines of the Geddes Committee to examine and recommend economies.—Reuter's Special.

A SURPRISE

BRITISH SECURITIES SHOW INCREASED ACTIVITY

LONDON, April 21.

The recent large influx of gold into the Bank of England led to the revival of a talk of early reduction of the Bank rate, but the decision to-day came somewhat as a surprise, and has given encouragement not merely to city circles, but to the trade generally. The announcement was received on the Stock Exchange with cheers, British securities immediately showing an increased activity and strength.—Reuter's Special.

LONDON, April 21.

Rugby.—The announcement that bank rate had been lowered from five to four and a half per cent. was cheered on the Stock Exchange when it was posted up to-day. The rate had stood at five per cent. since December 1925. Financial circles had been confidently expecting an early reduction.

The stock of gold held by the Bank of England is now only about two million sterling less than it was before the country returned to the gold standard two years ago and it is still dowing in. It was generally anticipated that the Bank Directors when they lowered the rate would act with their usual caution by taking off only one and a half per cent. The cut in the rate from five to four per cent. has not been made in one stroke since 1908 although in that period there have been numerous reductions from five to four per cent. by way of four and a half per cent.—B. O. W.

AUSTRALIAN CRICKET TEAM FOR MALAY

LONDON, April 21.

Sydney.—The Board of Control has sanctioned the visit of a cricket team to Malay following an invitation from residents. It is proposed to leave on May 3rd and return on June 28th. Matches will be played at Singapore, Kuala Lumpur Ipoh, Taiping and Penang. It is anticipated that the side will include at least six men who have represented Australia.—Reuter's Special.

PROMOTIONS TO ARMY OFFICERS

LONDON, April 21.

Lieutenant-General Sir William Peyton and Sir George Kirkpatrick have been promoted to be Generals and Major-Gegeneral Sir Percy Radcliffe to Lieutenant-General.—Reuter's Special.

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GENERAL MEETING OF MAHARASHTRA P. C. C.

MEETS AT POONA ON MAY 2

CONSIDERATION OF HINDU-MUSLIM UNITY.

POONA CITY, April 22.

The President of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee announces that to suit the convenience of Mr. S. Srinivasa Aiyangar, the President of the Indian National Congress who visits Poona on May 2nd, the general meeting of the Maharashtra Provincial Committee will be held at Poona on Monday (May 2nd) when proposals regarding the Hindu-Muslim unity and unification of the Congress Parties will be discussed.—A.P.

FUTURES OF SIIND.

(Continued from page 8.)

the completion of the Sukkur Barrage more than half the area will be under cultivation and our revenue which is now better than Assam on the basis of population, would be considerably increased. The revenue of Assam is about Rs. 2,85,00,000 whereas the revenue of the Bombay Presidency, including Sind, is about 15 crores. The revenue of Sind is estimated at 3 1|2 crores; then we have to bear in mind the revenue of the prosperous port of Karachi, the revenue of which is not calculated in the general administration of the Government. The figures for ten years upto 1920 of the six important ports of India, Calcutta, Bombay, Karachi, Madras, Rangoon and Chittagong show that Karachi has increased in revenue during this period by 65 per cent. against 61 of Calcutta and 45 of Madras. For the purposes of administration, Sind is no doubt the smallest in districts and population, but in finance it is better off than any smaller provinces. From these facts it will be seen that financially it would not be detrimental as some critics put it.

Coming to the question of illiteracy that prevails in Sind and for which a great deal of fear is caused and which is very rightly caused that the administrative powers would be too poor in calibre, intelligence, etc. To an extent I share this view; but we have to face all these difficulties and only time will adjust matters satisfactorily. Some critics state we are better off now, being attached to Bombay as it is a progressive Presidency and although we send illiterate members in the Council with the and of other literate ones, our interests are safeguarded. I ask in all seriousness to these critics, whether this is really so. Let us examine the issue. To-day there are 15 Mahomedan members in the Bombay Legislative Council and it is the general complaint of the Hindus of this province that Government have practically captured these members for the purposes of votes to their side and in many instances to suit their purpose, Government have pleased Mussalmans at the cost of Hindus. It is a common clamour that the interests of Hindu Mukhtiarkars and others in service are not safeguarded by the Bombay Government and that the latter have given preference to Mussalmans because they count upon their votes in the Council. If this theory of our Hindu brethren is correct, I ask how are Hindu rights going to be better off with the present state of things in the Bombay Council? In fact I know of instances where Hindu rights have been jeopardised by the Bombay Government simply because they want Mahomedan votes. On the face of these facts, is it correct to state that we are better off with Bombay than we would be otherwise by separation? On the contrary I believe, that by separation Non-Muslim rights will be more safeguarded than at present.

Let us consider what would be the position if, Sind enjoyed a Provincial Council to-day. Assam—the smallest province in India—has 38 elected members; we may expect the same number or on a population basis little less. Out of these 38, considering the large population of towns like Karachi, Hyderabad, Sukkur, Shikarpur, Larkana we will have at least 15 Non-Muslims members—looking to the special interests of Hindus and the minority communities. In fact, I think if we made out a good case Government can give us even more seats. The balance of 23 seats will be filled by Mussalmans against 15 as at present. This means that there will be an increase of 8 Mahomedans only. And the Government will have the right to nominate at least 9 non-officials—a majority of them would likely be non-Muslims. There is no doubt that the Mussalman predominance will prevail, but is it not possible that out of these 23 elected Mahomedans there would be at least a dozen of them very intelligent, able and fit persons, some even possessing national outlook? At present out of 15 Mahomedans nearly ten of them are mere figure-heads. At present thousand miles away when they sit in the Council we do not come to know what sort of men these are, we hardly see their faces and cannot, therefore, stir them and tell them to behave better if they have erred. Important matters relating to Sind are sometimes discussed in Bombay and we hardly know of anything until we come across a Bombay newspaper or the proceedings of the Bombay Council. If the Council proceedings are held in our own province, we can watch them and also the work of all such members carefully, criticise their action and not only that but with the aid of better type of some educated Mussalmans as their colleagues, the unintelligent members could be brought round to the popular view. The local press would constantly put their wrong actions to shame and I am confident within a short period we will feel proud of the proceedings and the work in our Council. Is it not a fact that we are at a great disadvantage to-day in following the proceedings of the Bombay Council? We do not come into contact with the M.L.C.'s and cannot, therefore, do anything to have their methods improved.

The last question is of the Sukkur Barrage. Some critics state that this would be a serious problem to tackle, Bombay having already committed to several crores. In my opinion it is not at all a serious question. The matter could be adjusted by way of loans and if Bombay demands a share in profit, it could be considered. I, however doubt, whether that would be a contentious matter.

Considering all these points it is certainly desirable that Sind should be separated from Bombay. It is to our own advantage and, I am sure, if this question is not looked upon from communal point of view, everyone ought to be in favour of the separation.

I know, my case is greatly in favour of Mussalmans but the facts as they are could not be denied. I am a non-Mahomedan and come under the same constituency as my Hindu friends have a right to come. I have considered this subject from a broad point of view and I conscientiously feel the separation is in the interests of our province. I have been advocating it since twelve years.

Again looking from still broader mind, we think we ought to agree to this proposal. As stated above although we are benefitted by the separation, but taking for granted that it is not so, for the purposes of argument, we ought to sacrifice our interests for the good of the whole country. I never expected Mahmedans in their present temper to agree to a mixed electorate and when they have now agreed to do so, we must adopt the give and take policy, and thereby bring this communal business to an end which is a disgrace to the good name of India.

Let not my position be misunderstood by my Hindu friends when I advocate the separation. I have many a time condemned the action of Mussalmans who bring in religion to serve their political ends. I deprecate in the strongest terms their idea of obstructing music processions before mosque. I have consulted eminent Muslim leaders and a Moulvi and they state nowhere in the religion is there such a thing as prohibition of music. On the other hand, Hindus who have a good case both religiously and economically on the question of slaughter of cows, do not behave as Mahomedans do in the matter of processions.

With all these, I feel judiciously equitably and reasonably the three issues of North-West Frontier Provinces, Baluchistan and Sind go in favour of Mussalmans. I know Mussalmans have made this condition from communal point of view—I look at it from the progressive point of view and in the interest of all. It is for this communal tension that different Sabhas and Mujliss outside and inside Sind have passed resolutions against and for separation of Sind. This question is not to be decided as it is done now by the Sabhas and Mujlis; let it be considered on its own merits; if on the merit it is proved that separation would cause harm I am prepared to reconsider; but the facts could not be denied or refuted. Let us therefore calmly and patiently consider this problem.—Yours, etc.,

R. K. SADIVA.

Karachi, April 18.

Madhuba Saheb, Heir Apparent of Cutch, who is now in charge of the State in the absence of the Maharao who has gone to East Africa on a shooting expedition.

DR. DUTTA SPEAKS OUT.

PLEA FOR MASS ORGANISATION

CAWNPORE, April 22.

Dr. Bhupendra Nath Dutta, President of the Second All-India Political Sufferers' Conference, held at Gauhati, arrived here last Sunday evening. He is at present touring Northern India.

Interviewed by a Free Perss representative he expressed his impression of the general political situation in this part of the country in the following terms: Parties for political and personal ends are split up. The Congress work is absolutely at a stand-still. The spirit of communalism is rampant everywhere. It has devitalised the Congress movement yet there are some people here and there keeping their heads cool and awaiting opportunities.

Questioned as to the programme he would suggest for his countrymen to get out of what he called the present political stagnation Dr. Datta remarked that he would advise his countrymen not to fight each other for fancied communal and other questions but instead they should go and work among the masses to organise the masses on an economic basis.

ORGANISE MASSES.

The political desideratum of the day is that the masses should be organised and raised to the higher level than where they stand to-day. The problems of India Dr. Dutta said, cannot be solved in the Chambers of Commerce Council Halls. Indian people live in factories and village huts and unless we elevate the peasants and Labourers and do not bring about political and national conciousness among them we cannot achieve India's liberation. Masses should not be made the designing tools of the upper-class politicians. Social and economic justice must be meted them.—Free Press.

SPANISH IN MOROCCO

GAINING STRENGTH.

LONDON, April 22.

Madrid.—It is semi-oficially reported that the Spanish forces in Morocco continue to gain ground and are not meeting with much resistance. Insurgent losses yesterday are estimated at fifty killed and one hundred and fifty wounded.—Reuter.

OFFICIAL AND PERSONAL

A Dera Ismail Khan message of April 21st says:—The Commander-in-Chief arrived here to-day by air from Fort Sandeman, after completing the inspection of all Units in Sind, Baluchistan and Zhob areas. He proceeds to-morrow to Manzai and Jandola, before inspecting all other Units in Waziristan.

Khan Bahadur Abdulaziz Khan has been appointed by the Durbar to succeed Mr. Wilson as Agent, Mysore Railway, and Railway Secretary to the Mysore Government.—A. P.

SETTLEMENT IN SIGHT?

AGENT INVITES MR. V. PATEL

TO DISCUSS QUESTION OF RECOGNITION.

AHMEDABAD, April 22.

Mr. Vallabhbhai Patel, President of the B. B. and C. I. Railway Employees Association, has received a letter from the Agent of that Railway, inviting him for a general discussion at Bombay on the 27th instant in regard to the question of the recognition of the Association. In a circular letter issued to the members of the Association, Mr. Patel says that "as the Agent has been good enough to offer an opportunity for general discussion, there is yet hope of an amicable and honourable settlement of your just and legitimate demands."—A. P.

APPOINTMENT OF RT. HON. SASTRI.

INDIANS IN S. AFRICA OVERJOYED.

MADRAS, April 21.

Cabling to "The Hindu" from Durban, Mr. C. F. Andrews says that the Indian community is overjoyed at the statement that Mr. Srinivasa Sastri is to be appointed as Agent-General. Celebrations were held to congratulate Mr. Sastri on his decision to come out to South Africa despite the serious strain that it would involve on his health. No official news has been received, but the leading papers accept the statement as correct and express great satisfaction.—A. P.

INTERNATIONAL AIR CONFERENCE.

WOMEN'S AIRWORTHYNESS TO BE DISCUSSED

LONDON, April 21.

Rugby.—Important International Air Conference opens in London next Monday. Sir Philip Sassoon, Under-Secretary for Air, will preside. The Conference is one of the International meetings which are held half yearly. Thirty-one subjects are on the agenda embracing all aspects of air navigation including gyroplanes and parachutes. The Conference originally consisted only of representatives of Allied Powers but it has been extended to include representatives of other States also. Fifteen countries in addition to Great Britain and the Dominions have been invited to participate in this Conference. It thus becomes, in the true sense of word, an International Conference. One of the interesting subects on the agenda is that of competency of woman to pilot commercial aircraft. From a technical aspect one of the most important suggestions is that of standard International minimum requirements for the issue of certificates of airworthiness.—B. O. W.

STERLING PURCHASES BY PUBLIC TENDER

GOVERNMENT ATTITUDE WILL NOT INSPIRE CONFIDENCE.

LONDON, April 22.

The "Financial Times" commenting on the Government of India's decision to inaugurate the system of sterling purchases by public tender in India says that while the announcement will be welcomed as a somewhat belated concession to a not unreasonable demand for removal of what not unreasonable demand for removal of is admittedly a serious defect in the present system, the intimation that "on other days purchases will be made in accordance with the existing procedure" is likely to militate seriously against the success in practice, of the new arrangements. Any departure from the spirit, if not the letter of the Currency Commission's recommendations in that connection is scarcely likely to engender confidence that it is such a vital asset to the Government, in its financial transactions and a response to next Wednesday's offer will be awaited with considerable interest. Choice of the present moment as a suitable opportunity for the introduction of the new system has not unnaturally given rise to the suggestion that Sir Basil Blacket intends to use the experiment as an excuse for the acceptance of a considerably lower rate for balance of his sterling remittances.—Reuter.

BURMA OIL CO. STRIKE CONTINUES

MADRAS, April 21.

The strike of employees at the Burma Oil Company's installation at Tondiarpet continues. The Secretary of the B.O.C. Workmen's Union has written to the Press characterising the action of the manager as arbitrary.—A. P.

DETAILS OF MEXICO TRAGEDY

STORY OF INHUMAN DOINGS

GOVT. BENT ON EXTERMINATING BANDITS

LONDON, April 21.

Mexico City.—One hundred and thirty passengers perished in train hold-up on April 20th. President Calles has ordered the Minister of War personally to take charge of operations against the bandits and take them dead or alive. Ghastly stories of the outrage are related by survivors. The raid was evidently well planned. As the train approached Limon there was a tremendous crash and the engines and two coaches were derailed at the spot where the track had been torn up. The bandits poured a wild fusillade of bullets into the train. Military escort ofught valiantly for three and a half hours until the last soldier had been killed.

Bandits armed with knives and revolvers entered the train shooting and cutting the throats right and left. After scenes of terrible butchery they locked passengers in the coaches which were soaked with petrol and set on fire. Those attempting to escape from the blazing death-trap were either shot or had their skulls battered with butts of rifles. The whole sight was horrible. Blood and brains spattered the sides of the carriages, women soaked with petrol were writhing in torment amid the all-pervading odour of the burning of human flesh.—Reuter.

ADDRESS TO "SAK"

WORKERS AND PEASANTS PARTY'S CABLE

Mr. Mirajkar, the Secretary of the Workers and Peasants Party, Bombay, has sent the following cable to Councillor Chesterton, Labour Party, Town Hall, Battersea, London:—

"Workers and Peasants Party, Bombay, heartily joins with the Labour Party in presenting an address to Comrade Saklatvala and hopes, this will Cement Unity between British and Indian Workers."

The Bombay Chronicle

BUSINESS NOTICE.

BUSINESS communications of every kind (advertisements, changes of address, etc.) should be addressed to the MANAGER. Advertisements intended for insertion in the next day's paper must reach the office not later than 5 p. m.

ALL REMITTANCES should be made payable to the "Bombay Chronicle" and cheques crossed.

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1926. ANOTHER YEAR OF RECORD PROGRESS

NEW ASSURANCES { 1924 Rs. 2,37,34,000. } INCREASE Rs. 59,08,000. { 1925 Rs. 2,96,42,000. } { 1926 Rs. 3,91,39,000. } INCREASE Rs. 94,97,000.

THE FUNDS increased by Rs. 42 LAKHS to Rs. 7,38,80,000.
THE PREMIUM INCOME now exceeds Rs. 1,05,30,000 per annum.

BONUS TO POLICYHOLDERS declared at the last Valuation { Rs. 22½ per annum per Rs. 1,000 assured under WHOLE LIFE ASSURANCES { Rs. 18 per annum per Rs. 1,000 assured under ENDOWMENT ASSURANCES

THE NEXT VALUATION takes place as at 31st DECEMBER next and WITH PROFIT POLICIES effected before that date will be entitled to share in the DISTRIBUTION OF PROFITS of the current TRIENNIUM

PROSPECTIVE POLICYHOLDERS ARE URGED TO COMMUNICATE WITHOUT DELAY WITH THE HEAD OFFICE, ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY OR WITH ANY OF THE COMPANY'S OFFICES OR AGENTS.

SLAVERY ABOLISHED IN BALUCHISTAN

VICEREGAL APPRECIATION OF BALUCHI ADMINISTRATION

BRIGHT AGRICULTURAL EXPECTATIONS

QUETTA, April 21.

During the course of his speech at the Durbar held at Qutta on April 21, the Viceroy referred to the period of unrest that Baluchis had to pass through and Lord Chelmsford's visit. He said that the Government's attitude in regard to the criminal tribes on the borderland of India was that of conciliation, as a result of which he looked forward to a period of peace and goodwill. The Viceroy expressed his satisfaction at the loyalty and firmness showed by several Khans, Chiefs and Sardars in helping Government to achieve this purpose. He next referred to the civilising and reforming influence of the Burma Oil Company and the Lloyd Barrage and said that with the help of the canals, present uncertainty about crops would be removed. The Viceroy saw a great future for the Baluchis as a sequence of the watering of Baluchi lands with the help of the Sukkar Barrage Scheme.

KALAT STATE REFORMS.

The Viceroy next regretted the absence of the Khan of Kalat owing to reasons of health but spoke in appreciation of the reforms that His Highness brought about in his State. Finances of the State were based on a sound footing. Money was being spent on schools, hospitals, roads and buildings. Communication was becoming rapid and easy. All this, the Viceroy appreciated was due to His Highness' inspiration and efficiency of officials.

REMOVAL OF SLAVERY.

"Nothing perhaps could give better evidence of the improvement in the administration of the State of Kelat or the general contentment of the people than the issue of the decree by which His Highness the Khan has abolished slavery. From ancient times this cus- slavery existed in Kalat and men and women servants were in some cases the absolute property of their masters. The masters on their side had no corresponding obligations and could if they wished cast out their slaves unfed and unclothed to suit their own convenience or sell children away from their parents. This system had from time to time been made less rigorous but until last year it still existed with varying harshness in certain parts of the State. On 4th November 1926, His Highness signed a decree which in view of the importance I attach it I will quote in its very words "It is hereby decreed that from this day forth private property in Ghulam and Kaniz shall cease to exist throughout the Kalat State. Those Ghulam and Khaniz who so desire may remain with their masters but hereafter no man, woman or child shall be sold, bought, gifted or inherited nor shall they be forcibly separated from their kin." This decree which will bring happiness to many homes is proof of His Highness's wisdom and farsighted policy."—A. P.

RELEASE OF PAIGHA ESTATES.

MADRAS, April 21.

The Secunderabad correspondent of the "Mail" says the special commission appointed to inquire into the paigha estates affairs has concluded its labours. It is rumoured the estates would be released and the accumulation of paigah revenues to the extent of 60 lakhs will be kept intact as a reserve against famine and other contingencies like irrigation works.—Free Press.

PREPARATIONS FOR THE NEXT CONGRESS.

MADRAS, April 21.

Mr Sreenivasa Iyengar is busy preparing for the ensuing congress, which will meet this year here. Mr. Iyengar accompanied by a few swarajist leaders recently visited a number of places in the city to fix a spot for erection of the pandal of Congress, but no decision has been arrived at so far. It is hoped that the site will be decided upon before the first week of next month.—Free Press.

Cape Town.— The Earl of Athlone, the Civil air board and the Mayors of Cape Town and Wynberg welcomed the combined R.A.F. and South African Union Air Force flights formed being the fifth party of aviators to cover the Cairo-Cape route.—Reuter.

BELGAUM LETTER.

GANDHIJI PRESENTED A PURSE.

(From Our Correspondent.)

BELGAUM, April 19.

The last fortnight was comparatively a quiet one. Mahatmaji's continued ill-health robbed us of an eventful programme. The prevalence of cholera caused the conference of the District Postmen's Union to be postponed.

The 'Ramseva Sangha' a new institution on the lines of the Students Brotherhood and with a national outlook was inaugurated on the Gudi-Padva day. Mr. Deshpande Pleader, whose zealous and persistent efforts are responsible for the starting of this new istitution for the youth, has succeeded in starting a free reading-room and now wishes to devote his energies to inducing the youth of the town to regular physical exercise.

LECTURES ON SOCIALISM.

Mr. Kanade Shastri visited this place and delivered four public lectures in Socialism, Bolshevism and such other new world forces. The lectures which were full of information and knowledge were all delivered in his forceful and vehement style and were very much appreciated by the large audiences.

Mr. J. S. Karandikar of 'Kesari' Poona, delivered a public lecture on the 7th instant on 'Karmayoga' and experienced in his usual argumentative way the doctrine of the Geeta Rahasya.

On the 12th, at the Socials Club, Mr. Waghbat Deshpande of Satara spoke on the subject of 'Social Literature' and explained to the audience the real importance and place of the social novels of the late Mr. H. N. Apte. His was indeed a very able and instructive effort.

GANDHIJI'S RECEPTION.

Mahatmaji came down to this place from Amboli late yesterday morning. His health seemed to have improved a bit. At 8 p.m. in the evening there was a big meeting when he was presented with an address on behalf of the Belgaum Municipality and a purse of Rs. 3,000 and more on behalf of the residents of Belgaum and Shahapur. The address referred to his recent illness at the very commencement of his intended tour into the Karnatik and prayed to God that a leader, with his austere life and noble ideal, remained with us long to accomplish his task. It also referred to the fact of his movement being actively sympathised by Princes, chiefs and high personages and then intimated that the Belgaum Municipality had exempted 'Khaddar' from octroi duty henceforth. Mahatmaji accompanied by Mrs. Gandhi, his son Devidas and Gangadharrao left to-day morning for Nandi Hills—by the Bangalore Mail. The arrangements at the station were excellent and Mr. Suaes the popular station master was of much help.

KATHIAWAR WOMEN'S CONFERENCE.

PRESIDENT'S APPEAL FOR ADVANCEMENT OF GIRLS' EDUCATION.

(From Our Correspondent.)

RAJKOT, April 20.

The first sessions of the Kathiawar Stree Kelavan Sammelan (Women's Educational Conference) was held here on the 15th instant, Shrimati Rajkuverba the Yuveragni of Gondal presiding. A large number of women attended the sammelan.

CHAIRWOMAN'S SPEECH.

Mrs. Mangalagouri Chunilal Shroff, in welcoming those present on behalf of the Reception Committee said that the Sammelan was the first of its kind in Kathiawar and was convened with the object of considering the means of acceleration of female education in the province. In comparison with the percentage of female education in Gujarat and the Baroda State Kathiar was was nowhere. According to the Government report, out of every 1,000 women only 36 were educated in Kathiawar. The evil custom of the purdah and the disproportionate division of Kathiawar in different small States were the two great obstacles in the way of advancement of female education in Kathiawar. The purdah system had been universally acknowledged as barbarous and it was high time it was abolished.

As regards the other obstacle, Mrs. Shroff suggested that the rulers of the different States should co-operate in advancing female education in their territories and should start schools and colleges for girls and grown-up women wherever necessary. Early marriages should be made an impossibility in the Hindu society as they prevented girls from being educated. Reading rooms and libraries for women and children, boarding houses, schools and colleges exclusively for women were the urgent need of the day and Mrs. Shroff hoped that the Sammelan would arrive at definite decision which would suggest practical means of furthering the cause of women's education in Kathiawar. Concluding, Mrs. Shroff thanked Miss Premlila Mehta who had taken great pains in organising the Sammelan.

PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS.

Shrimati Rajkuverba was then formally proposed to the chair. Shrimati Rajkuverba said that the Sammelan which was the first of the kind in Kathiawar was a landmark in the history of female education and public activity in the history of Kathiawar which was generally considered as a land without public life. It was a pity that the constitution of the Hindu society was such as did not allow the society to look at the problems concerning women as problems of the society. "Women in Hindu society are not considered an integral factor of the society and it is upto the Hindu women of to-day to assert their rights," declared Miss Rajkuverba. She enumerated the evils of ignorance and illiteracy among women and described the miserable lot of those who were educated only in name. The first town to take an initiative in educating girls was Rajkot where the first girls' schools in Kathiawar was started as far as 1854. Since then there had been considerable advancement, but comparing it with the rapid progress in other parts of the world it was nothing.

START MORE GIRLS' SCHOOLS.

The ideal of female education was to mould the life of girls to make them a useful and an important factor in the society. A number of families were unhappy because of the ignorance and illiteracy of the womenfolk. It was grievance to women of the province to spend an amount of only about two lakhs for hem while more than fifteen lakhs of rupees were spent after education of boys. Concluding, Mrs. Rajkuverba urged the necessity of starting schools for girls in every village and to have schools and colleges exclusively for girls in towns and cities.

MR. SAVARKER IMPROVING.

BENARES, April 21.

Mr. Ganesh Damodar Savarkar, the Mahrashtra patriot, who was staying here under the treatment of Vaidyaraj Trimbak Shastri left to-day for Nagpur enroute to Bombay. He stayed here for more than three weeks and while he was slightly improving, the heat at Benares proved unbearable for him.

In Bombay he intends to continue taking the medicine prescribed by the Vaidyaraj. —Free Press.

ARYA MUSLIM RIOT CASE

C. I. D. SUPERINTENDENT EXAMINED

INDORE, April 21.

Before the special tribunal, trying the Arya-Muslim riot case to-day, cross-examination of Mr. Chatterjee, Superintendent, C. I. D. was continued this morning by Mr. Bharucha. The cross examination was directed towards eliciting the fact that the rioters first attacked Balwant Singh's house and set fire to a hay stack near his kitchen. They were then fired at. Witness also deposed to having recovered from the rioters afterwards double barrel guns, muzzle loading muskets, lathis, swords, knives and other weapons used in the course of the rioting. Questioned whether the accused had about a month or so previous to the riot complained to certain officers in his hearing, that Mahomedans led by Gulam Mahomed and Maulvi Abdul Gani were planning to do him harm, witness answered that the accused had made a complaint but witness did not remember the exact words.

The third prosecution witness Sub-Inspector Sathnarain referred to a statement made to him by Karimullah, who died on February 15th of a shot wound. The prosecution wished this statement to go in. The defence objected under section 162 C. P. C. After hearing counsel to-morrow, the tribunal promised to pass orders and the court then rose for the day.—(A. P.).

MORE ABOUT MEXCO ATROCITY

ESCAPE OF SOME PASSENGERS

LONDON, April 21.

Mexico City.—Despite fiendish ruthlessness of train bandits about half passengers escaped from blazing train at Limon, but it is believed that a hundred have perished. Fifty bodies have hitherto been recovered.

The office of President Calles has issued a statement blaming the "Catholic rebels" for crime and promising "energetic pursuit of priests who received instructions from the Episcopate in Mexico City." Eight Government aeroplanes have been ordered to the scene of the calamity to help in the search for bandits. Reuter.

To-day! Same boy 13 years ago.

Age 13. CYRIL D. COLSTON.

Age 5. Before Virol.

Age 5. After Virol.

Once a hopeless case

DOCTOR'S REPORT

3rd January, 1925

"In 1912 I made a report on the case of Cyril L. Colston, then of 13, Stoney Lane, Sparkbrook, Birmingham, as being a very striking example of the beneficial effects of VIROL in certain forms of malnutrition in children. Some rather remarkable photographs showing the boy 'before' and 'after' the addition of VIROL to his diet accompanied the report. Having regard to the very extraordinary condition of extreme emaciation shown in the 'before' photograph) it is of considerable interest to find that, at the age of 18, he is a normal healthy young adult, showing no trace of the period of strain to which his organism must have been subjected at the time of his illness at the age of 5.

An Extraordinary Recovery

"I enclose recent photographs for your inspection. It is to be noted that he is of average build and that his muscular system is well developed. He is mentally alert and his school life was quite normal. He gained several distinctions in athletics, and for one year held the swimming championship of his school. He is now engaged in the business of watchmaking, and is, I understand, a clever workman.

'Nothing less than a miracle'

"I need hardly say that his parents are highly delighted with the result, which they describe as nothing less than a miracle.

"From a medical point of view the case has been of considerable interest to me. I am fully satisfied that VIROL was the factor which enabled him as a child not only to turn the corner successfully in a very serious illness, but in subsequent years of development (during which he never ceased to take VIROL), enabled him to build up a healthy body and gave him a reserve of power and energy sufficient to compete successfully in athletics and to win a swimming championship." (Signed) ———, M.D.

VIROL

School Children need VIROL

40 million prescribed portions of Virol were given in 3,000 Hospitals and Clinics last year because of its remarkable influence on growing tissues.

VIROL LTD., HANGER LANE, EALING, LONDON, W.5, ENGLAND.

A delicate Boy

Kalzana is the building material of all body cells.

A lack of calcium in water and food, may lead to many serious complaints like anæmia, tooth decay, rickets, scrofula and general weakness.

A well-known physician, Dr. R. L. Kollewijn, writes: *"A calcium deficiency is very common in children. In these conditions, Kalzana nearly always acts with gratifying results and for this reason I prescribe it freely."*

Quickly growing children require an extra supply of calcium to build up and fortify the millions of cells of their body, particularly of bones and teeth.

Give your children Kalzana tablets. Then they will get the extra calcium, so vital for their health, in a combination which is easily taken up by the system. You will soon be able to see that—with Kalzana—they get new appetite, that their teeth become whiter and stronger and that their body-weight increases.

Kalzana

THE CALCIUM FOOD

Invaluable too for expectant and nursing mothers.

Made by the manufacturers of Sanatogen and Formamint.

Sold by all Chemists and Stores in packages containing 75 tablets.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

April 22.

S S Domala, Haughton, London.
S S City of Dunedin, Johnston, New York.
S S Bandra, McLean, Buereh.
S S Rawalpindi, Redhead, London.

DEPARTURES.

April 23.

S S Rajputana, Cadiz, London.

LOADING.

April 22.

Steamer Varela for Busreh.
Steamer Rawalpindi for London.

S S Domala: The M M and Co.'s steamer Domala, arrived in harbour yesterday from London with a general cargo and passengers.

S S City of Dunedin: The F F Campbell Co.'s steamer City of Dunedin, arrived in harbour yesterday from New York, with a general cargo.

S S Bandra: The B I S N Co.'s steamer Bandra arrived in harbour yesterday from Busreh with a general cargo and passengers.

S S Vita: The B I S N Co.'s Karachi mail steamer Vita will arrive to-day from Karachi with mail, a general cargo and passengers.

S S Varela: The B I S N Co.'s steamer Varela will arrive today from Busreh with a general cargo and passengers.

ENGLISH MAIL REPORT.

The P and O S N Co.'s English mail steamer Rajputana, will sail to-day from Ballard Pier Station at about 1 p.m. for London, with the homeward mails, a general cargo and passengers.

EXPORTS.

April 22.

S S Brittania for Liverpool:—150 bales hemp F F Campbell and Co, 86 bales wool raw D Koondenmal and Co., 105 bales wool raw A Salemohamed and Co., 61 bales wool raw W Latham and Co., 2400 cwt linseed oil cakes N V Velmohamed, 6 bales wool raw H R Rahamanbhai, 26 bales wool raw Cox and King's Shipping Agency Ltd., 15 bales wool raw P Rowjibhoy, 42 bales wool raw C Ramswaroop, 4 bales wool raw K Rikabdas, 71 bales wool raw C Ganshandas, 55 bales wool raw R Soni, 10 bales wool raw V Oomersey.

For Marseilles: 1000 cwt castorseed Ralli Bros., 90 bales goat skins Campaigne Francse.

For Philadelphia: 79 cks goat skins Briskey and Co.

S S Birkenfels for Antwerp:—100 bales hemp J N Capadia and Co., 100 cwt gum karaya Y Moosabhoy.

For Hamburg: 120 bales raw cotton Union Cotton Co Ltd., 57 bales goat hair H R Rahamanbhai, 54 bales cotton fly P Jathabhai and Co., 168 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros.

For Ghent: 55 bales raw cotton Louis Dreyfus and Co.

S S Clan Keath for Antwerp: 2000 tons manganese ore Cox and King's Shipping Agency Ltd.

S S Rodderkerk for Hamburg: 75 bales hemp F F Campbell and Co., 56 bales cotton Ralli Bros, 165 bales cotton T M Kaisha Ltd.

For Ghent: 110 bales raw cotton Volkart Bros.

For Antwerp: 500 tons manganese ore K M Nathoo, 175 bales raw cotton Ralli Bros.

For Rotterdham: 1050 cwt linseed oil cakes S Banister and Co., 28 bales raw cotton Ralli Bros.

S S Aquilia for Genova: 2000 cwt. linseed Ralli Bros., 50 tons old cast iron K M Nathoo.

For Piraeus: 20 bales cotton yarn D Sassoon and Co Ltd.

S S Capodemonte for Genova: 50 tons old iron scraps and plates, K M Nathoo, 1000 cwt linseed Ralli Bros.

IMPORTS.

April 22.

S S Kaiser-i-Hind from London. Agents: M M and Co.:—15 bales woollens, 10 cases fruit salt, 46 cases dried milk food, 169 cases and 18 pkgs confectionary, 44 cases boot polish, 25 cases quinine, 16 cases chalk, 50 cases medicinal goods, 17 cases chocolates, 73 cases medicines, 73 cases grape water, 8 cks fire bricks, 8 cases plumbago circles, 75 cases beer, 79 cases electric lamps, shades and holds, 24 cases arrowroot, 47 cases olive oil, 158 cases castor oil, 8 cases groceries, 58 cases epsom salt, 46 cases pickles, 13 cases tanned fish, 58 cases pearl barley, 149 cases biscuits, 92 cases oat meal, 43 bags sugar, 50 cases syrup, 81 cases salt, 16 cases cocoa and chocolates, 41 cases vineyan, 111 cases sauce, 72 cases jams, 254 cases lime juice, 25 cases corn flour, 49 cases herrings, 254 bags gpm false, 10 cases bacon, 308 cases cigarettes, 10 cases Spratts, 9 cks ink in bottles, 11 cases drapery, 12 cases and 31 pkgs glass panes, 10 cases blacking. 19 cases rivets, 48 coils and 2 drums copper wire, 15 cases cables, 31 cases and 5 cts railway material, 12 cases glass jars, 14 cases provisions and confectionary, 8 cases pepper, 20 cases cocoa, 204 cases cheese, 30 cases flowering essence, 2498 cases brandy, 17 cases raw ivory, 65 cases cotton goods, 11 cases sewing cotton, 25 cases white stones, 23 cases books, 107 pkgs wireless apparatus.

When You Spend so much for Your Clothes why not be certain that they are made by artistic Tailor

ARAUJO FERNANDES & CO.

MERCHANT TAILORS,

PRINCESS STREET . BOMBAY

Eczema, Rashes

Sores & Eruptions Soon Heal when the Blood is cleansed with

Clarke's Blood Mixture

"In 3 weeks my face was entirely cleared."

Mr. Charles S. Abbott, of 28, Rendlesham Road, Clapton, London, England, writes:—

"In July last I contracted a very bad attack of Barber's Rash. My face was covered with the sore places and was very painful and swollen. I attended a hospital for some time, undergoing electric treatment, etc., without any appreciable result. Then a member of the family persuaded me to try a bottle of Clarke's Blood Mixture. The first two bottles stopped all the discharge and the swelling vanished. In 3 weeks my face was entirely cleared and no trace of the complaint has ever reappeared."

Profit by Mr. Abbott's Experience and

Start Cleansing Your Blood to-day

Of all Dealers—Sole Wholesale Agents for India, Burma and Ceylon: Messrs. G. ATHERTON & Co., Calcutta and Rangoon.

Just as good for Abscesses, Ulcers, Bad Legs, Piles, Swollen Glands, Rheumatism & Gout

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Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

April 22,

		Rs.	a.	p.
KHADI:—	Per lb			
Textile	„	0	11	6
Century	„	0	10	9
Jacob	„	0	11	0
E. D. Sassoon	„	0	10	6
Apollo	„	0	10	9
LONG CLOTH (Full weight) 34/40 In;				
Standard Mill ..	Per lb	0	15	0
Century 91 1/2-92 1/2 ..	„	0	14	9
Century 6404-8705 ..	„	0	15	6
Hindustan Mill ..	„	0	15	6
Fazal (Mahal) ..	„	0	15	0
Phoneix	„	0	15	3
Pabaney (Phoolmala) ..	„	0	14	6
Maneckji (Patangia) ..	„	0	14	9
Kaliamardan	„	0	14	9
Daud Sahib	„	0	14	6
Ganga Ghat	„	0	14	6
LONG CLOTH(Light weight)No. 5202/5303				
Rachael Mill	„	0	15	6
Hindustan Mill	„	0	15	0
David Mill	„	0	15	6
Apollo Mill	„	0	15	6
Moon Mill	„	0	15	6
LONG CLOTHx Quality:—				
Swan Finlay	„	0	14	3
Gold Mohor	„	0	14	0
LONG CLOTH Satin Calender 34-42 In:—				
Textile (Hand) ..	per lb.	0	14	3
Spring (Merchant) ..	„	0	14	3
Century (Bugle)	„	0	14	6
Apollo (Pyala)	„	0	14	3
Tata Mill (Darji) ..	„	0	14	3
Sakuntala	„	0	14	6
Sundari Brand	„	0	14	0
Globe	„	0	13	9
Rachael	„	0	13	9
Palkhi	„	0	14	3
Maher	„	0	14	6
Kechhwa	„	0	14	0
LEPAD:—				
Spring	„	0	14	6
Textile	„	0	14	6
Century	„	0	14	0
DHOOTIES 7, 8, 9 Yards:—				
Spring (Balance) ..	„	1	0	6
Jacob	„	1	0	0
Century	„	1	0	6
Mun Mill	„	1	0	6
DHOOTIES 10 Yards:—				
Spring (Balance) ..	„	0	15	6
Century	„	0	15	6
Jacob	„	0	15	0
Mun Mill	„	1	0	0
1386 Tata	„	2	13	0
CHECK GREY DRILL x lbs. 5:—				
Bombay Cotton ..	Per piece	3	13	0
Jamshed	„	3	13	0
Century	„	4	4	0
Pearl Pabaney ..	„	4	1	0
Hindustan No. 962	„	4	1	0
BLACK CHECK				
5800 Sholapur ..	„	10	5	0
58000 Kurla ..	„	8	2	0
1325 Morarji ..	„	5	6	0
GABRUN No. 5124				
Pearl Pabaney ..	„	7	6	0
Hindustan ..	„	7	6	0
E. D. Rachael ..	„	6	4	0
SALITA:—				
Century	„	0	14	6
Spring (Merchant)	„	0	14	6
STRIPPED SADIS Yards 12:—				
777 Kohinoor	Per piece	2	5	0
777 Crescent ..	„	2	3	6
Apollo David ..	„	2	3	0
DUKDI Yards 12-13-14:—				
Kanta	per lb	1	2	0
Phoenix	„	1	2	0
Kohinoor	„	1	2	0
Tata	„	1	2	0

SUGAR MARKET REPORT.

Bombay, April 22.

During the Easter Holidays our market waes practically closed and opened quiet after the Holidays with fair demand for ready Sugars and with quiet news from Java dealers were not in a word to do any business annd the wek passed without anything doing. There is no more freight available for April Shipment and Newerup was quite neglected as there are no bukers.

...arachi and Calcutta reported steady markets after the Holidays with good demand for ready Sugars and prices have improved a little with fair business doing.

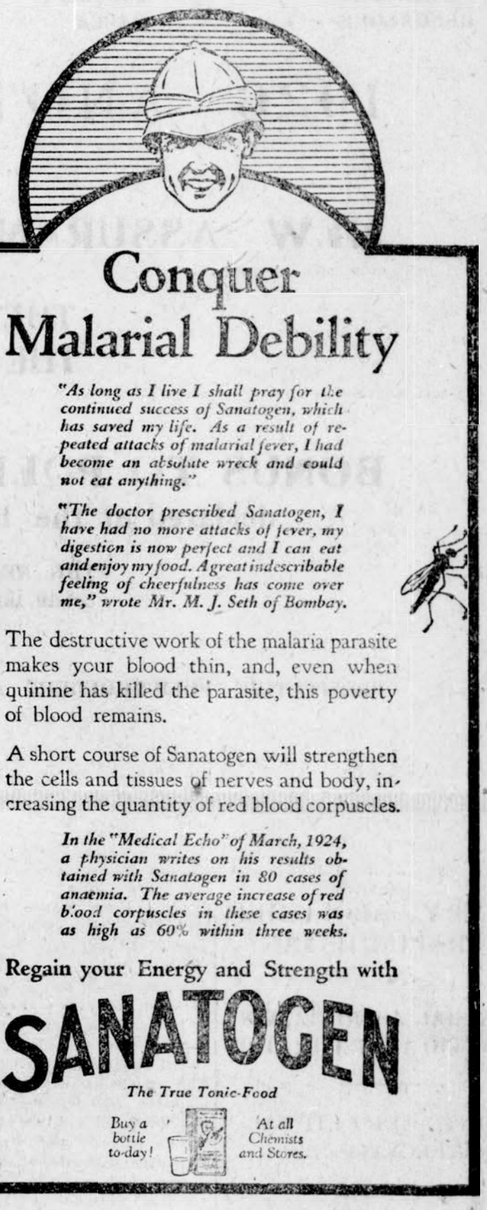
Java reported a quiet market after the Holidays with Japnese free sellers and small business doing.

London and America reported small fluctuations with Vttle business doing.

On the whole the week passed off without any business to reports.

The following are the Bazar rates and stocks:—

T M O Rs. 16/7/0 16/10 F B Harbour stocks 140,000 Bags.
,, March 16/10 F B Harbour.
,, April 16/11 F B Oarbour.
,, June 16/9 F B Harbour.
,, July/Sept. 16/6 F B Harbour.
Beet Rs. 16/8 16/10 F B Harbour.



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"The doctor prescribed Sanatogen, I have had no more attacks of fever, my digestion is now perfect and I can eat and enjoy my food. A great indescribable feeling of cheerfulness has come over me," wrote Mr. M. J. Seth of Bombay.

The destructive work of the malaria parasite makes your blood thin, and, even when quinine has killed the parasite, this poverty of blood remains.

A short course of Sanatogen will strengthen the cells and tissues of nerves and body, increasing the quantity of red blood corpuscles.

In the "Medical Echo" of March, 1924, a physician writes on his results obtained with Sanatogen in 80 cases of anaemia. The average increase of red blood corpuscles in these cases was as high as 60% within three weeks.

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LARKHANA RIOT AND AFTERMATH.

MUSLIM LEADERS' STATEMENT.

The following is a summary of the text of a statement issued by Khan Bahadur Bhrto, Messrs. Noor Mahomed, Gulah Mahomed Isran, Members of the Bombay Council, and Sardar Wahid Bux and Seth Haji Abdulla Haroon, members of the Assembly; regarding the recent Larkhana riot. The statement reviews at length the causes of the disturbance and the facts relating thereto:

The signatories state that about twenty years ago a Hindu woman with three children, two sons and a daughter, embraced Islam. The woman married a Mussalman in village Garrelo in his Larkana District. She got her son married to the niece of her Mussalman husband and also married her daughter in a Mussalman family. The woman lived a happy life with her Mussalman husband to whom she bore three more sons, at present aged fourteen, eleven and seven years respectively. After the lapse of all this time all of a sudden an application was made to the District Magistrate, Larkhana, for the release of the former daughter of this woman on the ground that she was wrongfully confined. Curiously enough all the members of the above family were brought to Larkana by the Hindu Sabhawalas and Arya Samajists and lodged in a house provided by them, whence the chief member of the family was immediately driven away. This man applied to the Sub-Divisional Magistrate for restoring to him his three Mussalman children and his Mussalman niece wrongfrlly confined by Hindus They were produced before the magistrate on the evening of the 28th March. The children made piteous appeals to the magistrate to be handed over to their father, wept bitterly in open court in the presence of all assembled and recited verses from the Koran to convince the magistrate of their being Mussalmans. But the magistrate ordered the police to give them back to the Hindus.

Hearing this order the children, three sons and one girl, clinged round the neck of their father and when forcibly separated, caught hold of chairs and tables and kept on crying and weeping all the time. In this condition they were handed over to the Hindus as ordered by the court. This scene created a sensation throughout the town.

To move the District Magistrate about one thousand Mussalmans including several hundred boys assembled on the following morning in his bungalow and appealed for his intervention. The District Magistrate promised legal help and asked the crowd to repair to Khan Bahadur Amirali's garden where negotiations were in progress between the Hindu and Muslim leaders for the restoration of the children to the father. Half of the gathering went away to their homes and the rest went to the garden where the District Magistrate also soon arrived. These negotiations were hanging for previous three four days and restoration of the children was being put off by the Hindus from morning to evening and evening to morning in order to gain time to win over the children to make a statement about their future custody in their favour. The leading Mussalmans then present and the District Magistrate persuaded the men to remain calm and await restoration of the children.

A FALSE ALARM.

Meanwhile in another part of the town a Hindu started teasing and assaulting Mussalman passers-by in the bazar and severely injured one Mussalman whose injuries bled. This news reached the crowd at the garden with the exaggeration that the injured person was a Syed and was killed. Upon hearing this gathering got instantaneously out of control and though every effort was made to pacify them they rushed though the main bazaar hitting more Hindus who came across their path and damaged any thing that caught their eye.

The District Magistrate who closely followed the crowd sent the police out in the town with the Residence Magistrate but luckily the crowd made no stand anywhere and the wave of disturbance subsided in about twenty minutes. The disturbance over a crop of arrests began to be gathered. Mr. Rupchand, Resident Magistrate, and Mr. Ramnath, Sub-Inspector, accompanied by Hindu Sanghatanists went about the town arresting any Mussalman they met till late in the evening and though it was understood the Resident Magistrate would go to the police station and release those innocently arrested everyone was put in the lock-up. Here ends the lengthy summary of the lengthy statement issued by some Mussalman members of the Bombay Council and Assembly.

I have myself visited Larkhana and varified their statements. The reports about the insecurity of Hindu life and property in the town and outlying villages after the disturbance as circulated by a section of the Hindu press are found on enquiry to be totally baseless, untrue and maliciously false and the work of Mussalman zemindars and leading men in the province is being rendered more difficult than ever by the publication of such false news. Government has failed in its obvious duty to stop the circulation of admittedly false news about loot and murder which only serves to create alarm in the minds of the people In spite of the determined efforts of the Hindu Mahasabha and Samajist politicians and their press to create a state of panic and a sense of insecurity all over Sind the Mussalman population has kept its head cool and no untoward incident has taken place anywhere in or outside Larkana after the disturbance wherein any Mussalman can be blamed. On the other hand Hindus are adopting a militant attitude in all matters. They cannot tolerate any Mussalman even showing sympathy with the insocent and mud is thrown on any leading Mussalman who ventures to open his mouth in defence of those wrongly arrested.

The insinuations against Mr. Mahomed Ayub Khuro, M.L.C., are an instance of this kind. The militant Hindu politician is out to make the most of this disturbarbasce though it is admitted by all impartial men that it was unpremeditated and damage to the property was insignificant. The Muslim leaders have unreservedly condemned the disturbance and expressed their sympathy with all those who have in any way suffered and made an earnest appeal for amicable settlement. There are only six injured persons, five Hindus and one Mussalman, in the hospital and the loss of one life is greatly deplored by all sections. I join in the appeal of the Mussalman leaders to the Hindus to help us in maintaining harmonious relation.

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Yours faithfully,
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VISIT TO SUKKUR BARRAGE PROJECT.

APPREHENSIONS ABOUT THE SCHEME

(From a Correspondent.)
KARACHI, April 14.

When at Sukur, I went to see the progress of Work in conection with one of the Biggeste Projects, namely the Sukkur Barrage Project. Mr. A. A. Musto, Supt., Engineer, Sukkur Barrage took me round to show me the Right Bank Division. Several kinds of huge machinery is being used on the above works; some machinery is being use for drying the bed of the River, the other is being used for excavating, one sort of machinery is being used for machinery work and the being used for necessary work and the stone-cutting. Before the actual work of the Project was taken in hand many preliminaries were to be completed. For instance a big Wharf was to be made on both sides of the River to facilitate Work. Bread-guage and Narrow-guage Railways were to be provided for carrying lime, Stones, Cement Blocks, Cement, Etcs., Etc., right up to the Works. All these preliminaries took a pretty long time to complete. It is therefore that some of the memebers of the Public are of opinion that there was no progress of work. But thev seemed to forget that unless a scheme is well-founded, unless the preliminaries of a particular project are complete, it is impossible to complete the whole scheme quickly. Now as far as I could see the preliminaries of the Sukkur Barrage Project are all complete and the work is actually taken up in hand.

Three big canals are under construction on the Right Bank Division and the work is in progress Two of the Canals are even bigger than the Suez Canal. The work of the Regulators over the three above canals will be complete by May next i.e. before the River rises. The officers, contractors, and surveyers are busy at work night and day.

After I had seen the works on the Bank of the River I was taken by Mr. Odwin Taylor, Executive Engineer to see the Power House. He also showed me the place where lime is made and the big ten ton Blocks (cement) are made. This portion of work was also being done on a very large scale.

LEFT BANK DIVISION.

On the left bank division, 4 canals are under construction namely, (1) Rohri canal, (12 spans of 25 feet each. (2) Khairpur Feeder East (2 spans of 25 feet each.) (3) Eastern Nara Regulator (16 spans of 25 feet each) and (4) Khairpur Feeder West (the work of this canal will start next year.) The Rohri Canal Regulator is completed up to Floor-level, Khairpur feeder East and Eastern Nara Regulator: The masonary work is in progress and will be completed by 15th or 20th of April up to Floor-level. Proper superstructure of Piers etc., will be started, which is anticipated to be completed by 15th of May. The Machines for extracting the coffer damn piles are quite ready and as soon as the River water will show the sign to rise to a considerable height temperary coffer-damn piles will be extracted. Four pile-driving plants were working to drive permanent piles below the regulators up to 30th March they have almost completed the work and now the pile-driving machines are being taken out from the foundation on high level to keep them aside for next year's work. Permanent pile-driving has been very successful. Mr. M. P. Mathrani, Executive Engineer, was in charge of Left Bank Division, Mr. Mahomedin, Asst. Engineer was also in charge of of the above works. Contractors for the above works are Messrs. The All India Construction Co. of Bombay. A model nose of a cut Water Pier on the Left Bank which is quite a novel thing, which is to facilitate to enter the clear water into the canal and to leave the silt aside on the Bank.

The Stone Cutting and Stone Dressing Depot is also worth seeing. As big stone-blocks are brought from the Rohri Quaries (stone) to the above Depot, they are cut into small blocks and dressed there.

ROHRI STONE QUARRIES.

For Sukkur Barrage Project stone is not imported frrm any outside place, but several Stone-Quaries are constructed in different parts. The most interesting of which is the Rohri Stone-Quary, which Mr. Lewis took me round to show. It was a piece of work organised on a grand scale.

Big blocks of stone are being cut by means of Machinary which is partly run by Steam and partly run by compressed Air. Several big Cranes are used for lifting the big Blocks of Stones as soon as they are cut and putting them on the Railway Trucks.

After having seen every bit of the work in connection with the Sukkur Barrage Scheme, I feel and I think, the work is really in Progress. No doubt the preliminaries have taken a pretty long time to complete than they ought to have taken.

GOKAK NEWS.

NEW H IGH SCHOOL OPENED

(From Our Correspondent.)
GOKAK, April 20.

For long, people of the town and taluka of Gokak felt the necessity of a full pledged High School members of the Gokak Municipality including Messrs. Kalpavriksh and Mahajan and now with a matriculation class added, the High School has become an accomplished fact.

The beautiful building shows itself very prominently when a birds eye view of Gokak is taken from the hill nearly. It is a very enviable situation, being within the town but still without it. It is situated near the river Ghatprabha. The administration of the school is in the hands of a competent staff..

Cholera has now completely subsided. There was not single new attack in the last week. Small-pox epidemic has also subsided. The hot season has begun to make its presence felt.

CO-OPERATIVE MEETING.

A preliminary meeting of all the leading co-operators of the Belgaum District was held here under the Chairmanship of Mr. D. K. Patil, Hon. Organiser of Co-operative Societies. It was resolved in the said meeting that on behalf of the Belgaum branch of the Bombay Provincial Co-operative institute, the Belgaum District Co-operative Conference should be held this year at Gokak during the 1st week of June next. Mr. D. K. Patil was elected to be the chairman of the Reception Committee of the Conference.

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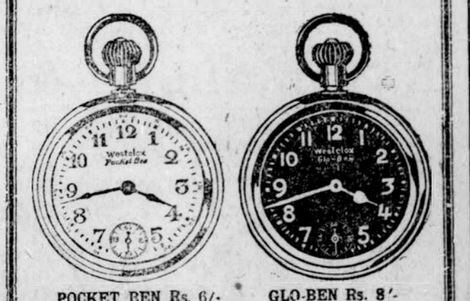

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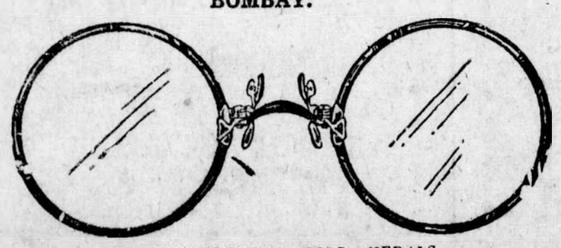

AWARDED SEVERAL GOLD MEDALS.

INDORE LETTER.

MULHARRAO HOLKAR ANNIVERSARY

(From Our Correspondent.)
IDNORE, April 21.

Shri Muni Maharaj Jagat Ramji of Chatri Baug Ashram and Pundit Narayan Prasad the Karbhari of senior Dewas State, were keenly interested in conducting a Gurukul at Indore, for several years. Sir Hukumchand, the multi-milionaire of Indore, recently gave his capacious building near Rao Hill for this Gurukul. Last Monday witnessed the opening ceremony of this useful itnstitution. There were present about 1,000 guests, among whom H. H. the Maharaja Senior Dewas, Divan Narayan Prasad, Divan S. M. Bapna, Sirdar Kibe, Dr. Sarju Prasad, and Prof. Johari Muni Maharaj Shri Jagatramji occupied the chair. The Muni Maharaj in his address gave the history of the Gurukul institution and after praising Sir Hukumchand for his munificence called upon the guests for financial help. Prof. Johari, Pundit Ramchandra Sharma, Dr. Sarju Prasad, Divan Narayan Prasad, also made speeches praising the present managers for the good work done by them without any trumpeting. At the request of the Muni Maharaj, H. H. the Maharaja of Dewas performed the opening ceremony. At present there is arrangefent for 25 boarders, at this boarding school at an expense of Rs. 700 per month. Indorians think how good it would be if the State helped liberally such useful institutes instead of squandering lakhs of rupees on Malhar Asram.?

Thakur Umedsingh, the preacher who was convicted by the Indore City Magistrate, has put in an appeal before the Session Court. Application will be put in next week for his release on bail.

The Central India and Rajputna Theosophical Federation met in sessions here on the 14th and 15th instant under the presidentship of Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas M.L.A. About 50 delegates were present.

Malharrao Holker's Anniversary falls due on the 12th instant of next month, and the celebration committee has been arranging an interesting programme. A meeting of this Committee was held last week under the presidency of Sirdar Chagan, the eldest brother-in-law of the ex-Maharaja. It is arranged to convene a public meeting in the Indore Town Hall on the 12th May when speakers will address on the deeds of valour displayed by Malharrao, the founder of Holker raj in Central India.

The Ex- Maharaja who is in Europe has sent a cable to Nathoo Huzariaha from Nice, calling him back to Paris. This Huzariaha had, returned to India only last month and was on a few months' leave.

Raj Narayan Singhal, translator attached to Legal Remembrance's office, is given the acting appointment of Judge Small Court. Mr. Singhal is the nephew of Raj Ram Sarup Bahadur, Survey Settlement Commissioner. The claims of several senior munsuffs and magistrates who are most of them Deccan Brahmins have been set aside. This injustice has caused much discontent in the Judicial Department. Will the new A. G. G. look into this matter?

BID FOR POLO SUPREMACY.

PONIES AND FUNDS FROM INDIA.

Through the generosity of the Maharajah of Jodhpur, Britain is to offer a serious challenge to American a premacy at polo, says the "Weekly Despatch" The Maharaja is an enthusiastic follower of the game, and his clever team created a sensation when they played in England in 1925.

It has long been the desire of polo enthusiasts that Britain should send a really first class team out to the States with some chance of success, and the Prince of Jodhpur has now offered a donation of ten thousand rupees towards the cost and, in addition, the use throughout the tour of twenty picked ponies from his famous stables.

The team, which is to be selected from our army in India, will sail in April and stay in this country for further team practice and games until the first week's in July, when they will proceed to America.

Forty-five ponies will be shipped, in three batches,

COLOUR BAR IN LONDON.

To The Editor of 'The Chronicle."

Sir,—Some of the recent discussions with regard to the position of Indians in the Colonies appear to give an impression that things are getting quite satisfactory for Indians going there. The impression is, of course quite erroneous; and we need not halloo till we are out of the woods. At the same time, such wrong impressions about the Colonies are accompanied by even a more wrong impression about the position of things in the United Kingdom. The colour distinction is, I admit, not so much there as that prevailing in the Colonies or even in the United States of America for example. But that there is the colour distinction to some extent there is the least about, and the efforts of men like Lord Sydenham, Sir Michael O'Dwyer and men of that species go to enhance such a colour distinction. I shall quote to you here a sentence from the letter of a brother of a friend of mine received recently from London:

"My first programme was go to the Alexandra Palace Rink, where.....was also coming. But I was not allowed to go in, as I am coloured man."

This shows that there are certain places in London, the capital of the British Empire which are even now closed to coloured men with all the tall talk about Empire and the rights of Imperial citizenship. —Yours etc.

J. K. MEHTA.

Bombay, April 21.

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Cocogem is absolutely free from any preservative or other chemicals of any kind and is sold in tins perfectly sealed so that you are safeguarded against dust, dirt and contaminating contact.

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Cocogem demands a more conspicuous place in every household as it supplies every need of the cook.

Cocogem is more digestible than butter or ghee and is economically better and nutritionally at least as good.

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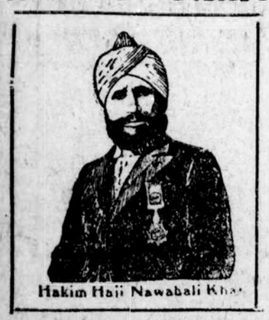

Hakim Haji Nawabali Khan

My brother Haji Ahmed have come down all the way to Bombay from our Native Country for treatment of Piles. The unanimous recommendation of the Doctors whom he consulted was injection and operation, but my brother did not approve of any such treatment having meantime learnt through advertisements about the arrival of the world-renowned Hakim Haji Nawabali Khan Saheb, Cutch Castle, Sandhurst Bridge, Bombay No. 4. I took my brother to him; after a thorough examination Hakim Saheb undertook to cure my brother within a maximum period of twelve days. Even though our hearts were not at ease over this assurance, we commenced the treatment putting our faith in God Almighty. By the grace of God Hakim Saheb's treatment had the miraculous effect, the flow of blood being stopped within three days and the piles falling off within ten days.

It was a complete cure. Ever since then our faith in the efficacy of Hakim Saheb's treatment is so throughly established that we have been confidently and successfully placing cases of all sorts of ailments, of friends and relatives, under his treatment

We are convinced about equally good results attending all that cases under his treatment.

HAJI AHMED KAZAM,
BROTHER, HAJI ABDULLA KAZAM, AGENT,
Sitaram Building, Crawford Market, Bombay.

"A VENOMOUS ATTACK."

KERALA CONFERENCE PRESIDENTIAL SPEECH.

"The Trbune" writes:

The venomous attack made by Mr. B. G. Horniman upon the Congress party in our Legislatures in his Presidential speech at the Kerala Provincial Conference will surprise no one who has been a reader of the "Indian National Herald" during the last four months. At what precise point of time Mr. Horniman first fell out with this party we ourselves are not close enough readers of his paper to know. What we do know is that since the Gauhati Congress refused to pass any resolution about the restoration of the Maharajah of Nabha and Pandit Motilal Nehru, the accredited leader of the Congress Party in the Legislatures, made a famous speech, the "Indian National Herald" has missed no opportunity of having a fling at the party and its leader. We do not say that the attack has been indefensible in all cases. In some cases it has been quite legitimate and in one or two matters we have ourselves supported it. What has been peculiar about the "Herald" is not its criticism of the Congress party and its conduct but the too evident bitterness that has characterised it, and the personal rancour exhibited by the journal against the leaders of the party generally and Pandit Nehru in particular.

This is also our chief objection to the Presidential address. It is impossible to go through the telegraphic summary of the address, which we have published yesterday, without being driven to the conclusion that some thing more than a mere difference of opinion divides the speaker from the objects of his criticism. On no other hypothesis can one understand his wholesale condemnation of the party and the language of virulence in which that condemnation is couched. So inveterate, indeed, is his hatred of the party that he is not even careful about the correctness of his allegations. "He was a witness", he said, "to what was happening at the last session of the Assembly and it appeared to him that Congress members instead of following a policy of uncompromising obstruction, as resolved by the Gauhati Congress, were adopting a mode of conduct by which they were actually co-operating with a system of government which they wanted to abolish." Even the most ordinary care would have prevented the speaker from perpetrating so manifest an absurdity. So far from laying down a policy of uncompromising obstruction, the Gauhati Congress carefully and scrupulously avoided even the use of the word "obstruction." It deliberately made the refusal of supplies and the throwing out of budgets subject to the proviso that it should be open to the Congress members to "support measures and bills which were necessary for the growth of national life and the advancement of the economic, agricultural, industrial and commercial interests of the country." The question as to who brought forward these measures whether an elected representative of the people or the bureaucracy, was expressly treated as immaterial. This one fact, to our mind, conclusively disproves Mr. Horniman's allegation about the Gauhati Congress having adopted a policy of uncompromising obstruction.

CRICKET AND SNOBBERY IN INDIA

MR. GILLIGAN'S OUTSPOKEN PROTEST.

In an interview with a representative of the "Observer" Mr. Gilligan Captain of the M. C. C. team said he thought it was a great pity that the example of the Viceroy and the Governors was not followed by certain of the clubs, especially in two well-known Indian cities. "The Viceroy, who took the greatest personal interest in the them and the tour," he said, "received us at dinner at the Viceregal Lodge at Delhi, and invited three amateurs and three professionals to stay at the Viceregal Lodge at Delhi, and invited three amateurs and three professionals to stay at the Viceregal Lodge as his guests. Governors of the various States did the same thing, and yet in two cities—obviously I cannot mention names—the professionals were entirely ignored.

"Amateurs were asked to be honorary members of the clubs, but the professionals were not, and this spirit of snobbery was not only grossly discourteous to the M. C. C. but especially so to Lord Harris, a former Governor of Bombay, who had written to India before the tour began asking everyone to make the team happy and comfortable."

Mr. Gilligan said that the ignoring of the professionals in certain instances was treated in a very firm manner. "I had made up my mind before we reached India," he said, "that any invitations must be for the whole team. We were not going to tolerate any distinction. This ignoring of the professionals, and the discomfort of much of the rolling stock in which we had to travel, which was not fit to put sheep into, were the only disturbing features of what was essentially a most enjoyable tour.

"I cannot say enough in thanks to the many people who went out of their way to make our stay in India a pleasant one. This applies with added force to the Maharaja of Patiala and the Jam Sahib of Nawanagar. At Patiala, where there is probably the best appointed cricket ground in all India, we had a really wonderful time. It was here that George Geary shot a panther after spending two nights with Sandham up a tree in a Maahan. The usual goat was tethered to a tree to attract the panther, and on the first night this animal actually went to sleep while waiting to be devoured.

GHORUPDEO SCHOOL PRIZE DISTRIBUTION.

The ceremony of distributing the prizes to the students who were successful in the Annual Examination of the Free Night School conducted at Ghorupdeo by the Girni Kamgar Mahamandal, took place on Sunday last.

The President addressing the school boys said:—

"You are learning the three "R's" here and you must be thankful to the promoters of this institution for their efforts for you.

The books selected for distribution as prizes are such as will be useful for school study in the next standard, and this arrangement is really good as it will help the poor boys who cannot afford to buy books for their study. This school gives you one more advantage of teaching you English, which will be useful to those of you who wish to confine to mill-work. Though the prizes are by no means numerous the fact that the same have been purchased out of the small fund collected by 4 annas subscription is both creditable and admiring. In addition, I give you Rs. 60 for boys learning English and Rs. 80 for those learning Vernacular. I lastly wish your institution all success and prosperity."

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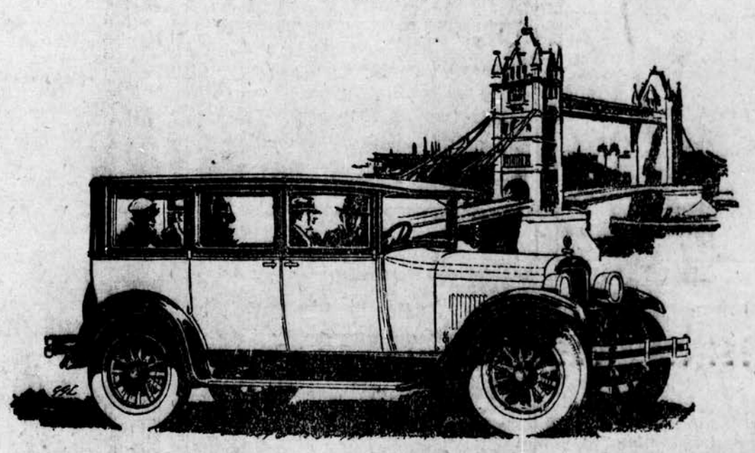

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TESTIMONIAL.
Col. D. Dawes pelly Bart. B.A., M.D. L.L.D., P.H.D., B.M.S., Madras.
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